CITY OF LEMOORE CALIFORNIA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

CITY OF LEMOORE CALIFORNIA

JUNE 30, 2014

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CITY OF LEMOORE CALIFORNIA

JUNE 30, 2014

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable City Council of the City of Lemoore Lemoore, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lemoore, California (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lemoore, California, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

677 Scott Avenue Clovis, CA 93612

tel 559.299.9540 fax 559.299.2344

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the schedule of funding progress for pension plans on page 50, information related to the modified approach for City infrastructure capital assets on pages 51-52, and the budgetary comparison information on pages 53-54 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 23, 2015, on our consideration of the City of Lemoore, California's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Lemoore, California's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clovis, California March 23, 2015

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF LEMOORE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

	G	overnmental Activities	Bu	siness-Type Activities		Total
		71011711100		7.011711100		Total
ASSETS						
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	23,016,228	\$	12,380,124	\$	35,396,352
Accounts, net		37,117		1,070,463		1,107,580
Interest		11,527		1,070,403		11,527
Notes		5,150,921		_		5,150,921
Intergovernmental		1,649,220		584,007		2,233,227
Internal balances		(333,104)		333,104		-
Inventory		(000,101)		48,075		48,075
Assets held for resale		1,485,564		-		1,485,564
Advances to other funds		1,266,458		2,371,883		3,638,341
Capital assets:		.,_00,.00		_,0: :,000		0,000,011
Non-depreciable		48,217,131		13,337,574		61,554,705
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation		16,198,596		22,504,756		38,703,352
Doproblabio, not or abbumulation approblation		-,,		, ,		
Total assets		96,699,658		52,629,986	_	149,329,644
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		835,379		1,385,257		2,220,636
Accrued interest payable		-		14,608		14,608
Deposits and other liabilities		27,367		41,212		68,579
Unearned revenue		55,541		-		55,541
Advances from successor agency		-	- 2,119,410			2,119,410
Noncurrent liabilities:				_,,		_, ,
Due within one year		79,895		429,442		509,337
Due in more than one year		319,581		10,397,068		10,716,649
2 40 11 111010 111411 0110 you.		,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		, , ,
Total liabilities		1,317,763		14,386,997		15,704,760
NET POSITION						
Not investment in conital accets		64 445 707		04 500 000		05 040 540
Net investment in capital assets Restricted		64,415,727 5,900,358		21,533,822		85,949,549 5,900,358
		25,065,810		16 700 167		41,774,977
Unrestricted		23,003,610		16,709,167		71,114,311
Total net position	\$	95,381,895	\$	38,242,989	\$	133,624,884

CITY OF LEMOORE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Net (Expense) Revenue and Program Revenues Changes in Net Position Operating Capital Charges for Grants and Grants and Governmental Business-Type Expenses Services Contributions Contributions Activities Activities Total Functions/programs: Primary government: Governmental activities: General government 1,632,438 \$ 329,690 (1,302,748) (1,302,748)Public safety 5,058,509 204,964 307,629 (4,545,916)(4,545,916)Public works 375,243 (232,766)(232,766)1,802,463 1,194,454 30,398 Community development 2,258,286 542,068 (1,685,820)(1,685,820) Parks and recreation 586,826 380,335 (206,491)(206,491) Unallocated depreciation 301,683 (301,683)(301,683)Total governmental activities 11,640,205 1,832,300 338,027 1,194,454 (8,275,424)(8,275,424)Business-type activities: Water 3,663,339 4,182,222 38,196 557,079 557,079 Sewer 1,744,294 3,482,196 419,398 2,157,300 2,157,300 Refuse 570,919 1,434,803 1,434,803 2,042,944 2,906,828 Golf Course 1,291,826 1,299,190 7,364 7,364 1,028,513 8,742,403 11,870,436 4,156,546 4,156,546 Total business-type activities 20,382,608 13,702,736 338,027 2,222,967 (8,275,424) 4,156,546 (4,118,878)Total General revenues: 2.156.929 Property taxes 2.156.929 Sales taxes 2,122,348 2,122,348 Other taxes 4,341,569 4,341,569 Unrestricted investment earnings 245,014 207,775 37,239 Other revenue 465,649 465,649 Gain (loss) on sale of assets (57,342)(14,381)(71,723)Capital contributions 812,613 357,036 1,169,649 1,348,085 (1,348,085)Transfers Total general revenues and transfers 11,397,626 (968, 191)10,429,435 3,122,202 3,188,355 Changes in net position 6,310,557 Net position - beginning 92,806,870 35,208,335 128,015,205 (700,878) (547,177)(153,701)Prior period adjustments Net position - restated 92,259,693 35,054,634 127,314,327

Net position - ending

95,381,895

38,242,989

133,624,884

CITY OF LEMOORE BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

		General Fund	Grant Fund		G	asoline Tax Fund	Lemoore Housing Authority	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS												
Cash and investments	\$	10,921,097	\$	77,403	\$	1,707,330	\$ 1,353,041	\$	8,957,357	\$	23,016,228	
Receivables:												
Accounts		-		-		-	-		37,117		37,117	
Interest		11,527		-		-	-		-		11,527	
Notes		94,247		651,200		-	4,405,474		-		5,150,921	
Intergovernmental		662,693		-		76,263	-		910,264		1,649,220	
Interfund receivables		265,052		-		-	-		-		265,052	
Advances to other funds		1,266,458		-		-	-		-		1,266,458	
Assets held for resale	_	-				-	 1,485,564				1,485,564	
Total assets	\$	13,221,074	\$	728,603	\$	1,783,593	\$ 7,244,079	\$	9,904,738	\$	32,882,087	
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$	613,693	\$	-	\$	56,966	\$ 590	\$	65,096	\$	736,345	
Interfund payables		-		-		-	-		303,686		303,686	
Deposits and other liabilities		27,367		-		-	-		-		27,367	
Unearned revenue		55,541					 				55,541	
Total liabilities		696,601		<u>-</u>		56,966	 590		368,782		1,122,939	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Unavailable revenue		72,801		-		-	-		321,923		394,724	
Deferred loans	_	<u> </u>		651,200			 216,000				867,200	
Total deferred inflows of resources		72,801		651,200			 216,000		321,923	_	1,261,924	
FUND BALANCES												
Nonspendable		1,360,705		-		-	4,405,474		-		5,766,179	
Restricted		-		77,403		1,726,627	2,622,015		1,474,313		5,900,358	
Committed		-		-		-	-		7,585,676		7,585,676	
Assigned		<u>-</u>		-		-	-		398,946		398,946	
Unassigned	_	11,090,967		<u>-</u>		-	 <u>-</u>		(244,902)	_	10,846,065	
Total fund balances		12,451,672		77,403		1,726,627	 7,027,489		9,214,033		30,497,224	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	13,221,074	\$	728,603	\$	1,783,593	\$ 7,244,079	\$	9,904,738	\$	32,882,087	

CITY OF LEMOORE RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 30,497,224
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not current financial resources; therefore, they are not reported in the governmental funds.	64,394,056
Long-term liabilities were not due and payable in the current period; therefore, they are not reported in the governmental funds.	(373,679)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures; therefore, they are unavailable in the governmental funds.	1,261,924
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet maintenance services to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal revenue service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position.	(397 630)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 95,381,895
liabilities of the internal revenue service funds are included in the	(397,63 \$ 95,381,89

CITY OF LEMOORE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	General Fund	Grant Fund	Gasoline Tax Fund	Lemoore Housing Authority	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
REVENUES	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•		•				
Property taxes	\$ 1,871,400	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 257,260	\$ 2,128,660		
Other taxes	2,877,392	-	-	-	-	2,877,392		
Licenses and permits	679,888	-	-	-	9,670	689,558		
Charges for services	458,129	-	<u>-</u>	=		458,129		
Intergovernmental	2,325,225	89,607	773,593	=	1,960,738	5,149,163		
Fees and assessments	77,540	-		- -	385,122	462,662		
Use of money and property	68,274	299	2,709	125,114	20,093	216,489		
Other revenue	612,585	-			6,352	618,937		
Total revenues	8,970,433	89,906	776,302	125,114	2,639,235	12,600,990		
EXPENDITURES								
General government	1,619,298	-	-	=	8,723	1,628,021		
Public safety	4,979,815	-	-	=	-	4,979,815		
Public works	349,974	-	51,316	-	213	401,503		
Community development	1,326,552	64,993	-	60	384,187	1,775,792		
Parks and recreation	578,425	-	-	-	-	578,425		
Capital outlay	1,115,399		153,470		3,400,520	4,669,389		
Total expenditures	9,969,463	64,993	204,786	60	3,793,643	14,032,945		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	(999,030)	24,913	571,516	125,054	(1,154,408)	(1,431,955)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Sale of capital assets	9,201	-	=	=	=	9,201		
Operating transfers in	1,521,495	-	-	-	211,753	1,733,248		
Operating transfers out	(196,969)		(11,448)		(73,999)	(282,416)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,333,727		(11,448)		137,754	1,460,033		
Net changes in fund balances	334,697	24,913	560,068	125,054	(1,016,654)	28,078		
Fund balances, June 30, 2013	12,129,456	52,490	936,533	6,902,435	10,318,539	30,339,453		
Prior period adjustment	(12,481)		230,026		(87,852)	129,693		
Fund balances, June 30, 2013, restated	12,116,975	52,490	1,166,559	6,902,435	10,230,687	30,469,146		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 12,451,672	\$ 77,403	\$ 1,726,627	\$ 7,027,489	\$ 9,214,033	\$ 30,497,224		

CITY OF LEMOORE

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	28,078
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is capitalized. This is the amount of capital assets recorded.		3,223,025
Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported on the government-wide statement of activities, but it does not require the use of current financial resources; therefore, depreciation expense is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.		(846,566)
Compensated absences expense reported in the statement of activities does not require the use of current financial resources; therefore, it is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.		(32,541)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is a decrease in net position.		736,224
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures; therefore, they are unavailable in the governmental funds.		102,272
Internal service funds are used by management to change the costs of fleet maintenance, employee benefits, liability and property insurance and general services to individual funds. The change in net position of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		(88,290)
Change in net position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	3,122,202

CITY OF LEMOORE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	Water Fund			Sewer Fund	Refuse Fund		Golf Course Fund		Total		Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds	
ASSETS												
Current assets:												
Cash and investments	\$	5,565,975	\$	6,453,615	\$	204,336	\$	156,198	\$	12,380,124	\$	_
Receivables:	,	-,,-	•	-,,-	•	,	•	,	•	,,	•	
Accounts		535,577		318,923		271,447		9,706		1,135,653		_
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts		(27,570)		(20,002)		(17,618)		-		(65,190)		_
Grant		20,000		-		564,007		_		584,007		_
Interfund receivables		-		35,868		-		_		35,868		_
Inventory				<u> </u>				48,075		48,075		
Total current assets		6,093,982		6,788,404	_	1,022,172	-	213,979	_	14,118,537		<u>-</u>
Noncurrent assets:												
Advances to other funds		-		2,371,883		-		-		2,371,883		-
Capital assets:												
Nondepreciable		7,275,877		5,185,179		252,505		624,013		13,337,574		21,671
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation		15,264,248		4,212,059	_	1,120,518	_	1,907,931	_	22,504,756		
		00.540.405		44 700 404		4.070.000		0.504.044		00 044 040		04.074
Total noncurrent assets	_	22,540,125	_	11,769,121	_	1,373,023	_	2,531,944	_	38,214,213		21,671
Total assets	_	28,634,107		18,557,525	_	2,395,195		2,745,923	_	52,332,750		21,671
LIABILITIES												
Current liabilities:												
Accounts payable		998,748		287,375		70,575		28,559		1,385,257		60,400
Deposits and other liabilities		22,372		-		-		18,840		41,212		-
Compensated absences		8,915		8,490		5,792		-		23,197		5,159
Interfund payables		-		-		-		-		-		35,868
Accrued interest payable		14,608		-		-		-		14,608		-
Current portion of long-term liabilities		402,062		-		-				402,062		-
Current portion of capital leases	_	<u> </u>	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	_	4,183	_	4,183		
Total current liabilities		1,446,705	_	295,865	_	76,367	_	51,582	_	1,870,519		101,427
Noncurrent liabilities:												
Long-term liabilities		6,665,938		-		-		-		6,665,938		-
Advances from other funds		2,371,883		-		-		1,266,458		3,638,341		-
Advances from Successor Agency		-		148,380		-		1,971,030		2,119,410		-
Compensated absences		35,662	_	33,959	_	23,168	_		_	92,789		20,638
Total noncurrent liabilities		9,073,483	_	182,339	_	23,168	_	3,237,488	_	12,516,478		20,638
Total liabilities	_	10,520,188	_	478,204	_	99,535	_	3,289,070	_	14,386,997		122,065
NET POSITION												
Net investment in capital assets		15,472,125		5,185,179		252,505		624,013		21,533,822		21,671
Unrestricted	_	2,641,794	_	12,894,142	_	2,043,155	_	(1,167,160)	_	16,411,931		(122,065)
Total net position	\$	18,113,919	\$	18,079,321	\$	2,295,660	\$	(543,147)		37,945,753	\$	(100,394)
Adjustments to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds										297,236		
·									¢			
Net position of business-type activities									Φ	38,242,989		

CITY OF LEMOORE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Water	Sewer	Refuse	Golf Course		Governmental Activities - Internal
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total	Service Funds
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 4,100,305	\$ 3,319,3	44 \$ 2,850,347	\$ 1,290,869	\$ 11,560,865	\$ 900,311
Fines and forfeitures	75,568	41,7	54 39,133	-	156,455	-
Other revenues	6,349	121,0	98 17,348	8,321	153,116	9,019
Total operating revenues	4,182,222	3,482,1	96 2,906,828	1,299,190	11,870,436	909,330
Operating expenses:						
Salaries and benefits	931,100	662,3	,		2,495,516	244,411
Materials and supplies	435,376	150,4			943,164	372,074
Utilities	958,824	341,2	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,417,258	1,233
Contractual services	227,046	144,9			1,472,383	4,264
Repairs and maintenance	218,062	30,6		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	283,317	255,353
Other expenses	120,132	120,5	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	666,253	617
Depreciation and amortization	610,845	295,4	<u>71</u> 167,184	193,898	1,267,398	19,503
Total operating expenses	3,501,385	1,745,7	2,047,354	1,250,787	8,545,289	897,455
Operating income (loss)	680,837	1,736,4	<u>859,474</u>	48,403	3,325,147	11,875
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):						
Intergovernmental	38,196	419,3	98 570,919	-	1,028,513	-
Interest income	11,887	22,2	72 2,460	620	37,239	-
Interest expense	(163,339)			(41,039)	(204,378)	-
Gain (loss) on asset disposal	(2,714)	(11,6	67)	<u> </u>	(14,381)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(115,970)	430,0	03 573,379	(40,419)	846,993	
Income before contributions and transfers	564,867	2,166,4	36 1,432,853	7,984	4,172,140	11,875
Capital contributions	-	357,0	36 -	. <u>-</u>	357,036	9,846
Transfers in	209,660			- <u>-</u>	209,660	-
Transfers out	(406,268)	(422,9	71) (728,506	<u> </u>	(1,557,745)	(102,747)
Net contributions and transfers	(196,608)	(65,9	35) (728,506	S)	(991,049)	(92,901)
Changes in net position	368,259	2,100,5	01 704,347	7,984	3,181,091	(81,026)
Net position - beginning	17,899,361	15,978,8	20 1,591,313	(551,131)		(19,368)
Prior period adjustments	(153,701)		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>		
Net position - beginning, restated	17,745,660	15,978,8	20 1,591,313	(551,131)		(19,368)
Net position - ending	\$ 18,113,919	\$ 18,079,3	21 \$ 2,295,660	\$ (543,147)		\$ (100,394)
Adjustments to reflect consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise fu	nds				7,264	
Change in net position of business-type activities	es				\$ 3,188,355	

CITY OF LEMOORE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Refuse Fund	Golf Course Fund	Total	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Receipt from customers and users	\$ 4.200.697	\$ 3,386,062	\$ 2,921,340	\$ 1,267,678	\$ 11,775,777	\$ 900,311
Payments to suppliers	(1,458,079)	(1,181,576)	(1,349,779)	(673,383)	(4,662,817)	(627,666)
Payments to employees	(925,000)	(660,155)	(551,814)	(350,120)	(2,487,089)	(244,063)
Other operating revenues	6,349	121,098	17,348	8,321	153,116	9,019
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	1,823,967	1,665,429	1,037,095	252,496	4,778,987	37,601
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:						
Loans from to other funds	2,371,883	(2,373,614)	-	1,168,327	1,166,596	35,868
Transfers from other funds	209,660	-	-	-	209,660	-
Transfers to other funds	(406,268)	(422,971)	(728,506)		(1,557,745)	(102,747)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital	2 475 275	(2,796,585)	(728,506)	1,168,327	(181,489)	(66,879)
financing activities	2,175,275	(2,790,303)	(720,500)	1,100,321	(101,409)	(66,679)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:						
Intergovernmental revenue - capital	18,196	1,017,206	16,912	-	1,052,314	-
Principal paid on capital debt	-	-	-	(2,074,170)	(2,074,170)	-
Interest paid on capital debt	(175,773)	-	-	(41,039)	(216,812)	-
Acquisition of capital assets	(7,425,574)	(1,534,836)	(564,007)	(34,384)	(9,558,801)	(4,637)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related						
financing activities	(7,583,151)	(517,630)	(547,095)	(2,149,593)	(10,797,469)	(4,637)
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Interest received	13,666	25,911	2,662	634	42,873	85,746
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	13,666	25,911	2,662	634	42,873	85,746
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(3,570,243)	(1,622,875)	(235,844)	(728,136)	(6,157,098)	51,831
Cash and cash investments, July 1	9,136,218	8,076,490	440,180	884,334	18,537,222	79,119
Cash and cash investments, June 30	\$ 5,565,975	\$ 6,453,615	\$ 204,336	\$ 156,198	\$ 12,380,124	\$ 130,950

CITY OF LEMOORE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities

	Water Fund		Sewer Fund		Refuse Fund	Golf Course Fund		Total		Ad	rernmental ctivities - nternal vice Funds
Operating income (loss)	\$	680,837	\$ 1,736,433	\$	859,474	\$	48,403	\$	3,325,147	\$	11,875
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation		610,845	295,471		167,184		193,898		1,267,398		19,503
Changes in assets and liabilities:											
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		26,401	24,964		31,860		(5,666)		77,559		-
Increase (decrease) in inventory		-	-		-		24,749		24,749		-
Increase (decrease) in prepaid expenses		-	-		-		6,017		6,017		-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		501,361	(393,649)		(21,540)		2,620		88,792		5,875
Increase (decrease) in deposits and other liabilities		(1,577)	-		-		(17,525)		(19,102)		-
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		6,100	2,210		117				8,427		348
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	1,823,967	\$ 1,665,429	\$	1,037,095	\$	252,496	\$	4,778,987	\$	37,601

Schedule of Non-Cash Capital and Related Financing Activities

		Water Fund		Sewer Fund		Refuse Fund		Golf Course Fund			Total	Activities - Internal Service Funds	
Contributions of capital assets	\$	-	\$	357,036	\$	-	9	\$	_	\$	357,036	\$	9,846
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		(2,714)		(11,667)		-			-		(14,381)		-

CITY OF LEMOORE STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	RDA Successor			
		Agency		
	Private Purpose		Agency	
		Trust Fund		Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$	2,569,073	\$	1,005,551
Restricted cash with fiscal agent	,	19,329,972	Ť	-
Intergovernmental receivables		645,718		45,204
Advances to City of Lemoore		2,119,410		-
Notes receivable		1,321,591		-
Prepaid expenses		64,363		
Land held for resale		1,464,377		-
Other assets		<u>-</u>		28,800
Total assets	\$	27,514,504	\$	1,079,555
		_		<u>.</u>
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$	56,065	\$	262,794
Interest payable		560,796		-
Deposits and other liabilities		-		816,761
Long-term debt		37,882,061	_	<u> </u>
Total liabilities	\$	38,498,922	\$	1,079,555
NET POSITION				
Net position held in trust for the retirement of obligations of the former Lemoore Redevelopment Agency	\$	(10,984,418)		

CITY OF LEMOORE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	RDA Successor Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund
ADDITIONS	
Taxes	\$ 3,563,318
Investment earnings	134,475
Reimbursement of debt overpayment	1,239,625
Miscellaneous	24,413
Total additions	4,961,831
DEDUCTIONS	
Community development	421,466
Loss on asset disposal	1,108,062
Debt service :	
Interest and fiscal charges	2,355,291
Total deductions	3,884,819
Change in net position	1,077,012
Net position - beginning	(12,061,430)
Net position - ending	\$ (10,984,418)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The City of Lemoore, California (the "City") is a charter city operating under a Council-Member form of government. During the year ended June 30, 2000, the voters of the City approved a Charter which gives the City Council greater self-rule, and the Charter was accepted by the California Secretary of State.

The accompanying basic financial statements include the financial activities of the City, the primary government and its component units, the Lemoore Financing Authority (Financing Authority) and the Lemoore Housing Authority (Housing Authority). Financial information for the City and its component units are accounted for in the accompanying financial statements in accordance with principles defining the governmental reporting entity adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The City Council members, in separate sessions, serve as the governing board of the component units. These entities are presented on a blended basis.

The **Lemoore Financing Authority** (Financing Authority) was formed in August 1989 for the purpose of assisting the financing or refinancing of certain public capital facilities within the City. The Financing Authority is governed by a five-member board of directors, which consists of the members of the City Council with the City Manager as the Executive Director. The financial transactions for the Financing Authority are recorded in the Water, Sewer, and Golf Course Enterprise Funds.

The **Lemoore Housing Authority** (Housing Authority) was formed in February 2011 for the purpose of providing sanitary and safe housing for people of very low, low, or moderate income within the City's territorial jurisdiction. The Housing Authority is governed by a five-member board of directors, which consists of the members of the City Council with the City Manager as the Executive Director.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental audits. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is the accepted standard setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Presentation

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the City) and its component unit. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each different identifiable activity of the City's *business-type activities* and for each function of the City's *governmental activities*. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are included in the program expense reported for individual function. Certain indirect costs, which cannot be identified and broken down, are included in the program expense reported for individual functions and activities. Program revenues include, 1) fines, fees, and charges paid by the recipients of goods and services offered by the programs and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented instead as general revenues.

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 in regards to interfund activities, payables and receivables. All internal balances in the statement of net position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. In the statement of activities those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated. The following interfund activities have been eliminated: due to/due from other funds, interfund note receivable/interfund long-term debt, and transfers in/transfers out.

Fund Financial Statements – The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in funds and changes in fund balances as presented in these statements to the net position and changes in net position presented in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The **Grant Fund** accounts for the City's receipts and expenditures of the state, federal, and other grants.

The **Gasoline Tax Fund** accounts for revenues and expenditures apportioned to the City under the Streets and Highway Code, Sections 2103, 2105, 2106, 2107, and 2107.5 of the State of California. Expenditures for administration, maintenance, and construction must be street related.

The **Lemoore Housing Authority Fund** has taken over the assets and associated functions of the Low/Moderate Income Housing Fund of the former Lemoore Redevelopment Agency and is used to account for current and future low-income households for the acquisition, rehabilitation, or new construction of single family homes.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Enterprise fund financial statements include a statement of net position, statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, a statement of cash flows for each major enterprise fund and nonmajor funds aggregated.

The City has four major enterprise funds, the Water Fund, Sewer Fund, Refuse Fund, and Golf Course Fund, which are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprise. In an enterprise fund, the intent of the City Council is that costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing services to the general public, on a continuing basis, be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

The **Water Fund** accounts for the activities of the City's water production and distribution operations.

The **Refuse Fund** accounts for the activities of the City's refuse collection and disposal operations.

The **Sewer Fund** accounts for the activities of the City's sanitary sewer system operations.

The **Golf Course Fund** accounts for the resources provided and used in the golf course.

The City's fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The fund's activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. The City uses an agency fund to account for assets which are custodial in nature and does not involve measurement of results of operations. Accordingly, it presents only a statement of fiduciary net position and does not present a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. Fiduciary funds are presented on an economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the government-wide financial statements.

The City reports the following fiduciary funds:

Redevelopment Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund is used to account for assets and liabilities of the former redevelopment agency until they are distributed to other units of state and local government as a result of the dissolution of the redevelopment agency

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for the Irrigation District, individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. The funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund type:

Internal Service Funds are used to account for fleet management services and insurance provided to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide, Proprietary and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements – The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property and sales taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from sales taxes are recognized when the underlying transactions take place. Revenues from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements – Governmental funds are reported using current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Property and sales taxes, interest, certain state and federal grants, and charges for services are accrued when their receipt occurs within sixty days after the end of the accounting period so as to be both measurable and available. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to claims and judgments and compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital assets acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The City applies all applicable GASB pronouncements (including all NCGA Statements and Interpretations currently in effect), as well as the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins (ARB) of the Committee on Accounting Procedure. In addition, the City applies all applicable FASB Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989, except those that conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements to its business-type activities.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. *Operating revenues*, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of each fund. *Nonoperating revenues*, such as interest income, state and federal grants, and subsidies, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities. *Operating expenses* include costs for providing services and delivering goods such as administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All other expenses not meeting this definition are reported as *nonoperating expenses*.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position

Cash and Investments

Under the City's cash management program, cash in excess of operating requirements from all funds is pooled with the purpose of maximizing interest through investment activities, and is deposited in savings accounts or invested in bank certificates of deposit, bank money market accounts and the State of California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF). Interest income on pooled investments is allocated on the end of month balance in each fund included in the pools.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considered all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. All cash and investments of the enterprise funds are pooled with the City's pooled cash and investments.

Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of general obligation debt and enterprise debt are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable debt covenants. "Cash with fiscal agent" is used to report resources set aside for potential deficiencies in the repayment ability of the enterprise funds, and for payment of construction projects undertaken by the City.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities and Position (Continued)

Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are reflected as loans, services provided or used, or reimbursements or transfers. Loans reported as receivables and payables as, appropriate, are subject to elimination upon consolidation and are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the *governmental activities* and the *business-type activities* are reported in the fund financial statements, and are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not available financial resources.

Services provided or used, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

Receivables

Enterprise fund statements report an allowance for uncollectible accounts against the account receivables. All customers are billed monthly. The estimated value of services provided, but unbilled at year-end, has been included in the accompanying financial statements.

Property Tax Calendar

Property taxes are assessed, collected and allocated by Kings County throughout the fiscal year according to the following property tax calendar:

Lien Date January 1 Levy Date July 1 to June 30

Due Dates

November 1, 1st installment; February 1, 2nd installment

Delinquent Dates

December 10, 1st installment; April 10, 2nd installment

Revenues from taxpayer-assessed taxes (sales and use, business license, transient occupancy, utility users, gas, and franchise fees) are accrued in the governmental funds when they are both measurable and available. The City considers these revenues available if they are received during the period when settlement of prior fiscal year accounts payable occurs. Historically, the majority of these taxes are received within 60 days of the fiscal year-end.

Grant and entitlement revenues are recorded as receivables in the funds when all eligibility requirements have been met. The corresponding governmental fund revenues are recorded in governmental funds when they become available, with the differences recorded as deferred revenue. Enterprise fund revenues are recorded as non-operating revenues when the receivables are recorded. Some grant and entitlement revenues are not susceptible to accrual, in which case the corresponding revenues are recorded when received.

The City accrues as receivable all property taxes received during the first (60) days of the new fiscal year.

Inventory

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost, determined by the first-in, first-out method, or market and consists primarily of golf merchandise and food and beverage items sold at the golf course.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities and Position (Continued)

Assets Held for Resale

Land and improvements held by the City for the purpose of improving and reselling are accounted for in the account. Property is valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value.

Capital Assets

The City's assets are categorized at historical cost or estimated historical cost. City policy has set the capitalization threshold for reporting capital assets at \$2,500. Gifts or contributions of capital assets are recorded at fair value when received. Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over the useful lives of the assets as follows:

Buildings and improvements	40 years
Machinery and equipment	5-15 years
Infrastructure	10-15 years

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, the City is required to account for and report infrastructure capital assets. The City has elected to use the "modified approach" as defined by GASB 34 for infrastructure reporting for the majority of its road network system. This approach permits the City to not depreciate a network system or subsystem of infrastructure assets under certain conditions. The City's road network consists of seven subsystems which include sidewalk curb and gutter, pavement, landscape zones, streetlights, railroad crossings, and traffic signals. Subsystem detail is not presented in these basic financial statements; however, the City maintains detailed information on these subsystems. The modified approach is not used for the railroad crossings, streetlights and traffic signal subsystems. The assets in those subsystems are depreciated using the straight-line method. Information regarding the annual amount required to maintain and preserve the condition level of the infrastructure assets in accordance with established policies is included as a part of the required supplementary information.

Sidewalk, Curb and Gutter

For the sidewalk, curb and gutter, and pavement systems, the City was divided into individual block segments. Individual Overall Condition Indexes (OCI's) for each block segment were determined by direct field observation. The sidewalk and curb and gutter OCI's will be calculated every three years on a "drive-by" survey. OCI value ranges are as follows: Good=76 to 100, Fair=51 to 75, and Poor=50 and below. The City's policy is to maintain these individual subsystems at a minimum OCI rating of 70.

Pavement

The City's pavement inventory was completed using GIS mapping and aerial photography. OCIs were established by performing direct "drive by" observations for performance and condition. OCIs were categorized using six ranges: 100-76, 75-61, 60-46, 45-30, 29-13, and 12-0. The City's policy is to maintain its pavement at a minimum OCI rating of 70.

Landscape Zones

At June 30, 2014, there were 20 landscape zones within the City's Landscape and Lighting District. Two OCI ratings for the individual landscape zones were used. The two ratings were: Good=90 and Fair=30. The City's policy is to maintain is landscaping at a minimum OCI rating of 70.

For a detailed description of the modified approach, see the required supplementary information section of this report.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position (Continued)

Risk Management

The City participates with other public entities in a joint venture under a joint powers agreement which establishes the Central San Joaquin Valley Risk Management Authority (CSJVRMA). The relationship between the City and CSJVRMA is such that CSJVRMA is not a component unit of the City for financial reporting purposes.

Interest Payable

In the government-wide financial statements, interest payable of long-term debt is recognized as the liability is incurred for the governmental fund-types and proprietary-fund types.

In the fund financial statements, proprietary fund-types recognize the interest payable when the liability is incurred.

Compensated Absences Payable

City employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts depending on the number of years of service. City employees also accumulate hours of overtime as compensated time off. For governmental funds, earned but unused, vested leave (vacation, compensated time off, holiday) is expensed and established as a liability and is reported in the government-wide statement of net position in the governmental activities column. Vested leave for enterprise funds is recorded as an expense and liability of those funds as the benefits accrue. No liability is recorded for non-vesting leave such as sick leave.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue is that for which recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. The City typically records intergovernmental revenues (primary grants and subventions) received but not earned (qualifying expenditures not yet incurred).

Unavailable Revenue

In the fund financial statements, unavailable revenue is recorded when transactions have not yet met the revenue recognition criteria based on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The City records unavailable revenue for transactions for which revenues have been earned, but for which funds are not available to meet current financial obligations. Typical transactions for which unavailable revenue is recorded are grants when funding requirements have been met, but the related funding is not yet available.

Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements and enterprise fund type statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or enterprise fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities and Position (Continued)

Encumbrances

The City does not use encumbrance accounting.

Budgetary and Budgetary Accounting

Budgets are established by department and approved by the City Council. The budgets are then managed and controlled by department heads under the supervision of the City Manager. Budgets are adopted annually for the general funds, some of the special revenue funds, enterprise funds, and internal service funds. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for these funds. The annual budgets are prepared on the basis of accounting utilized by the fund.

A two-year capital projects budget is prepared in even years for approval by the City Council, and updated in odd years. Capital projects are funded by capital projects funds, impact fees, operating accounts, grant proceeds or loan proceeds.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level. The City Manager is authorized to make budget transfers between accounts within any fund. The City Council may transfer funds from reserves to departments or enterprise activities as deemed appropriate during the fiscal year.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Classification of Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

- Net investment in capital assets This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce this category.
- **Restricted net position** This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- *Unrestricted net position* This category represents the net position of the City, which is not restricted for any project or other purpose.

When both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, restricted resources are depleted first before the unrestricted resources are used.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities and Position (Continued)

Fund Balances

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- <u>Nonspendable:</u> This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the
 resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors,
 contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional
 provisions or enabling legislation.
- <u>Committed:</u> This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.
- Assigned: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for a
 specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the City
 Council or through the City Council delegating this responsibility to the City manager through the
 budgetary process. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all
 governmental funds except for the General Fund.
- <u>Unassigned:</u> This classification includes amounts that have not been assigned to other funds or restricted, committed or assigned to a specific purpose within the City.

The City would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

New Pronouncements Adopted

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 70

In April 2013, GASB issued Statement No. 70, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees*. The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments that extend and receive nonexchange financial guarantees. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2014. As of July 1, 2013, the City adopted this this standard; however, its adoption had no effect on the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2014.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

New Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 66

In March 2012, GASB issued Statement No. 66, *Technical Corrections – 2012 – An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62.* The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for a governmental financial reporting entity by resolving conflicting guidance that resulted from the issuance of two pronouncements, Statements No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, and No. 62, *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements.* The requirements of this Statement are effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2014. Hereinafter, these pronouncements collectively are referred to as the "FASB and AICPA pronouncements." This Statement will improve financial reporting by contributing to the GASB's efforts to codify all sources of generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments so that they derive from a single source. Application of this Statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2016.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68

In June 2012, GASB issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for pensions that is provided by other entities. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for pensions with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and interperiod equity, and creating additional transparency. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers, as well as the requirements of Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures, as they relate to pensions that are provided through pension plans administered as trusts or equivalent arrangements (hereafter jointly referred to as trusts) that meet certain criteria. The requirements of Statements 27 and 50 remain applicable for pensions that are not covered by the scope of this Statement. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2015.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 69

In January 2013, GASB issued Statement No. 69, *Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations*. The objective of this Statement is to establish accounting and financial reporting standards related to government combinations and disposals of government operations. The Statement requires disclosure to be made about government combinations and disposals of government operations to enable financial statement users to evaluate the nature and financial effects of those transactions. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2015.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 71

In November 2013, GASB issued Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – An Amendment of GASB No. 68.* The objective of this statement is to address an issue regarding application of the transition provisions of Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.* The issue relates to amounts associated with contributions, if any, made by a state or local government employer or non-employer contributing entity to a defined pension plan after the measurement date of the government's beginning net pension liability. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2015.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2014 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:		
Cash and investments	\$	35,396,352
Restricted cash and investments		-
Fiduciary funds:		
Cash and investments		3,574,624
Restricted cash with fiscal agents		19,329,972
	_	
Total cash and investments	\$	58,300,948
Cash and investments as of June 30, 2014 consist of the following:		
Cash on hand	\$	4,650
Deposits with financial institutions		11,089,843
Investments		47,206,455
Total cash and investments	\$	58,300,948

Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code (or the City's investments policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. The City's investment policy does not contain any specific provisions intended to limit the City's exposure to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debts proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

		Maximum	Maximum
		Percentage of	Investment of
	Maximum	Portfolio or	One Issuer or
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Amount	Amount
U.S. Treasury obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency securities	5 years	None	None
Bankers acceptances	180 days	40%	30%
Commerical paper	270 days	25%	10%
National certificates of deposit	5 years	30%	Legal Limit
Repurchase agreements	1 year	None	None
Medium-term notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual accounts	N/A	20%	10%
Money market accounts	N/A	20%	10%
Local agency investment fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investments of debt proceeds held by the bond trustee are governed by provisions of the debt agreements rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by bond trustee. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risks, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio or Amount	Maximum Investment of One Issuer or Amount
U.S. Treasury obligations U.S. Agency securities Bankers acceptances Commerical paper Money market mutual funds Investment contracts	None	None	None
	None	None	None
	180 days	None	None
	270 days	None	None
	N/A	None	None
	30 years	None	None

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by maintaining funds in liquid, short-term investments which can be converted to cash when necessary to meet disbursement requirements.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

		Remaining Maturity (in months)					
Investment Type	Fair Value	12 Months or Less	13 to 24 Months	25 to 50 Months	Longer Than 60 Months		
Money market funds	\$ 20,097,085	\$ 20,097,085	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
State investment pool Investment contracts	20,899,370 6,210,000	20,899,370 944,000	1,690,000	3,576,000	<u> </u>		
	\$ 47,206,455	\$41,940,455	\$ 1,690,000	\$ 3,576,000	\$ -		

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of year-end for each investment type.

			 Ratings as of Year-End		
Investment Type	 Amount	Minimum Legal Rating	 AAA		Not Rated
Money market funds State investment pool Investment contracts	\$ 20,097,085 20,899,370 6,210,000	N/A N/A N/A	\$ 20,097,085	\$	20,899,370 6,210,000
	\$ 47,206,455		\$ 20,097,085	\$	27,109,370

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City does not have a formal policy that has limits on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated in the California Government Code. The City's investments are exempt from this disclosure.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a city will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterpart (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, a city will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits:

The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by the state or local government units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under the state law (unless so waived by the government unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies.

GASB Statement No. 40 requires the following disclosure be made with respect to custodial credit risk relating to deposits and investments.

As of June 30, 2014, the City had no deposits with financial institutions in uncollateralized accounts in excess of federal depository insurance limits. In addition, as of June 30, 2014, no investments were held by the same broker dealer (counterparty) that was used by the City of Lemoore to purchase the securities.

Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools (such as LAIF).

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Local Agency Investment Fund

The City of Lemoore is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

NOTE 3 – FORGIVABLE LOANS

The City administers a housing rehabilitation loan program. Under this program, individuals with incomes below certain levels are eligible to receive low interest loans for rehabilitation work on their homes. These performing loans are secured by deeds of trust on the rehabilitation properties.

Deferred payment loans receivable under the these forgivable loans are not required to be paid back unless the participating homeowner sells, transfers title to the rehabilitated property, or discontinues residence in the dwelling at which time the full amount of the deferred loan is due. These deferred payment loans are "non-performing loans" and are not recorded as loans receivable in the financial statements. Such loans totaled \$2,402,880 as of June 30, 2014.

NOTE 4 – INTERFUND ACTIVITIES

Interfund balances for the purpose of the government-wide statements have been eliminated. The composition of interfund balances in the fund level statements as of June 30, 2014, is as follows:

Current Interfund Receivables/Payables

Current interfund balances arise in the normal course of business and are expected to be repaid shortly after the end of the fiscal year. The City's interfund receivables and payables consisted of the following at June 30, 2014.

	Due from Other Funds		Due to Other Funds	
Major Funds: General Fund Sewer Fund	\$	265,052 35,868	\$	<u>-</u> -
Nonmajor Funds: Streets Grant Fund		-		265,052
Internal Service Funds: Fleet Maintenance Fund				35,868
Total	\$	300,920	\$	300,920

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND ACTIVITIES (Continued)

Long-Term Interfund Advances

Long-term interfund advances are advances to other funds that are not expected to be repaid in one year or less. The City's long-term interfund advances consisted of the following at June 30, 2014:

	Advances to		Advances from	
	Other Funds		<u>O</u> 1	ther Funds
Governmental Funds Major Funds:				
General Fund	\$	1,266,458	\$	-
Enterprise Funds				
Major Funds: Water Fund		-		2,371,883
Sewer Fund		2,371,883		148,380
Golf Course Fund				3,237,488
Fiduciary Funds RDA Successor Agency Fund		2,119,410		_
TO TO GOOD OF THE STATE OF THE		_,		
Totals	\$	5,757,751	\$	5,757,751

Transfers Between Funds

With City Council approval, resources may be transferred from one City fund to another. The purpose of the majority of transfers is to reimburse a fund that has made expenditures on behalf of another fund.

	Transfers			
		In		Out
Major Funds:				
General Fund	\$	1,521,495	\$	196,969
Gasoline Tax Fund		-		11,448
Water Fund		209,660		406,268
Sewer Fund		-		422,971
Refuse Fund		-		728,506
Nonmajor Funds:				
Traffic Safety Fund		-		398
Street Grant Fund		14,784		9,099
Maintenance Assessment District Fund		-		27,000
Recreation Improvement Fund		-		24,352
Facility Infrastructure Fund		196,969		-
Capital Improvement Fees Fund		-		13,150
Fleet Maintenance Fund		<u>-</u>		102,747
Total	\$	1,942,908	\$	1,942,908

NOTE 5 - NET POSITION HELD FOR RESALE

The following is a summary of changes in the assets held for resale during the 2013-2014 fiscal year:

	Balance			Balance
	June 30, 2013	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2014
Land held for resale	\$ 1,485,564	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,485,564

NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity of the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2014 is as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

	Balance June 30, 2013 (Restated)		Additions		Reductions		Transfers		Balance June 30, 2014	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:										
Land	\$	1,959,687	\$	812,613	\$	-	\$	(61,587)	\$	2,710,713
Road network		43,414,058		-		-		-		43,414,058
Construction in progress		726,503		2,371,762		(1,005,905)		<u>-</u>		2,092,360
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		46,100,248		3,184,375		(1,005,905)		(61,587)		48,217,131
Capital assets, being depreciated										
Buildings and improvements		14,482,940		855,661		-		-		15,338,601
Machinery and equipment		4,917,835		872,963		(361,767)		-		5,429,031
Infrastructure		4,658,354		133,181	_	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		4,791,535
Total capital assets, being depreciated	_	24,059,129		1,861,805		(361,767)				25,559,167
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Buildings and improvements		(3,230,818)		(394,289)		-		-		(3,625,107)
Machinery and equipment		(4,431,792)		(168,248)		356,811		-		(4,243,229)
Infrastructure		(1,188,703)		(303,532)	_	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		(1,492,235)
Total accumulated depreciated, net		(8,851,313)	-	(866,069)		356,811			-	(9,360,571)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	_	15,207,816		995,736		(4,956)		<u>-</u>		16,198,596
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	61,308,064	\$	4,180,111	\$	(1,010,861)	\$	(61,587)	\$	64,415,727

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ -
Public safety	101,299
Public works	2,997
Parks and recreation	4,213
Community development	436,374
Unallocated	301,683
Capital assets held by the Internal Service Funds were	
charged to the various functions based on their usage	 19,503
Total	\$ 866,069

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Capital assets activity of the business-type activities for the year ending June 30, 2014 is as follows:

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

	Balance June 30, 2013 (Restated)	Additions	Reductions	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2014
Water Fund:					
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 427,232	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 427,232
Construction in progress	8,727,814	5,398,094	(7,277,263)		6,848,645
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	9,155,046	5,398,094	(7,277,263)	-	7,275,877
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	11,198,588	5,597,826	-	-	16,796,414
Machinery and equipment	2,119,045	3,794,916	(90,668)	(7,339)	5,815,954
Total capital assets, being depreciated	13,317,633	9,392,742	(90,668)	(7,339)	22,612,368
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	(5,632,277)	(397,905)	-	-	(6,030,182)
Machinery and equipment	(1,200,290)	(212,940)	87,953	7,339	(1,317,938)
Total accumulated depreciation, net	(6,832,567)	(610,845)	87,953	7,339	(7,348,120)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	6,485,066	8,781,897	(2,715)		15,264,248
Water fund capital assets, net	\$ 15,640,112	\$ 14,179,991	\$ (7,279,978)	\$ -	\$ 22,540,125
Sewer Fund:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 392,805	\$ 295,449	\$ -	\$ 61,587	\$ 749,841
Construction in progress	3,140,488	1,294,850			4,435,338
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	3,533,293	1,590,299		61,587	5,185,179
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	5,239,759	-	-	20,000	5,259,759
Machinery and equipment	3,534,237	239,986	(361,535)	(13,675)	3,399,013
Total capital assets, being depreciated	8,773,996	239,986	(361,535)	6,325	8,658,772
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	(1,817,061)	(183,926)	-	(15,833)	(2,016,820)
Machinery and equipment	(2,677,724)	(111,545)	349,868	9,508	(2,429,893)
Total accumulated depreciation, net	(4,494,785)	(295,471)	349,868	(6,325)	(4,446,713)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	4,279,211	(55,485)	(11,667)		4,212,059
Sewer fund capital assets, net	\$ 7,812,504	\$ 1,534,814	\$ (11,667)	\$ 61,587	\$ 9,397,238

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES (Continued)

	Balance June 30, 2013 (Restated)		Additions		Reductions		Transfers		Balance June 30, 2014	
Refuse Fund:		,					-			·
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$	252,505	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	252,505
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		252,505	_					<u>-</u>		252,505
Capital assets, being depreciated Machinery and equipment		2,269,050		564,007		(1,353)	_	5,514		2,837,218
Total capital assets, being depreciated		2,269,050		564,007		(1,353)		5,514		2,837,218
Less accumulated depreciation for: Machinery and equipment		(1,545,355)		(167,184)		1,353		(5,514)		(1,716,700)
Total accumulated depreciation, net		(1,545,355)	_	(167,184)		1,353		(5,514)		(1,716,700)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		723,695		396,823		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		1,120,518
Refuse fund capital assets, net	\$	976,200	\$	396,823	\$		\$	<u> </u>	\$	1,373,023
Golf Course Fund:										
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$	624,013	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	624,013
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		624,013								624,013
Capital assets, being depreciated Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment		4,358,502 761,087		25,882 8,450		(149) (261,545)		- -		4,384,235 507,992
Total capital assets, being depreciated		5,119,589		34,332		(261,694)		<u>-</u>		4,892,227
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment		(2,400,731) (651,361)		(169,838) (24,060)		149 261,545		<u>-</u>		(2,570,420) (413,876)
Total accumulated depreciation, net		(3,052,092)	_	(193,898)		261,694		<u>-</u>	_	(2,984,296)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		2,067,497		(159,566)						1,907,931
Golf fund capital assets, net	\$	2,691,510	\$	(159,566)	\$		\$		\$	2,531,944
Total capital assets, net	\$	27,120,326	\$	15,952,062	\$ (7,291,645)	\$	61,587	\$	35,842,330

Depreciation expense is charged to business-type functions as follows:

Business-type	Activities:
---------------	-------------

Water	\$ 610,845
Sewer	295,471
Refuse	167,184
Golf Course	 193,898
Total	\$ 1,073,500

NOTE 7 – DEPOSITS AND OTHER LIABILITIES

Deposits and other liabilities consist of the following at June 30, 2014:

	General Fund		Water Fund	Go	olf Course Fund	Total		
Deposits Other liabilities	\$	21,877 5,490	\$ 22,372	\$	- 18,840	\$	21,877 46,702	
Total deposits and other liabilities	\$	27,367	\$ 22,372	\$	18,840	\$	68,579	

NOTE 8 – COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The City's policy relating to compensated absences is described in Note 1. As shown in the table of long-term obligations in the following note, the noncurrent portion of this debt at fiscal year-end was \$319,581 and \$92,789, for governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively. This obligation is expected to be paid in future years from the available resources derived from the respective funds to which the employee services are rendered.

Because of the nature of compensated absences and uncertainty over when vacations will be taken, a statement of debt service requirements to maturity of compensated absences has not been presented. At June 30, 2014, the balance is \$399,476 for governmental activities and \$115,986 for business-type activities.

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of the long-term obligation transactions of the City for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2014:

	Balance lune 30, 2013	 ncurred r Issued	Satisfied Matured	Balance lune 30, 2014	Di	mounts ue Within One Year	Du	mounts e in More n One Year
Governmental activities:								
Obligations payable: Compensated absences	\$ 366,587	\$ 56,965	\$ (24,076)	\$ 399,476	\$	79,895	\$	319,581
Governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$ 366,587	\$ 56,965	\$ (24,076)	\$ 399,476	\$	79,895	\$	319,581

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

The following is a summary of the long-term obligation transactions of the City for business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2014:

	Balance June 30, 2013	Incurred or Issued	Satisfied or Matured	Balance June 30, 2014	Amounts Due Within One Year	Amounts Due in More Than One Year
Business-Type Activities:						
Bonds payable:						
Certificates of participation	\$ 2,070,000	\$ -	\$ 2,070,000	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ -
Total bonds payable	2,070,000		2,070,000			
Water revenue loan	7,068,000	-	_	7,068,000	402,062	6,665,938
Capital leases	8,353	-	4,170	4,183	-	4,183
Compensated absences	107,559	9,178	751	115,986	23,197	92,789
Business-type activities long-term liabilities	\$ 9,253,912	\$ 9,178	\$ 2,074,921	\$ 7,188,169	\$ 425,259	\$ 6,762,910

1995 Variable Rate Demand Certificates of Participation

In November 1995, the City issued \$4,215,000 of Variable Rate Demand Certificates of Participation (COPS). The COPS were issued to refund the lease-purchase obligation of the City (prior obligation) through which the City originally obtained funds for acquisition, construction, improvement, equipping of municipal golf course improvements, and to pay for the costs of execution and delivery of the certificates. The City paid the COP in full during fiscal year 2013-14.

Series 2013 Water Revenue Loan

In May 2013, the City obtained a water revenue loan from Pinnacle Public Finance, Inc. for \$7,068,000 bearing 2.48% interest, payable quarterly over a fifteen-year term. The loan was obtained to finance the acquisition and construction of various capital improvements, which primarily consists of photovoltaic water wells water systems throughout the City, as well as the expansion of a parking complex. The City irrevocably pledged all of the net revenues of the water fund to the punctual payment of the loan. After September 1, 2018, the City has the option to prepay the unpaid principal of the loan in whole or in part on any loan payment date. The final payment of the loan is scheduled for March 1, 2029.

The following is a schedule of the future estimated minimum payments related to the 1995 Variable Rate Demand Certificates of Participation at June 30, 2014:

Series 2013 Water Revenue Loan

	Series 2013 Water Revenue Loan											
Fiscal Years Ending June 30	Principal Interest					Total						
2015	\$	402,062	\$	171,566	\$	573,628						
2016		412,126		161,502		573,628						
2017		422,443		151,186		573,629						
2018		433,017		140,612		573,629						
2019		443,856		129,773		573,629						
2012-2024		2,391,605		476,539		2,868,144						
2025-2029		2,562,891		161,845		2,724,736						
Totals	\$	7,068,000	\$	1,393,023	\$	8,461,023						

NOTE 10 - CAPITAL LEASE COMMITMENTS

The City has entered into a lease agreement for the acquisition of golf maintenance equipment. The lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes. This lease has an interest rate of 0.00% and the final payment on the lease is scheduled for July 2015.

The following is an analysis of the equipment leased as of June 30, 2014:

Equipment	\$ 18,501
Less: Accumulated depreciation	 (7,709)
	\$ 10,792

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as June 30, 2014 are as follows:

Fiscal Years Ending June 30	
2015	\$ 4,170
2016	 13
Present value of future minimum lease payments	\$ 4,183

NOTE 11 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position and GASB Statement No. 65 Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities as of June 30, 2013.

GASB Statement No. 63 provides financial reporting guidance for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. This Statement also amends the net asset reporting requirements and other pronouncements by incorporating deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources into the definitions of the required components of the residual measure and by renaming that measure as net position, rather than net assets.

GASB Statement No. 65 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities.

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and thus, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City does not have any items to report as a deferred outflow of resources.

NOTE 11 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has only one type, which is unavailable revenue. The unavailable revenues arise only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenues, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. Deferred inflows of resources reported in the governmental funds for unavailable revenues are as follows:

	General Fund		Grant Fund		Lemoore Housing Authority		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Deferred housing loans Intergovernmental revenue	\$ 	72,801 72,801	\$	651,200 - 651,200	\$	216,000	\$	321,923 321,923	\$	867,200 394,724 1,261,924

NOTE 12 – POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The City allows its retirees who retire under provisions of a regular service retirement to have the opportunity to continue enrollment in the City's health insurance program. The retirees have the same choice of insurance plans as those of current employees. The retirees are pooled together separately from the active employee pool and pay the full cost of the insurance premiums without cost to the City.

NOTE 13 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

California Public Employees' Retirement Plan (CalPERS)

Plan Description

The City contributes to the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan. CalPERS provides retirement benefits and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employee's Retirement Law. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from their Executive Office located at 400 P Street, Sacramento, California 95814.

Funding Policy

CalPERS implemented a change for fiscal year 2012-2013, based on the passage of Assembly Bill (AB) 340. AB 340 created the Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) that implemented new benefit formulas and final compensation periods, as well as new contribution requirements for new employees hired on or after January 1, 2013 who meet the definition of new member under PEPRA. The City will assign employees as either "Classic" or "PEPRA" which have different contribution rates reflected in the following paragraphs.

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

California Public Employees' Retirement Plan (CalPERS) (Continued)

Active "Classic" plan members in the Miscellaneous and Safety plans are required to contribute 7.0% and 9.0%, respectively, of their annual covered salary. The City is required to contribute the actuarially determined remaining amounts necessary to fund the benefits for its members. The actuarial methods and assumptions used are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2013-2014 was 11.210% for miscellaneous employees and 21.155% for police officers, of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by State statute and the employer contribution rate is established and may be amended by CalPERS.

Active "PEPRA" plan members in the Miscellaneous and Safety plans are required to contribute 6.25% and 11.5% respectively, of their annual covered salary. The City is required to match the same percentages for the employer contribution rate.

Annual Pension Cost

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the City's annual pension cost of \$1,048,489 for CalPERS was equal to the City's required and actual contributions. The required contribution for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 was determined as part of the June 30, 2011 valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method with the contributions determined as a percent of pay. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.50% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), (b) projected annual salary increases that vary by duration of service ranging from 3.30% to 14.20% for both safety and miscellaneous members, and (c) 3.00% payroll growth. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 2.75%. The actuarial values of the Miscellaneous and Police Safety of the City's assets were determined by using a technique that smoothes the effects of short-term volatility in the fair market value of investments over a fifteen year period, depending on the size of investment gains and/or losses. The Miscellaneous and Safety Plans of the City of Lemoore's unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities are being amortized as a level percentage of projected payrolls on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2014 was 20 years for Miscellaneous and 16 years for Police Safety.

The City's annual pension cost (APC) and net position obligation as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014 were as follows:

	Thre	ee-Year Trend Info	rmation for PERS			
 Fiscal Year	Pensi	Annual on Cost (ACP)	Percentage of ACP Contributed	Net Pension Obligation		
6/30/12	\$	1,077,902	100.0%	\$	_	
6/30/13	\$	1,079,182	100.0%	\$	-	
6/30/14	\$	1,048,489	100.0%	\$	-	

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

California Public Employees' Retirement Plan (CalPERS) (Continued)

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of June 30, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 77.0% funded for miscellaneous employees and 75.2% funded for safety employees. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$11.8 billion for miscellaneous employees and \$16 billion for safety employees and the actuarial value of assets was \$9.1 billion for miscellaneous employees and \$12.1 billion for safety employees, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$2.7 billion for miscellaneous employees and \$4.0 billion for safety employees. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$1.9 billion for miscellaneous members and \$1.3 billion for safety members, and the ratio of UAAL to the covered payroll was 142.0% and 316.1%, respectively.

The schedule of funding progress presented as RSI presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Valuation Date	Actual Value Assets	 Acturial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age Normal	Jnfunded AAL (UAAL)/ Excess Assets)	Funded Ratio	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
Miscellaneous Plan						
6/30/2013	\$ 9,093,458,815	\$ 11,805,627,557	\$ 2,712,168,742	77.0%	\$ 1,909,639,449	142.0%
Safety Plan						
6/30/2013	\$ 12,092,373,658	\$ 16,086,316,273	\$ 3,993,942,615	75.2%	\$ 1,263,625,356	316.1%

NOTE 14 – DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The City has established a deferred compensation plan in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all full-time employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. All amounts deferred under the plan and all income attributable to those amounts are solely the property and rights of the plan participants. The City has no liability for losses under the plan. The assets and related liabilities are not reported on the City's financial statements in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 32, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans."

NOTE 15 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is a member of the Central San Joaquin Valley Risk Management Authority (CSJVRMA), a public entity risk pool for workers' compensation and general liability insurance. The CSJVRMA is a consortium of 54 cities located in California's San Joaquin Valley. It was established under the provisions of California Government Code Section 6500 et. seq. CSJVRMA is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of one member appointed by each member city. The day-to-day business operations are handled by a management group employed by CSJVRMA. The relationship between the City and CSJVRMA is such that CSJVRMA is not considered a component unit of the City for financial reporting purposes.

For liability insurance, the risk pool covers the City above its self-insurance retention level of \$50,000 up to \$1,000,000. CSJVRMA participates in the excess pool, which provides general liability coverage from \$1,000,000 to \$29,000,000.

The City maintains a self-insured retention level of \$50,000 for workers' compensation insurance. Coverage between \$50,000 and \$500,000 is provided through the risk pool. CSJVRMA participates in an excess pool, which provides workers' compensation coverage from \$500,000 to \$5,000,000 and purchases excess insurance above \$5,000,000 to the statutory limit.

At the termination of the joint venture agreement and after all claims have been settled, any excess or deficit will be divided among the cities in proportion to the aggregate amount of contribution made by each.

The most recent condensed information of CSJVRMA is as follows:

	As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2014			
Total assets Total liabilities	\$	80,694,798 65,440,947		
Member's equity	\$	15,253,851		
Total revenue for year Total expenses for year	\$	32,108,146 32,739,704		
Change in net position	\$	(631,558)		

NOTE 16 – CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

General Liability

There are various claims and legal actions pending against the City for which no provision has been made in the financial statements. In the opinion of the City Attorney and City Management, liabilities arising from these claims and legal actions, if any, will not be material to these financial statements.

Federal Awards and Grants

The City has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the federal government. Although such audits could result in expenditure disallowances under grant terms, any required reimbursements are not expected to be material.

NOTE 17 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

The following funds incurred expenditures in excess of appropriations in the following amounts for the year ended June 30, 2014:

General Fund:

Current:

General government	\$ 650,281
Community development	\$ 92,630
Parks and recreation	\$ 41,248
Capital outlay	\$ 498,119

The excess expenditures were covered by available fund balance in the funds.

Deficit Fund Balance

The Golf Course Fund has a net fund deficit of \$543,147. The deficit is due primarily to current operating income that is insufficient to cover outstanding long-term debt obligations. It is anticipated that the deficit in this fund will be eliminated through future revenues or transfers from other funds.

The Fleet Maintenance Fund has a net fund deficit of \$100,394. The deficit is due primarily to an underestimation of current fleet maintenance expenditures. The deficit will be eliminated through future revenues or transfers from other funds.

The Streets Grant Fund has a net fund deficit of \$244,902. The deficit is due primarily capital outlay expenditures in excess of grant revenues. The deficit will be eliminated through future revenues or transfers from other funds.

NOTE 18 – SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR WATER FUND

The Water Fund is an enterprise fund that accounts for the City's water utility operations and collection and administration of water fees. Segment information for the utility operations is as follows:

	Water Fund
CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET POSITION Assets:	
Current assets	\$ 6,093,982
Noncurrent assets	22,540,125
Total assets	28,634,107
Liabilities:	
Current liabilities	1,446,705
Noncurrent laibilities	9,073,483 10,520,188
Total liabilities	10,320,100
Net Position:	
Net investment in capital assets	15,472,125
Unrestricted	2,641,794 \$ 18,443,040
Total net position	<u>\$ 18,113,919</u>
CONDENSED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION	
Operating revenues	\$ 4,182,222
Depreciation expenses	(610,845)
Other operating expenses	(2,890,540)
Operating income (loss)	680,837
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)	
Other nonoperating revenue	35,482
Investing income	11,887
Interest expense	(163,339)
Transfers	(196,608)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(312,578)
Changes in net position	368,259
Beginning net position	17,899,361
Prior period adjustment	(153,701)
Ending net position	\$ 18,113,919
CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	
Net cash provided (used) by:	
Operating activities	\$ 1,823,967
Noncapital financing activities	2,175,275
Capital and related financing activities	(7,583,151)
Investing activities	13,666
Net increase (decrease) in cash and investments	(3,570,243)
Beginning cash and investments	9,136,218
Ending cash and investments	\$ 5,565,975

NOTE 19 – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

Governmental Activities

The beginning net position of the Governmental Activities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position has been restated to record prior period adjustments to correct the following errors in the prior year. A reconciliation of the prior year ending net position to the current year beginning net position for the Governmental Activities is as follows:

Beginning net position	\$ 92,806,870
Prior period adjustments	
Overstatement of capital assets due to inadequate asset management	(1,544,070)
Understatements of revenue due to incorrect classification of deferred loans as unearned revenue	867,200
Net amount of revenues and expenses that were previously classified as liabilities	 129,693
Total prior period adjustments	 (547,177)
Beginning net position, as restated	\$ 92,259,693

Fund Financial Statements

Enterprise Funds

The beginning net position in the Water Fund was overstated by \$153,701 due to depreciation expense being incorrectly recorded in previous years. This adjustment also affected the beginning net position of the Business-type Activities opinion unit included in the Government-Wide Financial Statements by the same amount.

Governmental Funds

The beginning fund balance in the General Fund was overstated by \$12,481 as result of the correction of two errors that occurred in previous fiscal years. The first adjustment of \$217,545 was due to certain revenue and expense transactions that had previously been classified as liabilities to the City. The second adjustment of \$230,026 was an entry required by the State of California while performing an audit of the City's Gas Tax Fund. It was found that in years past the City had been making unallowable transfers from the Gasoline Tax Fund to the General Fund.

The beginning fund balance in the Gasoline Tax Fund was understated by \$230,026 due to the aforementioned prior year unallowable transfers to the General Fund.

The beginning fund balance in the Other Governmental Funds opinion unit was overstated by \$87,852. The adjustment was due to certain revenue and expenses transactions that should have been recorded as such in the Streets Grant Fund. Instead, these transactions had previously been classified as a liability to the City in the General Fund.

NOTE 20 – RECHARACTERIZATION OF CITY FUND

During a review of the City's financial statements, it was determined that the nature of the City's Insurance Fund – previously characterized as an Internal Service Fund – would best be characterized as an Agency fund. This decision was made because the Insurance Fund is utilized strictly to withhold earnings from participating employees' paychecks in order to make insurance payments on the employees' behalf. There is no additional administration of the fund required to be performed by the City. Accordingly, the opening fiscal year 2013-14 net position of the Internal Service Fund in the proprietary funds financial statements and Governmental Activities Fund in the government-wide financial statements do not match the ending net position balances in the fiscal year 2012-13 financial statements. The effect to the opening fiscal year 2013-14 net positions for each of the aforementioned funds was a decrease of \$11,066 from the ending fiscal year 2012-13 net positions.

NOTE 21 – SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST

On January 30, 2012, the City Council elected to become the Successor Agency for the former redevelopment agency in accordance with Assembly Bill 1X26 (the "Bill") which dissolved all redevelopment agencies in the State of California.

Under the control of an oversight board, remaining assets can only be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence at the date of dissolution of the redevelopment agency (including the completion of any unfinished projects that were subject to legally enforceable contractual commitments).

Successor agencies are only allocated revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations of the former redevelopment agency until all enforceable obligations of the prior redevelopment agency have been paid in full and all assets have been liquidated.

Cash

A reconciliation of the Successor Agency Trust Fund's cash balances as of June 30, 2014 is as follows:

Cash on hand Cash with fiscal agents	\$ 2,569,073 19,329,972
Total cash	\$ 21.899.045

Receivables

A reconciliation of the Successor Agency Trust Fund's receivables balances as of June 30, 2014 is as follows:

Intergovernmental receivables	\$	645,718
Advances to the City of Lemoore		2,119,410
Note receivable		1,321,591
Total receivables	\$	4,086,719
1014110001145100	Ψ	1,000,710

NOTE 21 - SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets activity of the Successor Agency Trust Fund as of June 30, 2014 is as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2013	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2014
Capital Assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 1,108,062	<u>\$</u>	\$ (1,108,062)	<u>\$</u> _
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,108,062		(1,108,062)	
Successor Agency capital assets, net	\$ 1,108,062	\$ -	\$ (1,108,062)	\$ -

Long-term Debt

The following is a summary of long-term debt obligation transactions for the Successor Agency Trust Fund at June 30, 2014:

		Balance June 30, 2013	·	Incurred or Issued		Satisfied or Matured		Balance June 30, 2014	[Amounts Due Within One Year	D	Amounts ue in More an One Year
Bonds payable:												
1998 RDA Tax Allocation Refunding	\$	5,145,000	\$	-	\$	5,145,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2003 RDA Tax Allocation Refunding		11,380,000		-		11,380,000		-		-		-
2011 RDA Tax Allocation		18,990,000		-		170,000		18,820,000		165,000		18,655,000
2014 RDA Tax Allocation Refunding		-		15,855,465		-		15,855,465		-		15,855,465
Less: bond discount	_	(710,246)	_		_	(26,305)	_	(683,941)				(683,941)
Total bonds payable	_	34,804,754	_	15,855,465	_	16,668,695		33,991,524	_	165,000	;	33,826,524
Leprino Owner Participation Agreement Obligation	_	4,484,444	_		_	593,907	_	3,890,537				3,890,537
Business-type activities long-term liabilities	\$	39,289,198	\$	15,855,465	\$	17,262,602	\$	37,882,061	\$	165,000	\$:	37,717,061

Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds

1998 RDA Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds

The Agency issued \$6,180,000 of its Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds on April 1, 1998 (the 1998 Bonds) to advance fund \$5,015,000 of the Agency's \$8,500,000 issuance of 1995 Tax Allocation Bonds (the 1995 Bonds), and to fund issuance costs and a reserve account. Beginning August 1, 1998, interest on the 1998 Bonds is payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 of each year at interest rates varying from 3.60% to 5.28% per annum. Debt Service payments of the 1998 Bonds are secured by a pledge of the property tax revenue increments collected on properties within the redevelopment project area. The debt agreement requires a reserve account to be held by the trustee. The 1998 Bonds were fully defeased through a current refunding during fiscal year 2013-2014.

NOTE 21 - SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST (Continued)

Long-term Debt (Continued)

2003 RDA Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds

On May 15, 2003, the Agency issued \$13,835,000 of its Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series 2003 (the 2003 Bonds) bearing interest of 1.6% to 4.75% payable semi-annually on August 1 and February 1, commencing August 1, 2003. Beginning August 1, 2006, principal comes due annually in various sums through August 1, 2033, subject to optional redemption by the Agency, in whole or in part, on August 1, 2013. The 2003 Bonds are payable from, and secured by, incremental property tax revenues (Pledged Tax Revenues). The proceeds were used to legally defease the remaining outstanding balance (\$2,360,000) of the 1995 Bonds to fund a debt service payment reserve account and to pay costs of issuance, with the balance of the 2003 bond proceeds deposited into the Agency's Housing and Redevelopment Funds for future redevelopment activities. The refunding of the 1995 Bonds resulted in an economic gain (the difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the original and refunding debt) of \$298,825 which is being amortized in the government-wide financial statements on a straight-line basis over the life of the 2003 Bonds, along with the cost of issuing the 2003 Bonds. The 2003 Bonds were fully defeased through a current refunding during fiscal year 2013-2014.

2011 Tax Allocation Bonds

On March 4, 2011, the Agency issued \$19,150,000 of its 2011 Tax Allocation Bonds (the 2011 Bonds) bearing interest of 3.0% to 7.375%, payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1, commencing August 1, 2011. Beginning August 2, 2012, principal comes due annually in various sums through August 1, 2040, subject to optimal redemption by the Agency, on whole or in part on August 1, 2017. The 2011 Bonds are payable from and secured by incremental property tax revenue (Pledged Tax Revenues).

The following is a schedule of the future estimated minimum payments related to the 2011 Bonds at June 30, 2014:

		2011 Ta	ng Bond				
Fiscal Years Ending June 30	_	Principal	Interest		Total		
2015	\$	165,000	\$ 1,342,613	\$	1,507,613		
2016		170,000	1,335,700		1,505,700		
2017		170,000	1,328,263		1,498,263		
2018		180,000	1,319,938		1,499,938		
2019		180,000	1,310,825		1,490,825		
2020-2024		1,025,000	6,386,853		7,411,853		
2025-2029		1,430,000	5,986,939		7,416,939		
2030-2034		2,015,000	5,359,994		7,374,994		
2035-2039		9,495,000	3,251,084		12,746,084		
2040-2041		3,990,000	 299,425		4,289,425		
Totals	\$	18,820,000	\$ 27,921,634	\$	46,741,634		

NOTE 21 - SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST (Continued)

Long-term Debt (Continued)

2014 RDA Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds

The Agency issued \$15,855,465 of its Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds on June 27, 2014 (the 2014 Bonds) to currently fund \$4,160,427 and \$10,269,654 of the Agency's remaining issuances of the 1998 RDA Tax Allocation Refunding Bond and the 2003 RDA Tax Allocations Refunding Bonds, and to fund issuance costs and a reserve account. Beginning February 1, 2015, interest and principal on the 2014 Bonds is payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 of each year at an interest rate of 3.960% per annum. Debt Service payments of the 2014 Bonds are secured by a pledge of the property tax revenue increments collected on properties within the redevelopment project area. The debt agreement requires a reserve account to be held by the trustee. The final payment of the loan is scheduled for August 1, 2033.

The following is a schedule of the future estimated minimum payments related to the 2014 Bonds at June 30, 2014:

	2014 Tax Allocation Refunding Bond							
Fiscal Years Ending June 30		Principal		Interest		Total		
2015	ď		¢.	272 220	¢	272 220		
2015	\$	-	\$	373,238	\$	373,238		
2016		524,878		617,484		1,142,362		
2017		604,523		595,122		1,199,645		
2018		626,612		570,745		1,197,357		
2019		653,805		545,393		1,199,198		
2020-2024		3,675,298		2,310,046		5,985,344		
2025-2029		4,425,280		1,508,523		5,933,803		
2030-2034		5,345,069		545,594		5,890,663		
Totals	\$	15,855,465	\$	7,066,145	\$	22,921,610		

Leprino Owner Participation Agreement Obligation

On March 7, 2000, the Agency entered into an owner participation agreement with Leprino Foods Company (Leprino) whereby Leprino was to construct a dairy and related products manufacturing and storage facility within the redevelopment project area. The City was to reimburse Leprino \$3 million for the cost of the infrastructure improvements which contributed to the elimination of blight in the project area. Subsequently, due to an expansion of the project scope requiring Leprino to increase its investment from \$125 million to more the \$250 million, the Agency's reimbursement obligation increased to \$6 million, payable in 10 annual installments of \$600,000 each year, subject to the Leprino facility having an assessed value in excess of \$250 million and verification of actual infrastructure costs incurred by Leprino. During the June 30, 2013 fiscal year, a final payment of \$1,613,666 was made. This payment was adjusted from \$600,000 because the facility's assessed value was \$413 million.

On September 4, 2007, the Agency entered into an amendment to the Owner Participation Agreement with Leprino Foods Company (Leprino). Leprino has decided to expand the production capacity of the plant to permit the increase in the milk received on a daily basis from its current level of 6,000,000 pounds of milk per day, to install additional packaging capacity and make other process improvements. The 2007 Expansion Project includes the completion of the addition work at the Expanded Wastewater Pretreatment System.

It has be acknowledged that the City will incur an additional liability of approximately \$6 million for wastewater improvements at the Leprino plant and this liability will be paid from the additional tax increments that the plan would generate based on this expansion. The amount calculated for fiscal year 2013 was \$593,907 based on the increase in tax increments and other facts.

The total liability to Leprino Foods Company at June 30, 2014 was \$3,890,537.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF LEMOORE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Both of the City's defined benefit pension plans, the Miscellaneous Plan and the Safety Plan, are cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans that provide retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The information presented below in the schedule of funding progress and employer contributions relates to the plan as a whole, of which the City is one participating employer.

It should be noted that during the June 30, 2013 actuarial valuation of the pension plans, CalPERS actuaries combined all of the Miscellaneous and Safety plans into two plans for reporting purposes. Accordingly, all of the amounts included in the Schedule of Funding Progress appear to have significantly increased from the previously reported actuarial valuations.

Valuation Date	 Actual Value Assets	 Acturial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age Normal	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)/ Excess Assets)	Funded Ratio	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
Miscellaneous Plan						
6/30/2011	\$ 3,203,214,899	\$ 3,619,835,876	\$ 416,620,977	88.5%	\$ 759,263,518	54.9%
6/30/2012	\$ 3,686,598,343	\$ 4,175,139,166	\$ 488,540,823	88.3%	\$ 757,045,663	64.5%
6/30/2013	\$ 9,093,458,815	\$ 11,805,627,557	\$ 2,712,168,742	77.0%	\$ 1,909,639,449	142.0%
Safety Plan						
6/30/2011	\$ 421,374,728	\$ 503,491,275	\$ 82,116,547	83.7%	\$ 63,392,685	129.5%
6/30/2012	\$ 407,411,936	\$ 475,963,729	\$ 68,551,793	85.6%	\$ 59,986,230	114.3%
6/30/2013	\$ 12,092,373,658	\$ 16,086,316,273	\$ 3,993,942,615	75.2%	\$ 1,263,625,356	316.1%

CITY OF LEMOORE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MODIFIED APPROACH FOR CITY INFRASTRUCTURE CAPITAL ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Description of Modified Approach

The City has elected to use the "Modified Approach" as defined by GASB Statement No. 34 for infrastructure reporting for the majority of its road network system. Under GASB Statement No. 34, eligible infrastructure capital assets are not required to be depreciated under the following conditions:

- The City manages the eligible infrastructure capital assets using an asset management system which requires that the City (a) perform an up-to-date inventory; (b) perform condition assessments and summarize the results using a measurement scale; and (c) estimate the annual amounts to maintain and preserve the asset at the established condition assessment level.
- The City documents that the eligible infrastructure capital assets are being preserved approximately at or above the established and disclosed condition assessment level.

Assessment of Road Network Conditions

In August 2003, the City hired engineers to conduct a study to update the physical condition of its road networks, which included seven major categories: curb and gutter, sidewalk, pavement, landscape zones, streetlights, railroad crossings, and traffic signals. Due to a recommendation by the engineers performing the assessment, the streetlights, railroad crossings, and traffic signals were removed from the "modified approach" methodology of tracking infrastructure and are now depreciated using the straight-line method. Capital assets such as water, sewer, and storm drain facilities funded through enterprise accounts were not included. Previous physical condition assessments were conducted April 2007 and November 2012.

As part of the assessment of the physical condition of the City's road networks, the City adopted an Overall Condition Indices (OCIs) standard for each asset group included in its road networks. For the most recent report completed in November 2012, the City established a minimum OCI of 70 for each asset group. The following includes the ranges established by the City to categorize the condition of its asset groups, as well as the OCI determined by the engineers that performed the assessment.

OCI Ranges Established by the City

Cido	MOUL	s and	
Side	waik:	s anu	

Curbs	& Gutters	Pavei	ment	Landscape Zones			
Condition	OCI Range	Condition	OCI Range	Condition	OCI Range		
Good	100 - 76	Level 1	100 - 76	Good	100 - 90		
Fair	75 - 51	Level 2	75 - 61	Fair	89 - 30		
Poor	50 - 0	Level 3	60 - 46	Poor	29 - 0		
		Level 4	45 - 30				
		Level 5	29 - 13				

OCI Ratings

Asset Group	August 2003	April 2007	November 2012
Sidewalks	87.2	N/A	98.3
Curbs and Gutters	87.5	N/A	98.4
Pavement	82.2	N/A	75.6
Landscape Zones	80.0	79.0	76.0

The April 2007 OCI assessments were not available for the sidewalks, curbs and gutters, and landscaping zones.

CITY OF LEMOORE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MODIFIED APPROACH FOR CITY INFRASTRUCTURE CAPITAL ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Estimated Maintenance Costs Versus Actual Costs

The City expended \$1,404,971 on road network improvement projects for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. These road network improvements expenditures enhanced the condition of many of the road networks described above and in Note 1 to the basic financial statements and delayed deterioration on others. The estimated expenditure required to maintain and improve the overall condition of the road networks from July 1, 2014 – June 30, 2015 is \$1,473,385.

A schedule of the estimated annual amount calculated versus the actual amount spent to maintain and preserve the City's road networks above the current minimum OCI rating of 70 over the past four years is as follows:

Fiscal Year	aintenance Estimate	Ex	Actual penditures
2010-11	\$ 2,989,008	\$	961,184
2011-12	1,940,100		793,928
2012-13	2,329,020		2,609,569
2013-14	1,473,385		1,404,971

CITY OF LEMOORE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Budgeted Amount							riance with nal Budget - Positive
		Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)
DEVENUE O								
REVENUES:	Ф	4 270 000	Φ	4 270 000	Φ	4 074 400	Φ	F04 400
Property taxes Other taxes	\$	1,370,000 2,679,000	\$	1,370,000	\$	1,871,400	\$	501,400
		347,200		2,679,000		2,877,392		198,392
Licenses and permits Charges for services		426,400		347,200 426,400		679,888		332,688
•				•		458,129		31,729
Intergovernmental Fees and assessments		1,977,025		1,977,025		2,325,225		348,200
		19,000		19,000		77,540		58,540
Use of money and property		108,750		108,750		68,274		(40,476)
Other revenue		546,318		546,318		612,585		66,267
Total revenues		7,473,693		7,473,693		8,970,433		1,496,740
EXPENDITURES:								
General government		974,386		969,017		1,619,298		(650,281)
Public safety		5,273,500		5,291,846		4,979,815		312,031
Public works		423,821		451,622		349,974		101,648
Community development		1,190,706		1,233,922		1,326,552		(92,630)
Parks and recreation		533,613		537,177		578,425		(41,248)
Capital outlay		617,280		617,280		1,115,399		(498,119)
Capital Outlay		017,200		011,200		1,110,000	-	(100,110)
Total expenditures		9,013,306		9,100,864		9,969,463		(868,599)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		(1,539,613)		(1,627,171)	_	(999,030)		628,141
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Sale of capital assets		-		-		9,201		9,201
Operating transfers in		-		-		1,521,495		1,521,495
Operating transfers out						(196,969)		(196,969)
Total other financing sources (uses)		<u>-</u>	_		_	1,333,727	_	1,333,727
Net changes in fund balances	_	(1,539,613)		(1,627,171)		334,697		1,961,868
Fund balances, June 30, 2013		12,129,456		12,129,456		12,129,456		-
Prior period adjustment		(12,481)		(12,481)	_	(12,481)		
Fund balances, June 30, 2013, restated		12,116,975	_	12,116,975		12,116,975		
Fund balances, June 30, 2014	\$	10,577,362	\$	10,489,804	\$	12,451,672	\$	1,961,868

CITY OF LEMOORE NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 1 – BUDGET CONTROL AND ACCOUNTING

The City follows these procedures annually in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the budgetary comparison schedules:

- 1. The City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. The City Council reviews the proposed budget at specially scheduled sessions before the public hearing. The council also conducts a public hearing on the proposed budget to obtain comment from interested persons.
- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally adopted through passage of a resolution. This budget is reported as Original Budget in the budgetary comparisons schedule.
- 4. During the fiscal year, changes to the adopted budget may be authorized, as follows:
 - a. Items requiring City Council action appropriations of fund balance reserves, transfers of appropriations between funds, appropriation of any non-departmental revenues; new interfund loans or advances; and creation of new capital projects.
 - b. Items delegated to the City Manager transfers between departments within funds so long as there is not an increase to fund budget.
 - c. Items delegated to the Finance Director allocation of departmental appropriations between line items so long as the total departmental budget remains the same.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management tool for all funds. Annual budgets are legally adopted and amended as required for the general, special revenue and enterprise funds. Project length budget are adopted for the capital projects funds. All budgets are prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), and budgetary comparisons for the general and major special revenue funds are presented on that basis in the required supplementary information. A debt service payment schedule for the debt service funds is also approved as part of the budget process.
- 6. Budget amounts are reflected after all authorized amendments and revisions. The budget is reported as the Final Budget in the budgetary comparisons schedule.
- 7. For each legally adopted operating budget, expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level. The legal appropriation basis is at the level called "department." A "department" for legal appropriation purposes may be a single organization or an entire department having multiple organizations within the same fund, or an entire fund.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF LEMOORE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

The **Special Revenue Funds** are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

The **Traffic Safety Fund** is used to account for proceeds of traffic citations, which may be used for programs promoting traffic safety, such as street improvements, striping, and the like.

The **Local Transportation Fund** is used to account for the maintenance and construction of roadways and for specialized engineering services using transportation development act funds.

The **Streets Grant Fund** is used to account for street improvements using miscellaneous state and federal grants.

The **Maintenance Assessment District Fund** is used to account for City maintenance costs relating to the public improvements within the assessment district area.

The **TE/STP Exchange Fund** is used to account for projects undertaken with federal streets transportation and planning funds received by the City through the State of California.

The **Downtown Improvement Fund** is used to account for economic development and revitalization endeavors by local businesses in the downtown area.

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

The **Capital Projects Funds** are established to account for resources used for the acquisition and constructions of capital facilities by the City, except for those financed for enterprise funds.

The **Street Improvement Fund** is used to account for improvements to local streets and roads using developer fees, grant proceeds, and other sources designated by the City Council for this purpose.

The **Recreation Improvement Fund** is used to account for the revenue from developer fees to be used for acquisition and development of parks and recreation facilities.

The **Facility Infrastructure Fund** is used to account for improvements to City buildings and improvements using developer fees, grant proceeds, and other sources designated by the City Council for this purpose.

The Capital Improvement Fees Fund is used to account for miscellaneous capital projects using developer fees.

CITY OF LEMOORE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

		Combined cial Revenue Funds		Combined pital Project Funds		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	3,214,082	\$	5,743,275	\$	8,957,357
Accounts Intergovernmental		1,286 910,264		35,831 <u>-</u>		37,117 910,264
Total assets	\$	4,125,632	\$	5,779,106	\$	9,904,738
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	65,096	\$	-	\$	65,096
Due to other funds		265,052		38,634		303,686
Total liabilities		330,148		38,634		368,782
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue		321,923				321,923
Total deferred inflows of resources		321,923		<u>-</u>		321,923
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted		1,474,313		-		1,474,313
Committed		1,845,204		5,740,472		7,585,676
Assigned		398,946		-		398,946
Unassigned		(244,902)		<u>-</u>		(244,902)
Total fund balances		3,473,561		5,740,472		9,214,033
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	•	4.405.005	•	E ===0 465	•	0.004.755
resources, and fund balances	\$	4,125,632	\$	5,779,106	\$	9,904,738

CITY OF LEMOORE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	 Combined Special Revenue Funds		Combined Capital Projects Funds		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
REVENUES:					
Property taxes	\$ 257,260	\$	-	\$	257,260
Licenses and permits	9,670		-		9,670
From other agencies	1,960,738		-		1,960,738
Fees and assessments	29,351		355,771		385,122
Use of money and property	6,821		13,272		20,093
Other revenue	 6,350		2		6,352
Total revenues	 2,270,190		369,045		2,639,235
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General government	8,723		-		8,723
Public works	213		-		213
Community development	384,187		-		384,187
Capital outlay: City streets	0.675.044		220 422		2 042 726
Parks and recreation	2,675,314		338,422 386,784		3,013,736 386,784
Debt service:	 	_	300,704		360,764
	_		_		_
Principal retirement	 				
Total expenditures	 3,068,437		725,206	_	3,793,643
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	 (798,247)		(356,161)		(1,154,408)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Operating transfers in	14,784		196,969		211,753
Operating transfers out	 (36,497)		(37,502)		(73,999)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (21,713)		159,467		137,754
Net changes in fund balances	 (819,960)		(196,694)		(1,016,654)
Fund balances, July 1, 2013	4,381,373		5,937,166		10,318,539
Prior period adjustment	 (87,852)				(87,852)
Fund balances, July 1, 2013, restated	 4,293,521		5,937,166		10,230,687
Fund balances, June 30, 2014	\$ 3,473,561	\$	5,740,472	\$	9,214,033

CITY OF LEMOORE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

		Traffic Safety	Tra	Local ansportation	Streets Grant Fund		Maintenance Assessment District		TE/STP Exchange Fund		Downtown Improvement			Totals
ASSETS	•	007.404	•	407.005	•		•	4 050 405	•	450.054	•	0.050	•	0.044.000
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	397,491	\$	497,285	\$	-	\$	1,858,405	\$	450,951	\$	9,950	\$	3,214,082
Accounts		1,286		-		_		-		-		-		1,286
Intergovernmental	_	169		372,648		362,076		18,481	_	156,890	_	<u>-</u>		910,264
Total assets	\$	398,946	\$	869,933	\$	362,076	\$	1,876,886	\$	607,841	\$	9,950	\$	4,125,632
LIABILITIES														
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	1,242	\$	20,003	\$	40,581	\$	2,219	\$	1,051	\$	65,096
Due to other funds	_	<u> </u>	_		_	265,052	_	-	_	-	_			265,052
Total liabilities				1,242		285,055		40,581		2,219		1,051		330,148
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES														
Unavailable revenue	_	<u> </u>	_		_	321,923	_	-	_	-	_			321,923
Total deferred inflows of resources			_			321,923	_						_	321,923
FUND BALANCES														
Restricted		-		868,691		-		-		605,622		-		1,474,313
Committed		-		-		-		1,836,305		-		8,899		1,845,204
Assigned		398,946		-		(244,002)		-		-		-		398,946
Unassigned	_	<u>-</u>	_		_	(244,902)	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	_		_	(244,902)
Total fund balances		398,946		868,691		(244,902)		1,836,305	_	605,622		8,899	_	3,473,561
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of														
resources, and fund balances	\$	398,946	\$	869,933	\$	362,076	\$	1,876,886	\$	607,841	\$	9,950	\$	4,125,632

CITY OF LEMOORE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Traffic Safety	Local Transportation	Streets Grant Fund	Maintenance Assessment District	TE/STP Exchange Fund	Downtown Improvement	Totals
REVENUES Property taxes Licenses and permits	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ 257,260	\$ - -	\$ - 9,670	\$ 257,260 9,670
From other agencies Fees and assessments	- 29,351	372,648	898,802	532,398	156,890	- -	1,960,738 29,351
Use of money and property Other revenue	883	1,196 	71 	3,584 6,350	1,066	21 	6,821 6,350
Total revenues	30,234	373,844	898,873	799,592	157,956	9,691	2,270,190
EXPENDITURES							
Current: General government Public works	-	-	- 213	-	-	8,723	8,723 213
Community development Capital outlay:	-	-	-	384,187	-	-	384,187
City streets		326,677	1,443,512		905,125		2,675,314
Total expenditures		326,677	1,443,725	384,187	905,125	8,723	3,068,437
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	30,234	47,167	(544,852)	415,405	(747,169)	968	(798,247)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	(398	-)	14,784 (9,099)	(27,000)	<u> </u>	<u>. </u>	14,784 (36,497)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(398)	5,685	(27,000)			(21,713)
Net change in fund balance	29,836	47,167	(539,167)	388,405	(747,169)	968	(819,960)
Fund balances, July 1, 2013	369,110	821,524	382,117	1,447,900	1,352,791	7,931	4,381,373
Prior period adjustment		<u> </u>	(87,852)				(87,852)
Fund balance, July 1, 2013, restated	369,110	821,524	294,265	1,447,900	1,352,791	7,931	4,293,521
Fund balances, July 1, 2014	\$ 398,946	\$ 868,691	\$ (244,902)	\$ 1,836,305	\$ 605,622	\$ 8,899	\$ 3,473,561

CITY OF LEMOORE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	<u>Imp</u>	Street Improvement		Recreation Facility mprovement Infrastructure		lm	Capital provement Fees	Totals		
ASSETS Cash and investments Receivables: Accounts	\$	119,584	\$	1,942,824 7,715	\$	480,696	\$	3,200,171 28,116	\$	5,743,275 35,831
Total assets	\$	119,584	\$	1,950,539	\$	480,696	\$	3,228,287	\$	5,779,106
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$	<u> </u>	\$	26,816	\$	565	\$	11,253	\$	38,634
Total liabilities				26,816		565		11,253		38,634
FUND BALANCES Committed		119,584		1,923,723		480,131		3,217,034		5,740,472
Total fund balances		119,584		1,923,723		480,131		3,217,034		5,740,472
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	119,584	\$	1,950,539	\$	480,696	\$	3,228,287	\$	5,779,106

CITY OF LEMOORE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Street Improvement	Recreation Improvement	Facility Infrastructure	Capital Improvement Fees	Totals
REVENUES					
Fees and assessments	\$ -	\$ 137,964	\$ -	\$ 217,807	\$ 355,771
Use of money and property	276	4,949	666	7,381	13,272
Other revenue	-			2	2
Total revenues	276	142,913	666	225,190	369,045
EXPENDITURES					
Capital outlay:					
Public works	-	-	4,826	333,596	338,422
Parks and recreation		386,784			386,784
Total expenditures		386,784	4,826	333,596	725,206
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	276	(243,871)	(4,160)	(108,406)	(356,161)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Operating transfers in	-	-	196,969	-	196,969
Operating transfers out		(24,352)		(13,150)	(37,502)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(24,352)	196,969	(13,150)	159,467
Net change in fund balance	276	(268,223)	192,809	(121,556)	(196,694)
Fund balances, July 1, 2013	119,308	2,191,946	287,322	3,338,590	5,937,166
Fund balances, June 30, 2014	\$ 119,584	\$ 1,923,723	\$ 480,131	\$ 3,217,034	\$ 5,740,472

CITY OF LEMOORE COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	Successor Agency Debt Service			Successor Agency Dital Projects	Totals	
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	13,971	\$	2,555,102	\$	2,569,073
Restricted cash with fiscal agents		19,329,972		-		19,329,972
Intergovernmental receivables		-		645,718		645,718
Advances to City of Lemoore		-		2,119,410		2,119,410
Notes receivable		-		1,321,591		1,321,591
Prepaid expenses		64,363		-		64,363
Assets held for resale		-		1,464,377		1,464,377
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>
Total assets	\$	19,408,306	\$	8,106,198	\$	27,514,504
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	56,065	\$	56,065
Intergovernmental payable		-		-		-
Interest payable		560,796		-		560,796
Long-term debt		33,991,524		3,890,537	-	37,882,061
Total liabilities		34,552,320		3,946,602		38,498,922
NET POSITION						
Held in trust for the retirement of obligations						
of the former Lemoore Redevelopment Agency		(15,144,014)		4,159,596		(10,984,418)
Total net position	\$	(15,144,014)	\$	4,159,596	\$	(10,984,418)

CITY OF LEMOORE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Successor Agency Debt Service			Successor Agency oital Projects	Pri	Total cessor Agency vate-Purpose Trust Fund
ADDITIONS						
Taxes	\$	-	\$	3,563,318	\$	3,563,318
Investment earnings		33,185		101,290		134,475
Reimbursement of debt overpayment		-		1,239,625		1,239,625
Miscellaneous		-		24,413		24,413
Intrafund transfers		3,625,048		<u>-</u>		3,625,048
Total additions		3,658,233		4,928,646		8,586,879
rotal additions		0,000,200		1,020,010		0,000,070
DEDUCTIONS						
Community development		-		421,466		421,466
Intrafund transfers		-		3,625,048		3,625,048
Loss on asset disposal		-		1,108,062		1,108,062
Debt service:						
Interest and fiscal charges		2,355,291		<u>-</u>		2,355,291
Total deductions		2,355,291		5,154,576		7,509,867
Changes in net position		1,302,942		(225,930)		1,077,012
Net position, beginning of year		(16,446,956)		4,385,526		(12,061,430)
Net position, end of year	\$	(15,144,014)	\$	4,159,596	\$	(10,984,418)

CITY OF LEMOORE COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	Other Laguna Agency Irrigation Funds			In	surance	Totals		
ASSETS								
Cash and investments Accounts receivable Other assets	\$ 500,410 - 28,800	\$	433,516 45,204	\$	71,625 - -	\$	1,005,551 45,204 28,800	
Total assets	\$ 529,210	\$	478,720	\$	71,625	\$	1,079,555	
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable Due to others Deposits	\$ 529,210 -	\$	262,794 184,215 31,711	\$	71,625 -	\$	262,794 785,050 31,711	
Total liabilities	\$ 529,210	\$	478,720	\$	71,625	\$	1,079,555	