

2/16/2021 City Council Meeting

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Presentation to the

City of Lemoore

June 30, 2020 Audit Results &

Required Communications

Presented by Brian Henderson, CPA, Partner

Agenda

- Introduction
- Audit Results
 - Engagements Performed
- Required Communications
- Overview of Findings
- Other Items
- Questions



Introduction

- Audits are conducted under the following standards:
 - Generally Accepted Auditing Standards
 - Governmental Auditing Standards (Yellow Book)
 - Uniform Guidance (Single Audit) (N/A in 2020)



Introduction (continued)

• Our Responsibility:

- Issue an Opinion: Provide <u>reasonable assurance</u> that the financial statements are presented in all <u>material</u> respects (free of material misstatement)
 - Does not address the financial condition of the City
- Purpose of the audit is not to detect fraud. We cannot take responsibility for finding fraud, if it existed
- Consider internal control over financial reporting for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control
- Perform tests of the City's compliance with certain provisions of law, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, with which could have a material effect on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance with these provisions



Introduction (continued)

- City's Responsibility:
 - Preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements
 - Accurate and complete in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America
 - Maintain effective internal controls
 - Design, implementation and maintenance relevant to the fair presentation of the financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error



Audit Results

- Issued Audit Reports: Unmodified opinion (standards performed)
 - City FS 2/10/21 (Yellow Book)
 - GANN Annual Appropriations AUP 2/5/21: No findings per procedures performed



Required Communications

- Sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements
 - Pension Liability (reliance on CalPERS actuary data)
- FS Disclosures are neutral, consistent with PY and clear
- No significant difficulties encountered in performing the audit (much smoother audit as compared to 2019)
- All misstatements noted during the audit corrected by mgmt.
- No major disagreements with management
- We obtained representations from management (dated in conjunction with various audit issuance dates)
- We are unaware of any management consultations with other independent accountants



Overview of Findings

• City Audit

- Material Weakness: Golf Course Prepaid Assets and Inventory: Material adjustment in the cumulative for adjustment of inventory and prepaid assets at year-end
- Other Matters-
 - None noted



Overview of Findings (continued)

Follow up on PY Findings

- City Audit
 - Material Weakness: Financial Reporting & Reporting: Implemented
 - Material Weakness: Bank Reconciliations: Implemented
 - Material Weakness: Capital Assets: Implemented
 - Material Weakness: Payroll Reporting: Implemented

• GANN Report

• City utilized incorrect per capita change rate. Implemented & corrected for prior years calculation



Other Items

- Audit Procedures
 - Audit testing and fieldwork (all remote in CY due to COVID)
 - Interim in November 1 week
 - Final in December/January 2-3 Weeks
- Testing included Risk Based Audit Approach, including possible areas of fraud, abuse and areas of concern in the past.
- Completed audit reports and financials in Jan/Feb 2021



Other Items (continued)

- Financial Statement Highlights/Changes from PY
 - All new pronouncements delayed a year in accordance with GASB due to COVID relief



Questions???

Contact Information

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7473 N. Ingram Ave., Suite 102 Fresno, CA 93711 559-412-7576





February 10, 2021

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Lemoore, California

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lemoore, California (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated July 17, 2020. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the City are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new significant accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2020. We noted no transactions entered into by the City during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The City does not have any particularly sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements.

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosures affecting the financial statements were:

The disclosures of the employee pension plan and related account balances are presented in Note 12 to the financial statements. Analysis of these balances rely mostly on the actuarial evaluation obtained by management. The significance of the estimated future liability and related deferred inflows and outflows or resources makes these sensitive disclosures for the users of the financial statements.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing the audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. All material adjustments were communicated to management in our separate Report to Management, including our identification of an internal control related issue as noted during the course of our audit.

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Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated February 10, 2021.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to City's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the City's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund, Lemoore Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund and Gasoline Tax Special Revenue Fund, schedule of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability, and schedule of plan contributions, which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on the combining fund financial statements, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council and management of the City and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sincerely,

HUDSON HENDERSON & COMPANY, INC.

Hudson Handerson & Company, Inc.

By: Brian Henderson, CPA

CITY OF LEMOORE

REPORT TO MANAGEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Lemoore, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lemoore, California (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 10, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. During our audit we did identify a deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses that we consider to be a material weakness: 2020-001.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

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City's Response to Findings

The City's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

HUDSON HENDERSON & COMPANY, INC.

Hudson Harderson & Company, Inc.

Fresno, California February 10, 2021

CITY OF LEMOORE SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Finding 2020-001 – Material Weakness Prepaid Assets and Inventory

Condition:

During the audit of the City's financial statements, we identified misstatements in the prepaid assets and inventory accounts in the City's Golf Course fund which when considered in total required a material audit adjustment.

Criteria:

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which includes the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal control to ensure that all assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses are properly recorded and reported. Furthermore, proper accounting principles should be applied to all financial closing accounts and processes, thus resulting in the proper presentation of all City activities and/or funds.

Cause:

The City's Finance Department had performed an inventory count for the Golf Course fund and had performed an analysis over the prepaid assets. However, a final adjustment to ensure the balances were corrected to actual was overseen in the financial closing process. As a result, the balances reported were materially misstated and did not accurately reflect the prepaid assets and inventory balance prior to audit adjustments.

Effect:

Material adjustments were identified through audit procedures performed to correct the prepaid asset and inventory account balances affecting the City's Golf Course fund.

Recommendation:

The City has implemented procedures over the financial closing process, including performing inventory counts and analysis of balance sheet accounts. With these procedures, the financial closing process has vastly improved as compared to prior years. We recommend that the City create a final closing procedure as a final analysis tool to ensure that all accounts have been properly analyzed and adjustments as necessary have been booked into the accounting system and ensure that no funds and/or account balances are accidently overseen in the financial closing process prior to the commencement of the audit.

Management Response:

The prepaid expenses account in the golf course has not been utilized by the City for multiple years and, accordingly, an incorrect balance remained on the balance sheet. Since there has been no activity for multiple years, the City did not consider this account in its closing process.

As was stated in the cause, the City performs a monthly golf course inventory count and maintains updated detailed records. However, the City failed to adjust the trial balance during the year-end close to reconcile to the inventory count. Accordingly, an immaterial adjustment was required to correct that account balance.

The City has updated its year-end closing procedures to include a reconciliation of its prepaid expense and inventory accounts to supporting schedules during its financial statements close.

CITY OF LEMOORE SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Finding 2019-001 – Material Weakness Financial Closing & Reporting

Condition:

During the audit of the City's financial statements, we identified material misstatements in the City's general ledger account balances which required material audit adjustments. Additionally, the City still requires an excessive number of year-end closing journal entries to complete the financial closing process.

Criteria:

In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, adequate internal controls should be implemented to ensure that all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses are properly recorded and reported. Furthermore, proper accounting principles should be applied to all financial closing accounts and processes, thus resulting in the proper presentation of all City activities and/or funds.

Cause:

The City's Finance Department hired an outside accounting firm to assist them with the financial closing and recording process, as well as overall accounting policies and procedures. In reviewing accounting records and audit records from the previous year, the City does appear to have made significant strides in improving this process for the current year. However, the City is still in the process of updating and implementing their accounting processes and reporting policies, which has led to the delay in full implementation of prior year findings and noted corrective action plans.

Effect:

Material adjustments were identified through audit procedures performed which resulted in adjustments, including prior period and current year adjustments to long-term debt, and the accrual of payroll related liabilities that existed as of yearend.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the City continue to work on clarifying roles and responsibilities during the year-end closing process, as well as communication with the outside consultant, to integrate itself more into the closing process for areas in which the consultant provides assistance. This includes further enhancing the process to ensure that all accounting records are properly reflected in the financial statements prior to the commencement of the audit. We also recommend that the consultant is brought into the process earlier in the year, to assist throughout the year and help management implement preventative measures to mitigate financial recording errors as opposed to detective measures in fixing financial reporting errors during the financial closing process.

Management Response:

We agree with the finding as it relates to the period of the audit and have taken significant measures – beginning in December 2018 and continuously through the issuance of the financial statements – to address deficiencies within the City's year-end closing process, including some of the items mentioned in the management recommendation. Much of the closing issues related to a substantial transition period within the Finance Department to address with prior year findings, including the reorganization of the Finance Department, hiring an outside consultant to assist with the year-end closing and the development of other operational controls, the in-progress development of monthly closing processes, etc. We are confident that with the monthly closing process being implemented, an increase in the familiarity with the year-end closing process, as well as the development and implementation of new processes to improve internal controls over financial closing, the City will be able to substantially decrease the number of journal entries required to close the books and, accordingly, reduce the potential for material errors in the City's trial balance. Additionally, it will result in a timelier close to the City's accounting records, which will allow the ability to perform a more thorough review of closing journal entries and related supporting documentation.

Current Year Status:

Implemented.

CITY OF LEMOORE SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RESPONSES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Finding 2019-002 – Material Weakness Bank Reconciliations

Condition:

Through review of the City's bank reconciliations, we noted that the reconciliations were not being done consistently or in a timely fashion throughout the fiscal year. All were completed at one time by the City's accounting consulting firm after year-end as part of the financial close process.

Criteria:

In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, adequate internal controls should be implemented to ensure the timely preparation of the bank reconciliations in order to identify any discrepancies, errors, and/or suspicious activity in the City's cash accounts.

Cause:

Staff shortages, changes in management, and lack of ability to properly reconcile due to errors and large reconciling items appear to have caused the delay in the reconciliations of the City's cash accounts.

Effect:

Unreconciled bank accounts can allow for items such as bank errors improperly recorded and unauthorized transactions to go undetected, which limits the City's ability to safeguard those funds.

Recommendation:

The City, either via the Finance Department or the hired accounting consulting firm, should reconcile all cash accounts on a regular basis and additional staff should be trained to help facilitate more timely reconciliations. Management should also ensure that all reconciliations are reviewed for accuracy and completeness on a timely basis.

Management Response:

The City agrees with this finding and has been working internally, and with the consultant to develop controls allowing the City to prepare and adequately review its bank reconciliations within thirty days of the close of each month. Due to the transition that we discussed in Finding 2019-001, as well as preexisting issues in the bank reconciliation process, the City fell behind of its goal. However, we have identified the primary issues previously existing in the bank reconciliation process and believe we are now in a position to meet our goal by the June 2020 bank reconciliation, and do not anticipate future problems.

Current Year Status: Implemented.

Finding 2019-003 – Material Weakness Capital Assets

Condition:

Per audit procedures performed over capital assets, we noted the following conditions:

- 1. The City had a fire truck purchased via the volunteer fire department, while still under the City's umbrella, for which there was no prior authorization or approval prior to the purchase.
- 2. We noted errors in the calculation of depreciation and accumulated depreciation that led to a material audit adjustment for under-depreciated assets based on starting acquisition or completion date.
- 3. We noted capital assets that were recorded as disposed in error, while they were still active in-use assets of the City.

CITY OF LEMOORE SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RESPONSES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Criteria:

In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, adequate internal controls should be implemented to ensure that all capital asset purchases are identified, capitalized, depreciated and recorded in the general ledger. Furthermore, proper accounting principles should be applied to all asset disposals/deletions when property is sold. This will ensure that all capital asset balances are properly recorded, thus resulting in the proper presentation of all City activities and/or funds.

Cause:

The City lacked proper internal controls over capital asset additions, recording and financial statement presentation.

Effect:

In the current and prior year financial statements, the City's individual fund financial statements were not properly reported, resulting in material adjustments to correct these funds in the current and prior year. In addition, a capital asset was purchased without following the City's purchasing policies.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the City implement different levels or review and/or obtain consultation when recording capital assets to ensure that all current year activity is reported correctly, and all capital assets are properly authorized and reported.

Management Response:

The City agrees with the finding and, in regards to the first condition listed, is developing internal processes, with assistance from the outside consultant, to ensure that capital assets are identified correctly at time of purchase, have been appropriately budgeted, include an appropriate award of construction in accordance with the City's purchasing policy, etc. Additionally, the City is working with the City Attorney to draft updated purchasing policies, which clearly identify the process for purchasing, which will assist in ensuring compliance with all local, State and Federal laws. The City will also be hosting citywide trainings for purchasing after the new policy is adopted by the City Council.

The other two conditions identified, were related to errors in the prior depreciation schedule (resulted in a material audit adjustment) and a typo in the current year depreciation schedule (did not result in an audit adjustment). The first issue was resolved during the closing process, as the City transitioned from the spreadsheet it previously used to track its capital assets to an internally developed spreadsheet overseen by the consultant with the assistance of Finance Department personnel. The second issue was a typo in the spreadsheet that would have been identified during a review process, which will be implemented for the close of the City's accounting records for the year ending June 30, 2020.

Current Year Status: Implemented.

Finding 2019-004 – Significant Deficiency Payroll Reporting

Criteria:

Per federal and state regulations, the City is required to submit quarterly and annual payroll information to the Internal Revenue Service and the State of California. Payroll reporting includes wages paid, taxes withheld and other payroll related information for the City as a whole, as well as all employees of the City.

Condition:

While performing testing on the payroll expenses for the City, we reviewed the quarterly Form 941's as submitted by the City to the Internal Revenue Service. Per our review, we noted obvious errors on the Form 941's as submitted to the Internal Revenue Service.

CITY OF LEMOORE SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RESPONSES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Cause:

These errors are caused by lack of proper training of employees' completing the forms, and lack of proper review by management prior to the submission of the forms.

Effect:

The City has submitted payroll reporting forms to the proper regulatory agencies with errors that could lead to issues for the City and their employees.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the City provide training to their payroll staff on the proper ways to complete the forms, as well as implement a stronger internal control structure where the forms are reviewed, reconciled with the underlying payroll records, and ensure they are accurate and complete prior to submitting to the proper agencies.

Management Response:

The City agrees with this finding. As was noted in Finding 2019-001, the City went through a significant transition during the 2019 Fiscal Year. As a result, the current staff was able to review practices and procedures for only three months of that year. The City is making progress in identifying issues related to internal practices, including those related to payroll, and is making significant changes with regard to payroll processes. Management has more oversight over work being performed and is seeking other options for payroll processing in order to more effectively accomplish payroll tasks and responsibilities.

Current Year Status: Implemented.

CITY OF LEMOORE CALIFORNIA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

CITY OF LEMOORE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Lemoore, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lemoore, California (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2020, the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison schedules for the general fund, gasoline tax special revenue fund and Lemoore housing authority special revenue fund, schedule of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability, and schedule of contributions, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining fund statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining fund statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining fund statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 10, 2021, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting over financial reporting the City's internal control over financial reports.

HUDSON HENDERSON & COMPANY, INC.

Hudson Handerson & Company, Inc.

Fresno, California February 10, 2021

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF LEMOORE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities			usiness-Type Activities	Total		
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$	24,173,260	\$	16,328,671	\$	40,501,931	
Restricted cash and investments		665,874		-		665,874	
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents		-		11,315,961		11,315,961	
Receivables:							
Accounts, net		71,274		1,562,792		1,634,066	
Interest		33,752		29,286		63,038	
Notes		5,727,858		-		5,727,858	
Intergovernmental		1,303,824		-		1,303,824	
Other		1,001		-		1,001	
Prepaid expenses		1,214		100,996		102,210	
Internal balances		453,923		(453,923)		-	
Inventory		-		49,792		49,792	
Assets held for resale		1,485,564		-		1,485,564	
Other assets		40,000		-		40,000	
Capital assets:							
Nondepreciable		6,179,880		28,713,354		34,893,234	
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation		56,677,257		30,402,540		87,079,797	
Total assets		96,814,681		88,049,469		184,864,150	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred outflows of resources from pensions		2,639,731		983,237		3,622,968	
Deletted outliows of resources from pensions		2,000,701		000,201		0,022,000	
Total deferred outflows of resources		2,639,731		983,237		3,622,968	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable		1,296,528		2,582,323		3,878,851	
Accrued interest payable		-		116,636		116,636	
Deposits and other liabilities		787,342		86,081		873,423	
Unearned revenue		119,981		-		119,981	
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Due within one year		419,840		745,342		1,165,182	
Due in more than one year		111,544		34,312,012		34,423,556	
Advances from Successor Agency		-		1,789,939		1,789,939	
Net pension liability		9,694,187		3,709,550		13,403,737	
Total liabilities		12,429,422		43,341,883		55,771,305	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred inflows of resources from pensions		472,316		285,860		758,176	
Deletted innows of resources from pensions				200,000		100,110	
Total deferred inflows of resources		472,316		285,860		758,176	
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets		62,857,137		35,532,379		98,389,516	
Restricted for:							
General government		260,231		-		260,231	
Public safety		116,316		-		116,316	
Public works		6,773,400		-		6,773,400	
Community development		7,650,513		-		7,650,513	
Parks and recreation		3,531		-		3,531	
Capital projects and improvements		7,350,722		-		7,350,722	
Debt service reserve		-		15,506		15,506	
Unrestricted		1,540,824		9,857,078		11,397,902	
Total net position	\$	86,552,674	\$	45,404,963	\$	131,957,637	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF LEMOORE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

			Program Revenue	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position					
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total		
Functions/programs: Primary government: Governmental activities:									
General government	\$ 1,044,306	\$ 238,006	\$-	\$-	\$ (806,300)	\$-	\$ (806,300)		
Public safety	8,494,594	258,240	536,412	17,955	(7,681,987)	-	(7,681,987)		
Public works	3,988,326	816,116	1,506,337	809,830	(856,043)	-	(856,043)		
Community development	1,263,306	727,436	42,282	-	(493,588)	-	(493,588)		
Parks and recreation	1,566,227	185,607	11,268	171,225	(1,198,127)		(1,198,127)		
Total governmental activities	16,356,759	2,225,405	2,096,299	999,010	(11,036,045)		(11,036,045)		
Business-type activities:									
Water	6,557,785	8,922,363	-	175,144	-	2,539,722	2,539,722		
Sewer	5,013,558	3,392,449	-	253,789	-	(1,367,320)	(1,367,320)		
Refuse	3,366,782	3,067,179	-	126,764	-	(172,839)	(172,839)		
Golf Course	1,209,646	1,129,166		<u> </u>		(80,480)	(80,480)		
Total business-type activities	16,147,771	16,511,157		555,697		919,083	919,083		
Total primary government	\$ 32,504,530	<u>\$ 18,736,562</u>	\$ 2,096,299	\$ 1,554,707	(11,036,045)	919,083	(10,116,962)		
	General revenues	:							
	Property taxes				2,864,103	-	2,864,103		
	Sales taxes				2,275,277	-	2,275,277		
	Franchise taxes				660,575	-	660,575		
	Transient taxes				255,477	-	255,477		
	Other taxes				21,433	-	21,433		
	Motor vehicle in	-lieu			2,225,862	-	2,225,862		
	Unrestricted inv	estment earnings			379,029	533,933	912,962		
	Other revenue				363,221	-	363,221		
	Gain (loss) on s	ale of assets			(88,782)	(37,211)	(125,993)		
	Total general reve	enues			8,956,195	496,722	9,452,917		
	Changes in net po	osition			(2,079,850)	1,415,805	(664,045)		
	Net position - begi	inning, restated			88,632,524	43,989,158	132,621,682		
	Net position - end	ing			<u>\$ 86,552,674</u>	\$ 45,404,963	<u>\$ 131,957,637</u>		

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FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The funds described below were determined to be Major Funds by the City in fiscal year 2020. Individual nonmajor funds may be found in the supplemental section.

GENERAL FUND

This fund is the primary operating fund of the City. It accounts for normal recurring activities traditionally associated with governments, which are not required to be accounted for in another fund. These activities are funded primarily by property taxes, sales and use taxes, interest and rental income, charges for services, and grants.

GASOLINE TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures apportioned to the City under the Streets and Highway Code, Sections 2103, 2105, 2106, 2107, and 2107.5 of the State of California. Expenditures for administration, maintenance, and construction must be street related.

LEMOORE HOUSING AUTHORITY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

This fund has taken over the assets and associated functions of the Low/Moderate Income Housing Fund of the former Lemoore Redevelopment Agency and is used to account for current and future low-income households for the acquisition, rehabilitation, or new construction of single-family homes.

PUBLIC SAFETY DISPATCH CENTER CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

This fund is used to account for revenue and expenditures related to construction of the new public safety dispatch center.

CITY OF LEMOORE **BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS** JUNE 30, 2020

				Special Rev	/enu	ie Funds	Capital Project Fund		
		General Fund	G	asoline Tax Fund		Lemoore Housing thority Fund	Public Safety Dispatch Center Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS									
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments	\$	4,621,060 665,874	\$	1,430,571 -	\$	1,844,188 -	\$-	\$ 16,277,441 -	\$ 24,173,260 665,874
Receivables:		,							,
Accounts, net		71,274		-		-	-	-	71,274
Interest		13,553		1,651		-	-	18,548	33,752
Notes		53,247		-		5,023,411	-	651,200	5,727,858
Intergovernmental		717,259		91,839		0,020,111	_	494,726	1,303,824
Other		1,001		51,005			_		1,000,024
Interfund receivables		1,177,711		-		-	-	-	1,177,711
Advances to other funds		197,554		-		-	-	-	197,554
				-		-	-	-	
Prepaid items		1,214		-		-	-	-	1,214
Other assets		40,000		-		-	-	-	40,000
Assets held for resale		-				1,485,564			1,485,564
Total assets	\$	7,559,747	\$	1,524,061	\$	8,353,163	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ 17,441,915</u>	\$ 34,878,886
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	266,856	\$	41,756	\$	-	\$ 868,379	\$ 66,011	\$ 1,243,002
Deposits and other liabilities		787,342		-		-	-	-	787,342
Unearned revenue		119,981		-		-	-	-	119,981
Interfund payables		-				-	185,989		185,989
Total liabilities		1,174,179		41,756			1,054,368	66,011	2,336,314
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unavailable revenue		54,103		22,393		-	-	-	76,496
Unavailable revenue - Ioans						5,023,411		651,200	5,674,611
Total deferred inflows of resources		54,103		22,393		5,023,411		651,200	5,751,107
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)									
Nonspendable:									
Prepaid items		1,214		-		-	-	-	1,214
Notes receivable		53,247		-		-	-	-	53,247
Long-term interfund advances Restricted:		197,554		-		-	-	-	197,554
General government		260,231		-		-	-	-	260,231
Public safety		116,316		-		-	-	-	116,316
Public works		-		1,459,912		-	-	5,313,488	6,773,400
Community development		260,267		-		3,329,752		4,060,494	7,650,513
Parks and recreation		3,531		-			-		3,531
Capital projects and improvements		-		-		-	-	7,350,722	7,350,722
Assigned:								.,000,122	.,
Subsequent year's budget:									
Appropriation of fund balance		2,796,932		-		_	_	_	2,796,932
Unassigned		2,642,173				-	(1,054,368)		1,587,805
Total fund balances (deficit)		6,331,465		1,459,912		3,329,752	(1,054,368)	16,724,704	26,791,465
Total liabilition deferred inflows of									
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	7,559,747	\$	1,524,061	\$	8,353,163	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ 17,441,915</u>	\$ 34,878,886

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. $\ensuremath{8}$

CITY OF LEMOORE RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 26,791,465
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not current financial resources; therefore, they are not reported in the governmental funds.		62,817,790
Compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the funds.		(529,417)
Net pension liability and pension related deferred outflows and inflows of resources are not due in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. These amounts consist of: Net pension liability	(9,512,656)	
Deferred outflows of resources	2,591,177 (457,308)	(7,378,787)
Certain assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures; therefore, they are unavailable in the governmental funds.		5,751,107
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet maintenance services to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal revenue service funds are included in the governmental activities in		(000 10 1)
the statement of net position.		 (899,484)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 86,552,674
CITY OF LEMOORE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Special Rev	venue Funds	Capital Project Fund		
	General Fund	Lemoore Housing Gasoline Tax Authority Fund Fund		Public Safety Dispatch Center Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$ 2,776,085	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$ 2,776,085
Other taxes	3,425,086	φ -	φ -	φ -	φ -	3,425,086
Licenses and permits	3,425,066 966.746	-	-	-	- 9,295	3,425,086 976,041
•	473,551	-	-	-	9,295	,
Charges for services	,	1 024 057	-	-	-	473,551
Intergovernmental	2,614,421	1,034,957	-	-	818,935	4,468,313
Fees and assessments	44,728	-	-	-	1,390,052	1,434,780
Loan repayments	15,000	-	39,482	-	108,490	162,972
Use of money and property	139,270	10,713	-	4,156	-	154,139
Other revenue	316,327		76		10,434	326,837
Total revenues	10,771,214	1,045,670	39,558	4,156	2,337,206	14,197,804
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	818,774	-	-	-	17,743	836,517
Public safety	7,686,958	-	-	-	6,529	7,693,487
Public works	1,073,906	5,548	-	-	279,189	1,358,643
Community development	437,011	-	18,312	-	737,794	1,193,117
Parks and recreation	1,526,822	-	-	-	-	1,526,822
Capital outlay	320,520	1,787,412		1,824,507	538,048	4,470,487
Total expenditures	11,863,991	1,792,960	18,312	1,824,507	1,579,303	17,079,073
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	(1,092,777)	(747,290)	21,246	(1,820,351)	757,903	(2,881,269)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	65,789	65,789
Transfers out	(20,789)				(45,000)	(65,789)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(20,789)				20,789	
Net changes in fund balances	(1,113,566)	(747,290)	21,246	(1,820,351)	778,692	(2,881,269)
Fund balances - beginning, restated	7,445,031	2,207,202	3,308,506	765,983	15,946,012	29,672,734
Fund balances (deficits) - ending	<u>\$ 6,331,465</u>	\$ 1,459,912	\$ 3,329,752	<u>\$ (1,054,368</u>)	<u>\$ 16,724,704</u>	\$ 26,791,465

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF LEMOORE RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (2,881,269)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is capitalized. This is the amount of capital assets recorded.	3,788,761
Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported on the government- wide statement of activities, but it does not require the use of current financial resources; therefore, depreciation expense is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.	(2,243,037)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is a decrease in net position.	(88,782)
Compensated absences expense reported in the statement of activities does not require the use of current financial resources; therefore, it is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.	66,375
Changes to net pension liability and pension related deferred outflows and inflows of resources do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(894,451)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures; therefore, they are unavailable in the governmental funds.	167,887
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet maintenance, employee benefits, liability and property insurance and general services to individual funds. The change in net position of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	4,666
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (2,079,850)

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MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds account for the City operations financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise. The intent of the City is that the cost of providing goods and services be financed primarily through user charges.

The City reported all of its Enterprise Funds and its Internal Service Fund as major funds in fiscal year 2020.

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

WATER FUND

This fund accounts for activities associated with the acquisition or construction of water facilities and the production, distribution, and transmission of potable water to users.

SEWER FUND

This fund accounts for activities associated with the acquisition or construction, and operations and maintenance of the City's sewer system, including drainage, treatment, and disposal of sanitary wastewater.

REFUSE FUND

This fund accounts for activities associated with the acquisition of refuse and disposal equipment and vehicles, and the collection and disposal of refuse throughout the City.

GOLF COURSE FUND

This fund accounts for the resources provided and used in the City's public golf course.

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

FLEET MAINTENANCE FUND

This fund is used for the maintenance, service, and repair of the City's fleet. These services are provided to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

CITY OF LEMOORE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

			iness-type Activit			Governmental
	14/-+	Activities				
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Refuse Fund	Golf Course Fund	Total	Internal
ASSETS	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total	Service Fund
Current assets:						
Cash and investments	\$ 3,213,488	\$ 12,004,493	\$ 1,110,690	\$-	\$ 16,328,671	\$-
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents Receivables:	11,315,961	φ 12,00 1 ,400 -	φ 1,110,000 -	Ψ - -	11,315,961	φ - -
Accounts	1,040,680	307,822	272,607	-	1,621,109	-
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	(25,115)	(17,233)	(15,969)	-	(58,317)	-
Interest	12,775	14,318	2,193	-	29,286	-
Interfund receivables Inventory	73,454	86,695 -	384,341 -	- 49,792	544,490 49,792	-
Prepaid expenses	100,996				100,996	
Total current assets	15,732,239	12,396,095	1,753,862	49,792	29,931,988	<u> </u>
Noncurrent assets:						
Advances to other funds	-	285,883	-	-	285,883	-
Capital assets:						
Nondepreciable	26,625,434	1,094,552	369,355	624,013	28,713,354	-
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	20,022,138	8,483,598	803,334	1,093,470	30,402,540	39,347
Total noncurrent assets	46,647,572	9,864,033	1,172,689	1,717,483	59,401,777	39,347
Total assets	62,379,811	22,260,128	2,926,551	1,767,275	89,333,765	39,347
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows from pensions	415,241	249,945	318,051		983,237	48,554
Total deferred outflows of resources	415,241	249,945	318,051	<u> </u>	983,237	48,554
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	2,196,241	220,615	95,823	69,644	2,582,323	53,526
Deposits and other liabilities	67,847	-	-	18,234	86,081	-
Compensated absences	61,945	29,538	42,504	-	133,987	1,967
Interfund payables	-	-	-	703,404	703,404	832,808
Accrued interest payable	116,636	-	-	-	116,636	-
Current portion of long-term liabilities	611,355				611,355	
Total current liabilities	3,054,024	250,153	138,327	791,282	4,233,786	888,301
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Long-term liabilities	34,272,615	-	-	-	34,272,615	-
Advances from other funds	285,883	-	-	197,554	483,437	-
Advances from Successor Agency	-	-	-	1,789,939	1,789,939	-
Compensated absences	6,090	6,755	26,552	-	39,397	-
Net pension liability	1,572,218	936,859	1,200,473		3,709,550	181,531
Total noncurrent liabilities	36,136,806	943,614	1,227,025	1,987,493	40,294,938	181,531
Total liabilities	39,190,830	1,193,767	1,365,352	2,778,775	44,528,724	1,069,832
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows from pensions	118,241	75,095	92,524		285,860	15,008
Total deferred inflows of resources	118,241	75,095	92,524		285,860	15,008
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)						
Net investment in capital assets	23,064,057	9,578,150	1,172,689	1,717,483	35,532,379	39,347
Restricted for:						
Debt service reserve	15,506	-	-	-	15,506	-
Unrestricted	406,418	11,663,061	614,037	(2,728,983)	9,954,533	(1,036,286)
Total net position (deficit)	<u>\$ 23,485,981</u>	<u>\$ 21,241,211</u>	<u>\$ 1,786,726</u>	<u>\$ (1,011,500</u>)	45,502,418	<u>\$ (996,939)</u>
Adjustments to reflect the consolidation of internal					(97,455)	
service fund activities related to enterprise funds					(37,433)	
Net position of business-type activities					\$ 45,404,963	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF LEMOORE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN **NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS** FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Business-type Activities								G	overnmental Activities
		Water		Sewer	Refuse	Golf Course			Internal	
		Fund		Fund	Fund	Fund		Total	S	ervice Fund
Operating revenues:										
Charges for services	\$	9,016,199	\$	3,552,879	\$ 3,066,008	\$ 1,127,647	\$	16,762,733	\$	989,730
Fines and forfeitures		12,349		-	25	-		12,374		· -
Other revenues		19,920		93,359	1,146	1,519		115,944		2,652
Total operating revenues	_	9,048,468		3,646,238	3,067,179	1,129,166		16,891,051		992,382
Operating expenses:										
Salaries and benefits		1,555,060		759,853	1,136,030	-		3,450,943		214,367
Materials and supplies		367,264		269,981	77,322	290,591		1,005,158		356,381
General and administrative		1,153,589		557,281	255,161	135,922		2,101,953		723
Contractual services		668,549		2,499,285	1,137,609	510,792		4,816,235		11,429
Repairs and maintenance		120,183		89,978	29,792	10,355		250,308		365,228
Other expenses		355,641		271,674	612,945	107,328		1,347,588		18,850
Depreciation		1,073,904		566,909	124,145	116,460		1,881,418		10,003
Total operating expenses		5,294,190		5,014,961	3,373,004	1,171,448		14,853,603		976,981
Operating income (loss)	_	3,754,278		(1,368,723)	(305,825)	(42,282)		2,037,448	_	15,401
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):										
Intergovernmental - capital		49,039		-	126,764	-		175,803		-
Use of money and property		434,194		90,382	13,455	(4,098)		533,933		-
Interest expense		(1,260,285)		-	-	(38,198)		(1,298,483)		-
Gain (loss) on asset disposal		(2,508)		(29,135)	-	(5,568)		(37,211)		(1,920)
Cost of bond issuance		(4,500)		-				(4,500)		<u> </u>
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(784,060)		61,247	140,219	(47,864)		(630,458)		(1,920)
Income (loss) before transfers	_	2,970,218		(1,307,476)	(165,606)	(90,146)		1,406,990	_	13,481
Changes in net position		2,970,218		(1,307,476)	(165,606)	(90,146)		1,406,990		13,481
Net position (deficit), beginning, restated	_	20,515,763		22,548,687	1,952,332	(921,354)			_	(1,010,420)
Net position (deficit) - ending	\$	23,485,981	\$	21,241,211	<u>\$ 1,786,726</u>	<u>\$ (1,011,500)</u>			\$	(996,939)
Adjustments to reflect consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise fur	nds							8,815		
Change in net position of business-type activitie	s						\$	1,415,805		
5 i							÷	, .,.,.		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF LEMOORE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Governmental Activities				
	Water	Sewer	Refuse	Golf Course		Internal
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total	Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Receipt from customers and users	\$ 8,968,934	\$ 3,617,770	\$ 3,051,526	\$ 1,085,908	\$ 16,724,138	\$ 989,730
Payments to suppliers and service providers	(1,803,451)	(3,556,652)	(2,138,277)	(993,375)	(8,491,755)	(758,752)
Payments to employees for salaries and benefits	(1,295,056) 19,920	(779,828) 93,359	(1,010,782)	- 1,519	(3,085,666) 115,944	(236,229) 2,652
Other receipts	19,920	93,339	1,146	1,019	115,944	2,032
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	5,890,347	(625,351)	(96,387)	94,052	5,262,661	(2,599)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Loans (to) from other funds	(289,287)	298,797	(106,522)	(51,756)	(148,768)	26,812
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital	(289,287)	298,797	(106,522)	(51,756)	(148,768)	26,812
financing activities	(203,207)	200,707	(100,322)	(01,700)	(140,700)	20,012
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED						
FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Capital grants	49,039	-	126,764	-	175,803	-
Cost of issuance from capital debt	(4,500)	-	-	-	(4,500)	-
Principal paid on capital debt	(557,683)	-	-	-	(557,683)	-
Interest paid on capital debt	(1,552,168)	-	-	(38,198)	(1,590,366)	-
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(25,020,734)	(219,847)	(621,877)		(25,862,458)	(24,213)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(27,086,046)	(219,847)	(495,113)	(38,198)	(27,839,204)	(24,213)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest received	440,372	105,725	17,080	(4,098)	559,079	
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	440,372	105,725	17,080	(4,098)	559,079	
Increase (decrease) in cash and investments	(21,044,614)	(440,676)	(680,942)	-	(22,166,232)	-
Cash and investments, July 1	35,574,063	12,445,169	1,791,632		49,810,864	<u> </u>
Cash and investments, June 30	\$ 14,529,449	\$ 12,004,493	\$ 1,110,690	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 27,644,632	<u>\$</u>
Cash and investments	\$ 3,213,488	\$ 12,004,493	\$ 1,110,690	\$-	\$ 16,328,671	\$-
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	11,315,961	-	-	-	11,315,961	-
~						
Total cash and investments	<u>\$ 14,529,449</u>	<u>\$ 12,004,493</u>	<u>\$ 1,110,690</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 27,644,632	<u>\$ -</u>

CITY OF LEMOORE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (Continued)

Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities

	Business-type Activities								ernmental ctivities			
		Water	Sewer			Refuse	Golf Course				I	nternal
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Total	Serv	vice Funds
Operating income (loss)	\$	3,754,278	\$	(1,368,723)	\$	(305,825)	\$	(42,282)	\$	2,037,448	\$	15,401
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation		1,073,904		566,909		124,145		116,460		1,881,418		10,003
Changes in assets and liabilities:		,,		,		, -		-,		,,		-,
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(104,964)		64,892		(14,655)		-		(54,727)		-
(Increase) decrease in inventory		-		-		-		11,384		11,384		-
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		3,453		-		-		-		3,453		-
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources		(36,160)		41,253		(3,181)		-		1,912		11,845
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		858,322		131,547		(25,448)		3,892		968,313		(6,141)
Increase (decrease) in deposits and other liabilities		45,350		(1)		148		4,598		50,095		-
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		9,906		702		1,908		-		12,516		(9,287)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources		6,536		(10,706)		(950)		-		(5,120)		(3,729)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		279,722		(51,224)		127,471		-		355,969		(20,691)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	5,890,347	\$	(625,351)	\$	(96,387)	\$	94,052	\$	5,262,661	\$	(2,599)

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The City administers the activity of a private purpose trust fund and a custodial fund. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs.

LEMOORE REDEVELOPMENT SUCCESSOR AGENCY PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND

This fund is used to account for assets and liabilities of the former Lemoore Redevelopment Agency until they are distributed to other units of state and local government as a result of the dissolution of the redevelopment agency.

CUSTODIAL FUNDS

These funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for the Irrigation District, individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. The funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results in operations.

CITY OF LEMOORE STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Red Succ Priv	Lemoore development essor Agency vate Purpose Trust Fund	Custodial Funds		
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$	1,009,767	\$	149,439	
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agent		2,370,451		-	
Advances to City of Lemoore		1,789,939		-	
Notes receivable		1,117,267		-	
Land held for resale		180,494		-	
Other assets				28,800	
Total assets		6,467,918		178,239	
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable		300		636	
Impact fees payable		-		10,962	
Payable to State Department of Finance		18,050		-	
Interest payable		226,213		-	
Long-term liabilities:					
Due within one year		901,474		-	
Due in more than one year		12,450,005		<u> </u>	
Total liabilities		13,596,042		11,598	
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)					
Restricted for:					
Net position (deficit) held in trust for the retirement of					
obligations of the Lemoore Successor Agency to the former Lemoore Redevelopment Agency		(7 100 104)			
Organizations and other governments		(7,128,124)		- 166,641	
				100,041	
Total net position (deficit)	\$	(7,128,124)	\$	166,641	

CITY OF LEMOORE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Lemoore Redevelopment Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS		
Contributions:		
Members	\$	<u>\$ 20,000</u>
Total contributions		20,000
Investment earnings:		
Interest, dividends, and other	60,342	232
Net investment earnings	60,342	232
Collections on behalf of other governments:		
Property taxes	1,051,580	-
Impact fees	-	926,907
Grants	-	87,177
Other	<u> </u>	11,449
Total collections on behalf of other governments	1,051,580	1,025,533
Total additions	1,111,922	1,045,765
DEDUCTIONS		
Administrative expense	85,456	-
Interest expense	572,320	-
Payments to other governments	-	1,025,533
Bad debt	38,252	-
Other expenses	<u> </u>	564_
Total deductions	696,028	1,026,097
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	415,894	19,668
Net position (deficit) - beginning, restated	(7,544,018)	146,973
Net position (deficit) - ending	<u>\$ (7,128,124</u>)	<u>\$ 166,641</u>

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Lemoore, California (the "City") is a charter city operating under a Council-Member form of government. During the year ended June 30, 2000, the voters of the City approved a Charter which gives the City Council greater self-rule, and the Charter was accepted by the California Secretary of State.

The accompanying basic financial statements include the financial activities of the City, the primary government and its component units, the Lemoore Financing Authority (Financing Authority) and the Lemoore Housing Authority (Housing Authority). Financial information for the City and its component units are accounted for in the accompanying financial statements in accordance with principles defining the governmental reporting entity adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The City Council members, in separate sessions, serve as the governing board of the component units. These entities are presented on a blended basis.

The **Lemoore Financing Authority** (Financing Authority) was formed in August 1989 for the purpose of assisting the financing or refinancing of certain public capital facilities within the City. The Financing Authority is governed by a five-member board of directors, which consists of the members of the City Council with the City Manager as the Executive Director. The financial transactions for the Financing Authority are recorded in the Water, Sewer, and Golf Course enterprise funds. The Financing Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

The **Lemoore Housing Authority** (Housing Authority) was formed in February 2011 for the purpose of providing sanitary and safe housing for people of very low, low, or moderate income within the City's territorial jurisdiction. The Housing Authority is governed by a five-member board of directors, which consists of the members of the City Council with the City Manager as the Executive Director. The financial transactions for the Housing Authority are recorded in the Lemoore Housing Authority special revenue fund. The Housing Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental audits. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is the accepted standard setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

B. Basis of Presentation

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the City) and its component unit. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental and business-type activities* of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each different identifiable activity of the City's *business-type activities* and for each function of the City's *governmental activities*. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are included in the program expense reported for individual function. Certain indirect costs, which cannot be identified and broken down, are included in the program expense reported for individual functions and activities. Program revenues include, 1) fines, fees, and charges paid by the recipients of goods and services offered by the programs and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented instead as general revenues.

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 in regards to interfund activities, payables and receivables. All internal balances in the statement of net position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. In the statement of activities those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated. The following interfund activities have been eliminated: due to/due from other funds, interfund note receivable/interfund long-term debt, and transfers in/transfers out.

Fund Financial Statements – The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – *governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary* – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in funds and changes in fund balances as presented in these statements to the net position and changes in net position presented in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as nonoperating expenses.

Major funds are defined as funds that have either assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses equal to ten percent fund type total and five percent of the City's funds. The General Fund is always a major fund. The City may also select other funds it believes should be presented as major funds.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the primary operating fund of the City. It accounts for normal recurring activities traditionally associated with government, which are not required to be accounted for in another fund. These activities are funded primarily by property taxes, sales and use taxes, interest and rental income, charges for services, and grants.

The **Gasoline Tax Fund** accounts for revenues and expenditures apportioned to the City under the Streets and Highway Code, Sections 2103, 2105, 2106, 2107, and 2107.5 of the State of California. Expenditures for administration, maintenance, and construction must be street related.

The **Lemoore Housing Authority Fund** has taken over the assets and associated functions of the Low/Moderate Income Housing Fund of the former Lemoore Redevelopment Agency and is used to account for current and future low-income households for the acquisition, rehabilitation, or new construction of single-family homes.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The **Public Safety Dispatch Center Fund** is used to account for the revenue and expenditures related to the construction of the new public safety dispatch center.

Enterprise fund financial statements include a statement of net position, statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, a statement of cash flows for each major enterprise fund and nonmajor funds aggregated.

The City has four major enterprise funds, the Water Fund, Sewer Fund, Refuse Fund, and Golf Course Fund, which are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprise. In an enterprise fund, the intent of the City Council is that costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing services to the general public, on a continuing basis, be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

The Water Fund accounts for the activities of the City's water production and distribution operations.

The **Sewer Fund** accounts for the activities of the City's sanitary sewer system operations.

The **Refuse Fund** accounts for the activities of the City's refuse collection and disposal operations.

The Golf Course Fund accounts for the resources provided and used in the golf course.

The City's fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The fund's activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. Fiduciary funds are presented on an economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the government-wide financial statements.

The City reports the following fiduciary funds:

Lemoore Redevelopment Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund is used to account for assets and liabilities of the former redevelopment agency until they are distributed to other units of state and local government as a result of the dissolution of the redevelopment agency.

Custodial Funds are used to account for assets held by the City as a custodian for the Laguna Irrigation District, individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund type:

Internal Service Fund is used to account for fleet maintenance services provided to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified basis of accounting*. Revenues, except for grants, are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal year. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirement, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue resource (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met. All other revenues items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The proprietary and private-purpose trust funds are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. The agency fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the *accrual basis of accounting* for reporting its assets and liabilities.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balances

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considered all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Deposits and Investments

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. This pool utilizes investments authorized by the Government Code and is further defined by the City's investment policy that is approved by the City Council.

Authorized investments include deposits in the State of California administered Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), insured certificates of deposits, collateralized certificates of deposits, commercial paper, money market mutual funds, federally sponsored credit agency securities, and securities backed by the U.S. Government. All investments are stated at fair value.

Interest income earned as a result of pooling is distributed to the appropriate funds based on month end cash balances in each fund. Interest income from cash and investments with fiscal agents is credited directly to the related fund.

Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of general obligation debt and enterprise debt are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable debt covenants. "Cash with fiscal agent" is used to report resources set aside for potential deficiencies in the repayment ability of the enterprise funds, and for payment of construction projects undertaken by the City.

Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are reflected as loans, services provided or used, reimbursements or transfers. Loans reported as receivables and payables, as appropriate, are subject to elimination upon consolidation and are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the *governmental activities* and the *business-type activities* are reported in the fund financial statements, and are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not available financial resources.

Services provided or used, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

Receivables

Enterprise fund statements report an allowance for uncollectible accounts against the account receivables. All customers are billed monthly. The estimated value of services provided, but unbilled at year-end, has been included in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balances (Continued)

Property Tax Calendar

Property taxes are assessed, collected and allocated by Kings County throughout the fiscal year according to the following property tax calendar:

Lien Date	January 1
Levy Date	July 1 to June 30
Due Dates	November 1, 1 st installment; February 1, 2 nd installment
Delinquent Dates	December 10, 1 st installment; April 10, 2 nd installment

Revenues from taxpayer-assessed taxes (sales and use, business license, transient occupancy, utility users, gas, and franchise fees) are accrued in the governmental funds when they are both measurable and available. The City considers these revenues available if they are received during the period when settlement of prior fiscal year accounts payable occurs. Historically, the majority of these taxes are received within 60 days of the fiscal year-end.

The City accrues as receivable all property taxes received during the first (60) days of the new fiscal year.

Inventory of Supplies and Prepaid Items

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost, determined by the first-in, first-out method, or market and consists primarily of golf merchandise and food and beverage items sold at the golf course. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Assets Held for Resale

Land and improvements held by the City for the purpose of improving and reselling are accounted for in the account. Property is valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value.

Capital Assets

The City's assets are categorized at historical cost or estimated historical cost. City policy has set the capitalization threshold for reporting capital assets at \$5,000. Gifts or contributions of capital assets are recorded at fair value when received. Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over the useful lives of the assets as follows:

40 years
5-15 years
5-50 years
0-15 years

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, the City is required to account for and report infrastructure capital assets. The City's road network consists of seven subsystems which include sidewalk, curb and gutter, pavement, landscape zones, streetlights, railroad crossings, and traffic signals. Subsystem detail is not presented in these basic financial statements; however, the City maintains detailed information on these subsystems. The assets in these subsystems are depreciated using the straight-line method.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balances (Continued)

Risk Management

The City participates with other public entities in a joint venture under a joint powers agreement which establishes the Central San Joaquin Valley Risk Management Authority (CSJVRMA). The relationship between the City and CSJVRMA is such that CSJVRMA is not a component unit of the City for financial reporting purposes.

Interest Payable

In the government-wide financial statements, interest payable for long-term debt is recognized as the liability is incurred for the governmental fund-types and proprietary-fund types.

In the fund financial statements, proprietary fund-types recognize the interest payable when the liability is incurred.

Compensated Absences Payable

City employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts depending on the number of years of service. City employees also accumulate hours of overtime as compensated time off. For governmental funds, earned but unused, vested leave (vacation, compensated time off, holiday) is expensed and established as a liability and is reported in the government-wide statement of net position in the governmental activities column. Vested leave for enterprise funds is recorded as an expense and liability of those funds as the benefits accrue. No liability is recorded for non-vesting leave such as sick leave.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue is that for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which asset revenue recognition criteria have not been met. The City typically records intergovernmental revenues (primary grants and subventions) received but not earned (qualifying expenditures not yet incurred) as unearned revenue.

Unavailable Revenue

In the fund financial statements, unavailable revenue is recorded when transactions have not yet met the revenue recognition criteria based on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The City records unavailable revenue for transactions for which revenues have been earned, but for which funds are not available to meet current financial obligations.

Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements and enterprise fund type statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or enterprise fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balances (Continued)

Pensions

In government-wide financial statements, pensions are recognized and disclosed using the accrual basis of accounting (see Note 12 and the RSI section immediately following the notes to financial statements), regardless of the amount recognized as pension expenditures on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The City recognizes a net pension liability of the qualified pension plan in which it participates, which represents the excess of the total pension liability over the fiduciary net position of the qualified pension plan, measured as of the City's fiscal year-end or the City's proportionate share thereof in the case of a costsharing multiple-employer plan. Changes in the net pension liability during the period are recorded as pension expense, or as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources depending on the nature of the change, in the period incurred. Those changes in net pension liability that are recorded as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources that arise from changes in actuarial assumptions or other inputs and differences between expected or actual experience are amortized over the weighted average remaining service life of all participants including retirees, in the respective gualified pension plan and recorded as a component of pension expense beginning with the period in which they arose. Projected earnings on qualified pension plan investments are recognized as a component of pension expense. Differences between projected and actual investment earnings are reported as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources and amortized as a component of pension expense on a closed basis over a five-year period beginning with the period in which the difference occurred.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City of Lemoore California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan (Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 63 and GASB Statement No. 65, the City recognizes deferred outflows and inflows of resources. A deferred outflow of resources is defined as a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. A deferred inflow of resources is defined as an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting beriod. Refer to Notes 10 and 12 for a detailed listing of the deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources the City has recognized.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balances (Continued)

Classification of Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

Net investment in capital assets – This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce this category.

Restricted net position – This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position – This category represents the net position of the City, which is not restricted for any project or other purpose.

When both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, restricted resources are depleted first before the unrestricted resources are used.

Fund Balances

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Nonspendable - This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned - This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the City Council or through the City Council delegating this responsibility to the City manager through the budgetary process. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the General Fund.

Unassigned -This classification includes amounts that have not been assigned to other funds or restricted, committed or assigned to a specific purpose within the City.

The City would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Change in Accounting Principles

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 84

In January 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The objective of this statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes of state and local governments. The requirements of this statement enhance consistency and comparability by (1) establishing specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and (2) clarifying whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities.

As of July 1, 2019, the City adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 84 and restated the beginning net position of the City's fiduciary activities. The restatement is disclosed as part of Note 17.

F. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated and concluded that there are no subsequent events that have occurred from June 30, 2020 through the date of the financial statements were available to be issued on February 10, 2021 that would require disclosure or adjustment.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2020 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:		
Cash and investments	\$	40,501,931
Restricted cash and investments		665,874
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents		11,315,961
Fiduciary Funds:		
Cash and investments		1,159,206
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents		2,370,451
Total cash and investments	\$	56,013,423
Cash and investments as of June 30, 2020 consist of the following:		
Cash on hand	\$	5,540
Deposits with financial institutions	Ψ	24,520,961
Investments		31,486,922
		0.,.00,022
Total cash and investments	\$	56,013,423

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

A. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code (or the City's investments policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. The City's investment policy does not contain any specific provisions intended to limit the City's exposure to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debts proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio or Amount	Maximum Investment of One Issuer or Amount
U.S. Treasury obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency securities	5 years	None	None
Bankers acceptances	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial paper	270 days	25%	10%
National certificates of deposit	5 years	30%	Legal Limit
Repurchase agreements	1 year	None	None
Medium-term notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual accounts	N/A	20%	10%
Money market accounts	N/A	20%	10%
Local agency investment fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None

B. Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investments of debt proceeds held by the bond trustee are governed by provisions of the debt agreements rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by bond trustee. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risks, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio or Amount	Maximum Investment of One Issuer or Amount
U.S. Treasury obligations	None	None	None
U.S. Agency securities	None	None	None
Bankers acceptances	180 days	None	None
Commercial paper	270 days	None	None
Money market mutual funds	N/A	None	None
Investment contracts	30 years	None	None

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

C. Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by maintaining funds in liquid, short-term investments which can be converted to cash when necessary to meet disbursement requirements.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

		Remaining Maturity (in months)						
Investment Type	12 Month Investment Type Fair Value or Less		13 to 24 Months		25 to 60 Months		More Than 60 Months	
State Investment Pool	\$ 17,061,371	\$17,061,371	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Certificates of Deposits	739,140	739,140		-		-		-
Held by Bond Trustee:								
Money Market Funds	13,447,825	13,447,825		-		-		-
Guaranteed Investment Contract	238,586	238,586		-		-		
Total	\$31,486,922	\$31,486,922	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
D Disclosures Relating to Cre	dit Risk							

D. Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of year-end for each investment type.

			Ratings as of Year-End		
Investment Type	Amount	Minimum Legal Rating	A	A+	Not Rated
State Investment Pool Certificates of Deposits Held by Bond Trustee:	\$ 17,061,371 739,140	N/A N/A	\$	-	\$ 17,061,371 739,140
Money Market Funds Guaranteed Investment Contract	13,447,825 238,586	N/A N/A		-	13,447,825 238,586
Total	\$31,486,922		\$	_	\$31,486,922

E. Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk that the failure of any one issuer would place an undue financial burden on the City. The investment policy of the City contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated in the California Government Code. As of June 30, 2020, there were no investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of the total pooled investment.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

F. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a city will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterpart (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, a city will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by the state or local government units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under the state law (unless so waived by the government unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

As of June 30, 2020, the carrying amount of the City's bank deposits was \$24,520,961, and the respective bank balances totaled \$24,628,010, the total amount of which was collateralized with pooled securities held by the financial institution's trust department. These securities are held in the name of the financial institution and not in the name of the City.

In addition, as of June 30, 2020, none of the City's investments with financial institutions were held in uncollateralized accounts.

Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools (such as LAIF).

G. Local Agency Investment Fund

The City of Lemoore is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. LAIF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and is not rated. Deposits and withdrawals to and from LAIF are transferred on the basis of \$1 and not fair value. Accordingly, under the fair value hierarchy, LAIF is uncategorized.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

H. Fair Value Hierarchy

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2020:

		Fair Value
		Measurements
		Level 2
Investments by Fair Value Level	Amount	Inputs
Certificates of Deposit	\$ 739,140	\$ 739,140
	739,140	\$ 739,140
State Investment Pool	17,061,371	
Held by Bond Trustee:		
Money Market Funds	13,447,825	
Guaranteed Investment Contracts	238,586	
	\$ 31,486,922	

In determining fair value, the City's custodians use various methods including market and income approaches. Based on these approaches, the City's custodians utilize certain assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. The City's custodians utilize valuation techniques that maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Various inputs are used in determining the value of the City's investments and other financial instruments. The inputs or methodology used for valuing securities are not necessarily an indication of the risk associated with investing in those securities. These inputs are summarized in the three broad levels: Level 1 – quoted prices in active markets for identical investments, Level 2 – other significant observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar securities, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk, etc.) and Level 3 – significant unobservable inputs (including the City's own assumptions in determining the fair value of investments).

According to GASB 72, money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less should be measured at amortized cost, and as such, are not shown in the fair value hierarchy. Additionally, the City's LAIF is not presented, as the amount available for withdrawal is based on amortized cost.

NOTE 3 – FORGIVABLE LOANS

The City administers a housing rehabilitation loan program. Under this program, individuals with incomes below certain levels are eligible to receive low interest loans for rehabilitation work on their homes. These performing loans are secured by deeds of trust on the rehabilitation properties.

Forgivable loans are not required to be paid back unless the participating homeowner sells, transfers title to the rehabilitated property, or discontinues residence in the dwelling at which time the full amount of the deferred loan is due. These loans are "non-performing loans" and are not recorded as loans receivable in the financial statements. Such loans totaled \$1,696,689 as of June 30, 2020.

NOTE 4 – INTERFUND ACTIVITIES

Interfund balances for the purpose of the government-wide statements have been eliminated. The composition of interfund balances in the fund level statements as of June 30, 2020, is as follows:

A. Current Interfund Receivables/Payables

Current interfund balances are generally short-term loans to cover temporary cash deficits in various funds and are expected to be repaid shortly after the end of the fiscal year. The City's interfund receivables and payables consisted of the following at June 30, 2020.

	-	Due from Other Funds		Due to ther Funds
Governmental Funds				
Major Funds:				
General Fund	\$	1,177,711	\$	-
Public Safety Dispatch Center Capital Projects Fund		-		185,989
Enterprise Funds				
Major Funds:				
Water Fund		73,454		-
Sewer Fund		86,695		-
Refuse Fund		384,341		-
Golf Course Fund		-		703,404
Internal Service Funds				
Major Funds:				
Fleet Maintenance Fund				832,808
Total	\$	1,722,201	\$	1,722,201

B. Long-Term Interfund Advances

Long-term interfund advances are advances to other funds that are not expected to be repaid in one year or less. The City's long-term interfund advances consisted of the following at June 30, 2020:

	 Advances to Other Funds		vances from ther Funds
Governmental Funds Major Funds: General Fund	\$ 197,554	\$	-
Enterprise Funds Major Funds:			
Water Fund Sewer Fund	- 285,883		285,883
Golf Course Fund	- 203,003		1,987,493
Fiduciary Funds Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund	 1,789,939		
Total	\$ 2,273,376	\$	2,273,376

On August 5, 2013, the City's General Fund loaned \$1,439,128 to the Golf Course enterprise fund to pay off the 1995 Golf Course Bonds and related expenses. The loan bears 1.35% interest, payable quarterly over an eight-year term. The final payment of the loan is scheduled for June 30, 2021. The loan balance is \$197,554 as of June 30, 2020.

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND ACTIVITIES (Continued)

B. Long-Term Interfund Advances (Continued)

On May 7, 2013, the City's Sewer Fund loaned \$2,371,883 to the Water Fund for the solar project. The loan is payable annually over a five-year term. The final payment of the loan is scheduled for June 30, 2020. The loan balance is \$285,883 as of June 30, 2020.

On June 30, 2005, the City's Golf Course Fund obtained a loan from the Lemoore Redevelopment Successor Agency for \$1,039,850 bearing 2.38% interest. This loan incurred interest beginning July 1, 2005. Payments of approximately \$300,000 per year will begin in fiscal year 2021. The loan was obtained to cover both direct expenses and debt service of the golf course. The final payment of the loan is scheduled for June 30, 2027. The loan balance is \$1,789,939 as of June 30, 2020.

C. Transfers

Transfers for the year ended June 30, 2020 are summarized as follows:

	 Transfers					
	In		Out			
Major Funds:						
General Fund	\$ -	\$	20,789			
Nonmajor Funds:						
Traffic Safety Fund	-		45,000			
Maintenance Assessment District Fund	20,789		-			
Traffic Signal Fund	 45,000		-			
Total	\$ 65,789	\$	65,789			

NOTE 5 - EMPLOYEE LOAN PROGRAM

In March 2004, the City Council approved the Homebuyer Assistance Program (Program), which provides interest-free, forgivable loans to full-time, permanent City employees for the purchase of a single family residence. The amount available to borrow is \$15,000 for sworn personnel and \$10,000 for all other employees and are forgiven incrementally over ten years, beginning at the time of disbursement. All loans are secured by a deed of trust on the property and must be repaid upon the termination of the employee, whether voluntary or involuntary, with certain exceptions, or a lien is placed on the property. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the City entered into three new loan agreements totaling \$35,000 and did not make any collections. At June 30, 2020, the remaining balance of open loans is \$266,230, \$212,984 of which has been deemed to be uncollectible.

NOTE 6 - ASSETS HELD FOR RESALE

The following is a summary of changes in the assets held for resale during the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Balance June 30, 2019	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2020
Land held for resale	<u>\$ 1,485,564</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 1,485,564</u>

NOTE 7 – CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Governmental Activities

Capital assets activity of the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2019	Additions	Reductions	Transfers/ Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2020
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 2,815,713	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,815,713
Construction in progress	560,633	3,428,337	(624,803)	<u> </u>	3,364,167
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	3,376,346	3,428,337	(624,803)	<u> </u>	6,179,880
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	16,681,356	645,603	(14,302)	-	17,312,657
Machinery and equipment	7,421,352	309,338	(830,948)	(34,429)	6,865,313
Road network	46,741,142	54,499	-	-	46,795,641
Infrastructure	5,958,966		(6,344)	<u> </u>	5,952,622
Total capital assets, being depreciated	76,802,816	1,009,440	(851,594)	(34,429)	76,926,233
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	(6,152,115)	(511,207)	9,043	-	(6,654,279)
Machinery and equipment	(4,967,424)	(509,012)	746,866	34,429	(4,695,141)
Road network	(4,597,929)	(944,960)	-	-	(5,542,889)
Infrastructure	(3,073,789)	(287,861)	4,983	<u> </u>	(3,356,667)
Total accumulated depreciated, net	(18,791,257)	(2,253,040)	760,892	34,429	(20,248,976)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	58,011,559	(1,243,600)	(90,702)		56,677,257
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 61,387,905	\$ 2,184,737	<u>\$ (715,505)</u>	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 62,857,137

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions/programs of the governmental activities of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 7,112
Public safety	398,849
Public works	1,732,866
Parks and recreation	104,210
Capital assets held by the Internal Service Funds were	
charged to the various functions based on their usage	 10,003
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 2,253,040

NOTE 7 – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

B. Business-Type Activities

Capital assets activity of the business-type activities for the year ending June 30, 2020 is as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2019	Additions	Reductions	Transfers/ Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2020
Water Fund:					
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 427,232	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$ 427,232
Construction in progress	3,571,296	24,712,435	(2,085,529)		26,198,202
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	3,998,528	24,712,435	(2,085,529)		26,625,434
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	16,795,957	-	-	-	16,795,957
Machinery and equipment	14,753,237	2,393,828	(53,865)	34,429	17,127,629
Total capital assets, being depreciated	31,549,194	2,393,828	(53,865)	34,429	33,923,586
Less accumulated depreciation for:		/			<i></i>
Buildings and improvements	(8,354,826)	(395,683)	-	-	(8,750,509)
Machinery and equipment	(4,489,646)	(678,221)	51,357	(34,429)	(5,150,939)
Total accumulated depreciation, net	(12,844,472)	(1,073,904)	51,357	(34,429)	(13,901,448)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	18,704,722	1,319,924	(2,508)	<u> </u>	20,022,138
Water fund capital assets, net	\$ 22,703,250	\$ 26,032,359	<u>\$ (2,088,037)</u>	\$	\$ 46,647,572
Sewer Fund:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 866,691	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 866,691
Construction in progress	106,642	121,219		<u> </u>	227,861
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	973,333	121,219	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1,094,552
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	9,644,668	-	-	-	9,644,668
Machinery and equipment	5,881,371	98,628	(87,677)		5,892,322
Total capital assets, being depreciated	15,526,039	98,628	(87,677)	<u> </u>	15,536,990
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	(3,355,236)	(337,607)	-	-	(3,692,843)
Machinery and equipment	(3,189,789)	(229,302)	58,542		(3,360,549)
Total accumulated depreciation, net	(6,545,025)	(566,909)	58,542	<u> </u>	(7,053,392)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	8,981,014	(468,281)	(29,135)		8,483,598
Sewer fund capital assets, net	\$ 9,954,347	<u>\$ (347,062)</u>	<u>\$ (29,135)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 9,578,150

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

B. Business-Type Activities (Continued)

	Balance June 30, 2019	Additions	Reductions	Transfers/ Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2020
Refuse Fund:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	<u>\$ 369,355</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ 369,355</u>
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	369,355	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		369,355
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Machinery and equipment	2,456,286	621,877	(10,539)		3,067,624
Total capital assets, being depreciated	2,456,286	621,877	(10,539)		3,067,624
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Machinery and equipment	(2,150,684)	(124,145)	10,539		(2,264,290)
Total accumulated depreciation, net	(2,150,684)	(124,145)	10,539		(2,264,290)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	305,602	497,732			803,334
Refuse fund capital assets, net	\$ 674,957	\$ 497,732	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 1,172,689
Golf Course Fund:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 624,013	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 624,013
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	624,013		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	624,013
Capital assets, being depreciated					
Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment	4,417,519 564,101	-	(80,104) (249,918)	-	4,337,415 314,183
Total capital assets, being depreciated	4,981,620		(330,022)		4,651,598
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	(3,234,512)	(106,312)	75,515	-	(3,265,309)
Machinery and equipment	(531,610)	(10,148)	248,939		(292,819)
Total accumulated depreciation, net	(3,766,122)	(116,460)	324,454		(3,558,128)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	1,215,498	(116,460)	(5,568)		1,093,470
Golf course fund capital assets, net	\$ 1,839,511	<u>\$ (116,460</u>)	\$ (5,568)	\$ -	\$ 1,717,483
Business-type capital assets, net	\$ 35,172,065	\$ 26,066,569	<u>\$ (2,122,740)</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 59,115,894</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions/programs of the business-type activities of the primary government as follows:

Business-Type Activities:	
Water	\$ 1,073,904
Sewer	566,909
Refuse	124,145
Golf Course	 116,460
Total	\$ 1,881,418

NOTE 8 – COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The City's policy relating to compensated absences is described in Note 1. The noncurrent portion of this debt at fiscal year-end was \$111,544 and \$39,397, for governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively. This obligation is expected to be paid in future years from the available resources derived from the respective funds to which the employee services are rendered.

Because of the nature of compensated absences and uncertainty over when vacations will be taken, a statement of debt service requirements to maturity of compensated absences has not been presented. At June 30, 2020, the balance is \$531,384 for governmental activities and \$173,384 for business-type activities.

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of the long-term liabilities' transactions of the City for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	-	alance 30, 2019	-	ncurred or Issued	Satisfied or Matured	_	Balance e 30, 2020	-	oue Within One Year
Governmental Activities:									
Compensated absences	\$	607,046	\$	350,003	\$ (425,665)	\$	531,384	\$	419,840
Governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$	607,046	\$	350,003	\$ (425,665)	\$	531,384	\$	419,840

The following is a summary of the long-term liabilities' transactions of the City for business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Balance June 30, 2019	Incurred or Issued	Satisfied or Matured	Balance June 30, 2020	Due Within One Year
Business-Type Activities:					
Notes from direct borrowings and direct placements:					
Series 2013 Water Revenue Loan	\$ 4,954,496	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ (454,967</u>)	\$ 4,499,529	\$ 466,355
Total notes from direct borrowings and direct placements:	4,954,496		(454,967)	4,499,529	466,355
2019 Water Revenue Bond 2019 Water Revenue Bond- Premium Compensated absences	27,380,000 3,107,157 	- - 143,837	- (102,716) <u>(131,321</u>)	27,380,000 3,004,441 173,384	145,000 - 133,987
Business-type activities long-term liabilities	\$ 35,602,521	\$ 143,837	<u>\$ (689,004)</u>	\$ 35,057,354	\$ 745,342

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Series 2013 Water Revenue Loan

In May 2013, the City obtained a water revenue loan from Pinnacle Public Finance, Inc. for \$7,068,000 bearing 2.48% interest, payable quarterly over a fifteen-year term. The loan was obtained to finance the acquisition and construction of various capital improvements, which primarily consists of photovoltaic water wells water systems throughout the City, as well as the expansion of a parking complex. The City irrevocably pledged all of the net revenues of the water fund to the punctual payment of the loan. After September 1, 2018, the City has the option to prepay the unpaid principal of the loan in whole or in part on any loan payment date. The final payment of the loan is scheduled for March 1, 2029. There is a provision in the loan whereby in the event of default, the unpaid aggregate principal components of the loan and the interest accrued thereon, will become immediately due and payable. There is also a provision whereby the Lender shall have the right, at its option upon notice to the City, to (i) apply to and obtain from any court of competent jurisdiction such decree or order as may be necessary to require officials of the City to charge and collect rates for services provided by the City and the Enterprise sufficient to meet all requirements of the loan agreement, and (ii) take whatever action at law or in equity as may appear necessary or desirable to collect the loan agreements.

The following is a schedule of the future estimated minimum payments related to the Series 2013 Water Revenue Loan at June 30, 2020:

	Series 2013 Water Revenue Loan					an
Fiscal Years Ending June 30		Principal Interest			Total	
2021	\$	466,355	\$	107,274	\$	573,629
2022		478,029		95,600		573,629
2023		489,995		83,634		573,629
2024		502,260		71,369		573,629
2025		514,832		58,797		573,629
2026-2029		2,048,058		103,049		2,151,107
Totals	\$	4,499,529	\$	519,723	\$	5,019,252

Series 2019 Water Revenue Bond

In March 2019, the City obtained a water revenue bond from U.S. Bank National Association for \$27,380,000 bearing between 4-5% interest, payable semiannually over a thirty-year term. The loan was obtained to finance the capital projects of the City's water treatment, production, storage and distribution system. The City irrevocably pledged all of the net revenues of the water fund to the punctual payment of the loan. The final payment of the loan is scheduled for June 1, 2049. There is a provision within the bond agreement whereby in the event of default, the principal may be declared immediately due and payable.

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Series 2019 Water Revenue Bond (Continued)

The following is a schedule of the future estimated minimum payments related to the Series 2019 Water Revenue Bond at June 30, 2020:

	Series 2019 Water Revenue Bond			
Fiscal Years Ending June 30	Principal	Principal Interest		
2021	\$145,000	\$ 1,277,306	\$ 1,422,306	
2022	150,000	1,271,506	1,421,506	
2023	155,000	1,265,506	1,420,506	
2024	165,000	1,259,306	1,424,306	
2025	170,000	1,252,706	1,422,706	
2026-2030	1,680,000	6,147,131	7,827,131	
2031-2035	4,585,000	5,401,031	9,986,031	
2036-2040	5,845,000	4,134,531	9,979,531	
2041-2045	7,350,000	2,636,894	9,986,894	
2046-2049	7,135,000	850,606	7,985,606	
Subtotal	27,380,000	25,496,523	52,876,523	
Plus: unamortized premium	3,004,441	<u>-</u>	3,004,441	
Totals	\$ 30,384,441	\$ 25,496,523	\$ 55,880,964	

NOTE 10 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and thus, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has pension related items that qualify to be reported in deferred outflows of resources. The pension related deferred outflows of resources are described in detail in Note 12.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category and they are unavailable revenues and pension deferrals.

Unavailable revenues arise only under a modified accrual basis of accounting and are reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. Deferred inflows of resources reported in the governmental funds for unavailable revenues are as follows:

	0	General Fund	 oline Tax Fund	Lemoore Housing Authority	-	Other rernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Intergovernmental revenue Deferred housing loans	\$	54,103 -	 22,393 -	\$ - 5,023,411	\$	- 651,200	\$	76,496 5,674,611
Total	\$	54,103	\$ 22,393	\$ 5,023,411	\$	651,200	\$	5,751,107

The City has pension related items that qualify to be reported in deferred inflows of resources. The pension related deferred inflows of resources are described in detail in Note 12.

NOTE 11 – POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The City allows its retirees who retire under provisions of a regular service retirement to have the opportunity to continue enrollment in the City's health insurance program. The retirees have the same choice of insurance plans as those of current employees. The retirees are pooled together separately from the active employee pool and pay the full cost of the insurance premiums without cost to the City.

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

A. General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description – All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the Public Agency Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan (Plan) administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The Plan consists of individual rate plans (benefit tiers) within a safety risk pool (police and fire) and a miscellaneous risk pool (all other.) Plan assets may be used to pay benefits for any employer rate plan of the safety and miscellaneous pools. Accordingly, rate plans within the safety or miscellaneous pools are not separate plans under GASB Statement No. 68. Individual employers may sponsor more than one rate plan in the miscellaneous or safety risk pools. The City of Lemoore's (City) sponsors four rate plans (two miscellaneous and two safety.) Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided – CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for the Plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The rate plan provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2020 are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous			
	Prior to	On or after		
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013		
Benefit formula	2% @ 55	2% @ 62		
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service		
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life		
Retirement age	50 - 63	52 - 67		
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.426% to 2.418%	1.0% to 2.5%		
Required employee contribution rates	7.00%	6.75%		
Required employer contribution rates	9.680%	6.985%		

	Safe	ety
	Prior to	On or after
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2% @ 50	2.7% @ 57
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50 - 55	50 - 57
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.0% to 2.7%	2.0% to 2.7%
Required employee contribution rates	9.00%	12.00%
Required employer contribution rates	16.636%	13.034%

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

A. General Information about the Pension Plans (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Beginning in fiscal year 2016, CalPERS collects employer contributions for the Plan as a percentage of payroll for the normal cost portion as noted in the rates above and as a dollar amount for contributions toward the unfunded liability. The dollar amounts are billed on a monthly basis. The City's required contribution for the unfunded liability was \$852,933 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Contributions – Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer rates for all public employers are determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Employer contribution rates may change if plan contracts are amended. Payments made by the employer to satisfy contribution requirements that are identified by the pension plan terms as plan member contribution requirements are classified as plan member contributions.

The City's contributions to the plan recognized as pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2020 were \$1,577,783.

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2020, the City reported a net pension liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan of \$13,403,737.

The City's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, rolled forward to June 30, 2019, using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as of June 30, 2018 and 2019 was as follows:

Proportion - June 30, 2018	0.1272%
Proportion - June 30, 2019	0.1308%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.0036%

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$2,962,658. At June 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$1,728,021	\$-
Changes of assumptions	602,247	177,498
Differences between actual and expected experience	892,425	26,897
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	- -	213,803
Change in employer's proportion	400,275	3,780
Differences between the employer's actual contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions		336,198
Total	\$ 3,622,968	\$ 758,176

\$1,728,021 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2021	\$968,333
2022	(27,936)
2023	153,747
2024	42,627
2025	-
Therafter	-

C. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date Measurement Date Actuarial Cost Method	June 30, 2018 June 30, 2019 Entry- Age Normal Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions: Discount Rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.50%
Payroll Growth	2.75%
Projected Salary Increase	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Investment Rate of Return	7.15% ⁽¹⁾
Mortality	Derived using CalPERS'
-	Membership Data for all Funds ⁽³⁾

⁽¹⁾Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

⁽²⁾The mortality table was developed based on CaIPERS specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016
NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

C. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of December 2017 actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2015. Further details of the Experiences Study can be found on the CalPERS website.

Change of Assumptions – None.

D. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and longterm market return expectations as well as the expected PERF cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The expected real rates of return by asset class are as follows:

Asset Class ^(a)	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years 1-10 ^(b)	Real Return Years 11+ ^(c)
Global Equity	50.00%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.00%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.00%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.00%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Assets	13.00%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.00%	0.00%	-0.92%
Total	100.00%		

^(a) In the CalPERS CAFR, Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities;

Liquidity is included in Short-term Investments; Inflation Assets are

included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.

^(b) An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period

^(c) An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

D. Discount Rate (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate -1%	Current Discount Rate	Discount Rate +1%
6.15%	7.15%	8.15%
\$20,926,967	\$13,403,737	\$7,211,085

E. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

F. Payable to the Pension Plan

The City had an outstanding amount of contributions payable to the pension plan of \$62,773 required for the year ended June 30, 2020.

NOTE 13 – DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The City has established a deferred compensation plan in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all full-time employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. All amounts deferred under the plan and all income attributable to those amounts are solely the property and rights of the plan participants. The City has no liability for losses under the plan. The assets and related liabilities are not reported on the City's financial statements in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 32, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans."

NOTE 14 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is a member of the Central San Joaquin Valley Risk Management Authority (CSJVRMA), a public entity risk pool for workers' compensation and general liability insurance. The CSJVRMA is a consortium of 54 cities located in California's San Joaquin Valley. It was established under the provisions of California Government Code Section 6500 et. seq. CSJVRMA is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of one member appointed by each member city. The day-to-day business operations are handled by a management group employed by CSJVRMA. The relationship between the City and CSJVRMA is such that CSJVRMA is not considered a component unit of the City for financial reporting purposes.

For liability insurance, the risk pool covers the City above its self-insurance retention level of \$50,000 up to \$1,000,000. CSJVRMA participates in the excess pool, which provides general liability coverage from \$1,000,000 to \$29,000,000.

The City maintains a self-insured retention level of \$50,000 for workers' compensation insurance. Coverage between \$50,000 and \$500,000 is provided through the risk pool. CSJVRMA participates in an excess pool, which provides workers' compensation coverage from \$500,000 to \$5,000,000 and purchases excess insurance above \$5,000,000 to the statutory limit.

At the termination of the joint venture agreement and after all claims have been settled, any excess or deficit will be divided among the cities in proportion to the aggregate amount of contribution made by each.

The annual financial report may be obtained from the consortium's executive office at 1750 Creekside Oaks Drive, Suite 200, Sacramento, CA 95833.

NOTE 15 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

A. General Liability

There are various claims and legal actions pending against the City for which no provision has been made in the financial statements. In the opinion of the City Attorney and City Management, liabilities arising from these claims and legal actions, if any, will not be material to these financial statements.

B. Federal Awards

The City has received federal awards for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the federal government. Although such audits could result in expenditure disallowances under award terms, any required reimbursements are not expected to be material.

C. COVID-19

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of coronavirus (COVID-19) a pandemic. In response, the State of California has issued Stay At Home Orders which include the temporary closure of all businesses deemed to be nonessential. The most recent Regional Stay At Home Order, effective December 7, 2020 for Fresno County, requires individuals living in the San Joaquin Valley Region to stay at home, except as allowed, to maintain continuity of the federal critical infrastructure sectors. Accordingly, some functions of the City's operations have been limited to protect the health and safety of its employees. The financial impact that could occur as a result of the pandemic is unknown at this time.

NOTE 16 - LEMOORE REDEVELOPMENT SUCCESSOR AGENCY PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND

On January 30, 2012, the City Council elected to become the Successor Agency for the former redevelopment agency in accordance with Assembly Bill 1X26 (the "Bill") which dissolved all redevelopment agencies in the State of California.

Under the control of an oversight board, remaining assets can only be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence at the date of dissolution of the redevelopment agency (including the completion of any unfinished projects that were subject to legally enforceable contractual commitments).

Successor agencies are only allocated revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations of the former redevelopment agency until all enforceable obligations of the prior redevelopment agency have been paid in full and all assets have been liquidated.

A. Cash and Investments

A reconciliation of the Lemoore Redevelopment Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund's cash and investments as of June 30, 2020 is as follows:

Cash on hand	\$ 1,009,767
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents	 2,370,451
Total cash and investments	\$ 3,380,218

B. Receivables

A reconciliation of the Lemoore Redevelopment Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund's receivables balances as of June 30, 2020 is as follows:

Advances to the City of Lemoore Note receivable	\$ 1,789,939 1,117,267
Total receivables	\$ 2,907,206

C. Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of long-term liabilities transactions for the Lemoore Redevelopment Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund at June 30, 2020:

	Balance June 30, 2019	Incurred or Issued	Satisfied Balance or Matured June 30, 2020		Amounts Due Within One Year	Amounts Due in More Than One Year
Notes from direct borrowings and direct placements:						
Leprino Owner Participation Agreement Obligation 2014 RDA Tax Allocation Refunding	\$	\$ - -	\$ - 675,446	\$ 76,501 12,770,201	\$ - 706,474	\$ 76,501 12,063,727
Total notes from direct borrowings and direct placements:	13,522,148		675,446	12,846,702	706,474	12,140,228
Bonds Payable						
2011 RDA Tax Allocation Less: bond discount	805,000 (131,528)	-	195,000 (26,305)	610,000 (105,223)	195,000	415,000 (105,223)
Total bonds payable:	673,472		168,695	504,777	195,000	309,777
Total long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 14,195,620</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 844,141</u>	<u>\$ 13,351,479</u>	<u>\$ 901,474</u>	<u>\$ 12,450,005</u>

NOTE 16 – LEMOORE REDEVELOPMENT SUCCESSOR AGENCY PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND (Continued)

C. Long-term Liabilities (Continued)

2011 Tax Allocation Bonds

On March 4, 2011, the Agency issued \$19,150,000 of its 2011 Tax Allocation Bonds (the 2011 Bonds) bearing interest of 3.0% to 7.375%, payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1, commencing August 1, 2011. Beginning August 2, 2012, principal comes due annually in various sums through August 1, 2040, subject to optimal redemption by the Agency, on whole or in part on August 1, 2018. The 2011 Bonds are payable from and secured by incremental property tax revenue (Pledged Tax Revenues). There is a provision within the bond agreement whereby in the event of default, the principal may be declared immediately due and payable.

On December 5, 2016, the Agency participated in a partial defeasance of the 2011 Tax Allocation Bonds. The Agency's remaining bonds are payable through August 1, 2024.

The following is a schedule of the future estimated minimum payments related to the 2011 Bonds at June 30, 2020:

	2011 Tax Allocation Refunding Bond									
Fiscal Years Ending June 30	Principal		Interest			Total				
2021	\$	195,000	\$	42,453	\$	237,453				
2022		200,000		31,728		231,728				
2023		70,000		20,244		90,244				
2024		70,000		11,925		81,925				
2025		75,000		2,484		77,484				
Totals	\$	610,000	\$	108,834	\$	718,834				

2014 RDA Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds

The Agency issued \$15,855,465 of its Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds on June 27, 2014 (the 2014 Bonds) to currently fund \$4,160,427 and \$10,269,654 of the Agency's remaining issuances of the 1998 RDA Tax Allocation Refunding Bond and the 2003 RDA Tax Allocations Refunding Bonds, and to fund issuance costs and a reserve account. Beginning February 1, 2015, interest and principal on the 2014 Bonds is payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 of each year at an interest rate of 3.960% per annum. Debt Service payments of the 2014 Bonds are secured by a pledge of the property tax revenue increments collected on properties within the redevelopment project area. The debt agreement requires a reserve account to be held by the trustee. The final payment of the loan is scheduled for August 1, 2033. There is a provision within the bond agreement whereby in the event of default, the principal may be declared due and payable. Such declaration and its consequences may be rescinded and annulled as further provided in the indenture.

<u>NOTE 16 – LEMOORE REDEVELOPMENT SUCCESSOR AGENCY PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND</u> (Continued)

C. Long-term Liabilities (Continued)

The following is a schedule of the future estimated minimum payments related to the 2014 Bonds at June 30, 2020:

	2014 Tax Allocation Refunding Bond									
Fiscal Years Ending June 30	Principal			Interest		Total				
2021	\$	706,474	\$	491,712	\$	1,198,186				
2022		736,800		463,135		1,199,935				
2023	761,29			433,473		1,194,770				
2024		795,281		402,652		1,197,933				
2025		828,686		370,498		1,199,184				
2026-2030		4,583,886		1,330,142		5,914,028				
2031-2034		4,357,777		353,478		4,711,255				
Totals	\$	12,770,201	\$	3,845,090	\$	16,615,291				

Leprino Owner Participation Agreement Obligation

On March 7, 2000, the Agency entered into an owner participation agreement with Leprino Foods Company (Leprino) whereby Leprino was to construct a dairy and related products manufacturing and storage facility within the redevelopment project area. The City was to reimburse Leprino \$3 million for the cost of the infrastructure improvements which contributed to the elimination of blight in the project area. Subsequently, due to an expansion of the project scope requiring Leprino to increase its investment from \$125 million to more the \$250 million, the Agency's reimbursement obligation increased to \$6 million, payable in 10 annual installments of \$600,000 each year, subject to the Leprino facility having an assessed value in excess of \$250 million and verification of actual infrastructure costs incurred by Leprino. During the June 30, 2013 fiscal year, a final payment of \$1,613,666 was made. This payment was adjusted from \$600,000 because the facility's assessed value was \$413 million.

On September 4, 2007, the Agency entered into an amendment to the Owner Participation Agreement with Leprino Foods Company (Leprino). Leprino has decided to expand the production capacity of the plant to permit the increase in the milk received on a daily basis from its current level of 6,000,000 pounds of milk per day, to install additional packaging capacity and make other process improvements. The 2007 Expansion Project includes the completion of the addition work at the Expanded Wastewater Pretreatment System.

The City incurred an additional liability of approximately \$6 million for wastewater improvements at the Leprino plant and this liability has been paid from the additional tax increments that the plant would generate based on this expansion. Payments on the liability are being deferred until Kings County completes a reassessment of the value of Leprino Foods Company. At which time, the amount of the City's liability will be reassessed. As of June 30, 2020, a reassessment had not been received from Kings County.

The total liability to Leprino Foods Company at June 30, 2020 was \$76,501.

NOTE 17 - RESTATEMENT OF BEGINNING NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE

A. Prior Period Adjustments

Governmental Activities

Beginning net position of the Governmental Activities in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities has been restated to record a prior period adjustment as presented in the reconciliation below:

Description	Governmental Activities			usiness-Type Activities		Total
Beginning net position	\$	\$ 88,544,017 \$		44,035,495		132,579,512
Prior period adjustment:						
Cash and investment		34,896		-		34,896
Restricted cash and investments		221,249		-		221,249
Inventory		-		(46,337)		(46,337)
Deposits and other liabilities		(100,238)		-		(100,238)
Unearned revenue		(67,400)				(67,400)
Total prior period adjustments		88,507		(46,337)		42,170
Beginning net position, as restated	\$	88,632,524	\$	43,989,158	\$	132,621,682

Fund Financial Statements

The City has determined that certain transactions were recorded incorrectly in the prior year. The beginning fund balances/net position of the funds identified below have been restated as presented in the following reconciliation:

	_	Governme	nta	l Funds	Ent	erprise Funds	Fiduciary Funds	
Description		General		Lemoore Housing Authority	Golf Course		Custodial Funds	
Beginning fund balance/net position	\$	7,356,524	\$	8,023,517	\$	(875,017)	\$	-
Prior period adjustment:								
Cash and investments		34,896		-		-		(255,146)
Restricted cash and investments		221,249		-		-		-
Inventory		-		-		(46,337)		-
Deposits and other liabilities		(100,238)		-		-		-
Unearned revenue		(67,400)		-		-		-
Unavailable revenue		-		(4,715,011)		-		-
Due to others		-		-		-		255,146
Total prior period adjustment	_	88,507		(4,715,011)		(46,337)		
Change in accounting principle:								
Record the beginning custodial net position in								
compliance with GASB 84								146,973
Total change in accounting principle	_							146,973
Beginning fund balance/net position, as restated	\$	7,445,031	\$	3,308,506	\$	(921,354)	\$	146,973

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF LEMOORE GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amount						Variance with		
		Original		Final		Actual	Final Budget		
REVENUES									
Property taxes	\$	2,556,080	\$	2,556,080	\$	2,776,085	\$	220,005	
Other taxes	Ψ	2,970,000	Ψ	2,970,000	Ψ	3,425,086	Ψ	455,086	
Licenses and permits		832,750		832,750		966,746		133,996	
Charges for services		612,326		612,326		473,551		(138,775)	
Intergovernmental		2,493,000		2,493,000		2,614,421		121,421	
Fees and assessments		25,150		25,150		44,728		19,578	
Loan repayments						15,000		15,000	
Use of money and property		150,000		150,000		139,270		(10,730)	
Other revenue		33,400		33,400		316,327		282,927	
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Total revenues		9,672,706		9,672,706		10,771,214		1,098,508	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government		1,101,219		1,148,161		818,774		329,387	
Public safety		7,754,323		7,768,698		7,686,958		81,740	
Public works		1,897,212		1,826,823		1,073,906		752,917	
Community development		390,722		390,722		437,011		(46,289)	
Parks and recreation		1,268,875		1,268,875		1,526,822		(257,947)	
Capital outlay		481,609		518,436		320,520		197,916	
Total expenditures		12,893,960		12,921,715		11,863,991		1,057,724	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over									
(under) expenditures		(3,221,254)		(3,249,009)		(1,092,777)		2,156,232	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers out		(20,000)		20,800		(20,789)		(41,589)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(20,000)		20,800		(20,789)		(41,589)	
Net changes in fund balances		(3,241,254)		(3,228,209)		(1,113,566)		2,114,643	
Fund balances - beginning, restated		7,445,031		7,445,031		7,445,031		<u>-</u>	
Fund balances - ending	\$	4,203,777	\$	4,216,822	\$	6,331,465	\$	2,114,643	

CITY OF LEMOORE GASOLINE TAX FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgete	d Amount		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,082,193	\$ 1,082,193	\$ 1,034,957	\$ (47,236)
Use of money and property	5,000	5,000	10,713	5,713
Total revenues	1,087,193	1,087,193	1,045,670	(41,523)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Public works	443,600	443,600	5,548	438,052
Capital outlay	2,357,000	2,357,000	1,787,412	569,588
Total expenditures	2,800,600	2,800,600	1,792,960	1,007,640
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	(1,713,407)	(1,713,407)	(747,290)	966,117
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out		119,000		(119,000)
	_	119,000	_	(119,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)				(110,000)
Net changes in fund balances	(1,713,407)	(1,594,407)	(747,290)	847,117
Fund balances - beginning	2,207,202	2,207,202	2,207,202	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 493,795	<u>\$612,795</u>	<u>\$ 1,459,912</u>	<u>\$ 847,117</u>

CITY OF LEMOORE LEMOORE HOUSING AUTHORITY FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amount						Variance with		
	C	Driginal		Final	Actual		Final Budget		
REVENUES									
Loan repayments	\$	85,000	\$	85,000	\$	39,482	\$	(45,518)	
Use of money and property		5,000		5,000		-		(5,000)	
Other revenue				-		76		76	
Total revenues		90,000		90,000		39,558		(50,442)	
EXPENDITURES Current:									
Community development		51,109		51,109		18,312		32,797	
Total expenditures		51,109		51,109		18,312		32,797	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		38,891		38,891		21,246		(17,645)	
Fund balances - beginning, restated	:	3,308,506		3,308,506		3,308,506			
Fund balances - ending	\$	3,347,397	\$	3,347,397	\$	3,329,752	\$	(17,645)	

CITY OF LEMOORE NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Budgets are established by department and approved by the City Council. The budgets are then managed and controlled by department heads under the supervision of the City Manager. Budgets are adopted annually for the General Funds, special revenue funds, capital projects funds, enterprise funds, and internal service funds. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for these funds. The annual budgets are prepared on the basis of accounting utilized by the fund.

A two-year capital projects budget is prepared in even years for approval by the City Council and updated in odd years. Capital projects are funded by capital projects funds, impact fees, operating accounts, grant proceeds or loan proceeds.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level. The City Manager is authorized to make budget transfers between accounts within any department. The City Council may transfer funds from reserves to departments or enterprise activities as deemed appropriate during the fiscal year.

B. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

As of June 30, 2020, the City incurred expenditures in excess of appropriation as follows:

Major Funds:	
General Fund:	
Current:	
Community development	46,289
Parks and recreation	257,947

CITY OF LEMOORE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION COST-SHARING MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST 10 YEARS* AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.1197%	0.1160%	0.1224%	0.1245%	0.1272%	0.1308%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$7,519,752	\$7,960,168	\$ 10,592,376	\$ 12,347,424	\$ 12,253,736	\$ 13,403,737
Covered payroll	\$ 5,076,165	\$5,273,173	\$ 5,467,395	\$ 5,850,364	\$ 6,279,086	\$ 7,373,773
Proportionate Share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll	148.14%	150.96%	193.74%	211.05%	195.15%	181.78%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	81.49%	80.97%	76.05%	74.96%	76.25%	75.85%

Notes to Schedule:

Change in Benefit Terms None

Changes of Assumptions - None

*Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CITY OF LEMOORE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION COST-SHARING MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS LAST 10 YEARS* AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$ 1,048,489	\$ 1,067,105	\$ 1,088,741	\$ 1,035,775	\$ 1,316,527	\$ 1,577,783	\$1,728,021
determined contributions	1,048,489	1,067,105	1,088,741	1,035,775	1,316,527	1,577,783	1,728,021
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered payroll	\$ 5,076,165	\$ 5,273,173	\$ 5,467,395	\$ 5,850,364	\$ 6,279,086	\$ 7,373,773	\$ 6,963,862
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	20.66%	20.24%	19.91%	17.70%	20.97%	21.40%	24.81%

*Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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CITY OF LEMOORE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

The **Special Revenue Funds** are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

The **Grants Fund** is used to account for the City's receipts and expenditures of the state, federal, and other grants.

The **Traffic Safety Fund** is used to account for proceeds of traffic citations, which may be used for programs promoting traffic safety, such as street improvements, striping, and the like.

The **Local Transportation Fund** is used to account for the maintenance and construction of roadways and for specialized engineering services using transportation development act funds.

The **Maintenance Assessment District Fund** is used to account for City maintenance costs relating to the public improvements within the assessment district area.

The **TE/STP Exchange Fund** is used to account for projects undertaken with federal streets transportation and planning funds received by the City through the State of California.

The **Downtown Improvement Fund** is used to account for economic development and revitalization endeavors by local businesses in the downtown area.

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

The **Capital Projects Funds** are established to account for resources used for the acquisition and constructions of capital facilities by the City, except for those financed for enterprise funds.

The **Street Improvement Fund** is used to account for improvements to local streets and roads using developer fees, grant proceeds, and other sources designated by the City Council for this purpose.

The **Recreation Improvement Fund** is used to account for the revenue from developer fees to be used for acquisition and development of parks and recreation facilities.

The **Facility Infrastructure Fund** is used to account for improvements to City buildings and improvements using developer fees, grant proceeds, and other sources designated by the City Council for this purpose.

The **Capital Improvement Fees Fund** is used to account for miscellaneous capital projects using developer fees.

The **Traffic Signal Fund** is used to account for the construction of traffic signals and other related projects.

CITY OF LEMOORE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Combined Special Revenue Funds	Combined Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 8,904,331	\$ 7,373,110	\$ 16,277,441
Interest	9,890	8,658	18,548
Notes	651,200	-	651,200
Intergovernmental	 494,726	 <u> </u>	 494,726
Total assets	\$ 10,060,147	\$ 7,381,768	\$ 17,441,915
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$ 25,722	\$ 40,289	\$ 66,011
Total liabilities	 25,722	 40,289	 66,011
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable revenue - loans	 651,200	 <u> </u>	 651,200
Total deferred inflows of resources	 651,200	 	 651,200
FUND BALANCES			
Restricted:			
Public works	5,313,488	-	5,313,488
Community development	4,060,494	-	4,060,494
Capital projects and improvements	 9,243	 7,341,479	 7,350,722
Total fund balances	 9,383,225	 7,341,479	 16,724,704
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 10,060,147	\$ 7,381,768	\$ 17,441,915

CITY OF LEMOORE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	F	ombined Special Revenue Funds	Combined Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
REVENUES				
Licenses and permits	\$	9,295	\$ -	\$ 9,295
Intergovernmental		666,470	152,465	818,935
Fees and assessments		745,752	644,300	1,390,052
Loan repayments		57,253	51,237	108,490
Other revenue		10,434	 	 10,434
Total revenues		1,489,204	 848,002	 2,337,206
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government		17,743	-	17,743
Public safety		6,529	-	6,529
Public works		1,185	278,004	279,189
Community development		737,794	-	737,794
Capital outlay		12,267	 525,781	 538,048
Total expenditures		775,518	 803,785	 1,579,303
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures		713,686	 44,217	 757,903
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in		20,789	45,000	65,789
Transfers out		(45,000)	 	 (45,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(24,211)	 45,000	 20,789
Net changes in fund balances		689,475	89,217	778,692
Fund balances - beginning		8,693,750	 7,252,262	 15,946,012
Fund balances - end of year	\$	9,383,225	\$ 7,341,479	\$ 16,724,704

CITY OF LEMOORE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Grants Fund	Traffic Safety Fund	Local Transportation Fund	Maintenance Assessment District Fund	TE/STP Exchange Fund	Downtown Improvement Fund	Totals
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$ 501,441	\$ 460,218	\$ 3,148,226	\$ 3,550,661	\$ 1,224,266	\$ 19,519	\$ 8,904,331
Receivables:							
Interest	-	540	3,696	4,191	1,439	24	9,890
Notes	651,200		-	-	-	-	651,200
Intergovernmental		3,841	471,262	19,623			494,726
Total assets	<u>\$ 1,152,641</u>	\$ 464,599	\$ 3,623,184	<u>\$ 3,574,475</u>	\$ 1,225,705	<u>\$ 19,543</u>	<u>\$ 10,060,147</u>
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	<u></u> \$ -	<u>\$</u> -	\$-	\$ 15,422	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 10,300	\$ 25,722
Total liabilities				15,422		10,300	25,722
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - Ioans	651,200						651,200
Total deferred inflows of resources	651,200						651,200
FUND BALANCES Restricted:							
Public works	-	464,599	3,623,184	-	1,225,705	-	5,313,488
Community development	501,441	-	-	3,559,053	-	-	4,060,494
Capital projects and improvements						9,243	9,243
Total fund balances	501,441	464,599	3,623,184	3,559,053	1,225,705	9,243	9,383,225
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of							
resources, and fund balances	<u>\$ 1,152,641</u>	\$ 464,599	\$ 3,623,184	\$ 3,574,475	\$ 1,225,705	\$ 19,543	\$ 10,060,147

CITY OF LEMOORE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Grants Fund	Traffic Safety Fund	Local Transportation Fund	Maintenance Assessment District Fund	TE/STP Exchange Fund	Downtown Improvement Fund	Totals
REVENUES							
Licenses and permits	Ψ	- \$ -	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 9,295	
Intergovernmental	10,800		471,380	-	184,290	-	666,470
Fees and assessments		27,611	-	718,141	-	-	745,752
Loan repayments		. 3,450	22,577	23,536	7,567	123	57,253
Other revenue		<u> </u>		10,434			10,434
Total revenues	10,800	31,061	493,957	752,111	191,857	9,418	1,489,204
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government			-	-	-	17,743	17,743
Public safety		. 6,529	-	-	-	-	6,529
Public works			-	-	1,185	-	1,185
Community development		· -	-	737,794	-	-	737,794
Capital outlay		12,267					12,267
Total expenditures		18,796		737,794	1,185	17,743	775,518
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures	10,800	12,265	493,957	14,317	190,672	(8,325)	713,686
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in			-	20,789	-	-	20,789
Transfers out		(45,000)				(45,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(45,000)	20,789			(24,211)
Net change in fund balances	10,800	(32,735) 493,957	35,106	190,672	(8,325)	689,475
Fund balances - beginning	490,641	497,334	3,129,227	3,523,947	1,035,033	17,568	8,693,750
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$ 501,441</u>	\$ 464,599	\$ 3,623,184	\$ 3,559,053	<u>\$ 1,225,705</u>	<u>\$ 9,243</u>	<u>\$ 9,383,225</u>

CITY OF LEMOORE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Im	Street mprovement Fund		nent Improvement		Facility Infrastructure Fund		Capital Improvement Fees Fund		Traffic Signal Fund		Totals
ASSETS		1 unu		T UNU		1 dild				ghair ana		101015
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	124,302	\$	2,897,882	\$	452,134	\$	3,700,996	\$	197,796	\$	7,373,110
Interest		146		3,402		531		4,347		232		8,658
Total assets	\$	124,448	\$	2,901,284	\$	452,665	\$	3,705,343	\$	198,028	\$	7,381,768
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	40,289	\$	-	\$	40,289
Total liabilities								40,289				40,289
FUND BALANCES Restricted:												
Capital projects and improvements		124,448		2,901,284		452,665		3,665,054		198,028		7,341,479
Total fund balances		124,448		2,901,284		452,665		3,665,054		198,028		7,341,479
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	124,448	\$	2,901,284	\$	452,665	\$	3,705,343	\$	198,028	\$	7,381,768

CITY OF LEMOORE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Street Improvement Fund		Recreation Improvement Fund		Facility Infrastructure Fund		Capital provement Fees Fund	Traffic Signal Fund		Totals
REVENUES										
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	152,465	\$ 152,465
Fees and assessments	-		192,089		-		452,211		-	644,300
Loan repayments	 878		20,106		3,192		26,498		563	 51,237
Total revenues	 878		212,195		3,192		478,709		153,028	 848,002
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
Public works	-		-		-		278,004		-	278,004
Capital outlay	 -		-		-		525,781		-	 525,781
Total expenditures	 -						803,785		-	 803,785
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over										
(under) expenditures	 878		212,195		3,192		(325,076)		153,028	 44,217
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in	 				-		<u> </u>		45,000	 45,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	 								45,000	 45,000
Net change in fund balances	878		212,195		3,192		(325,076)		198,028	89,217
Fund balances - beginning	 123,570		2,689,089		449,473		3,990,130			 7,252,262
Fund balances - ending	\$ 124,448	\$	2,901,284	\$	452,665	\$	3,665,054	\$	198,028	\$ 7,341,479

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CITY OF LEMOORE FIDICUARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

Fiduciary Funds

The **Trust and Custodial Funds** are used to account for assets held by a governmental unit in a trustee capacity and/or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and /or other funds. These include Successor Agency private purpose trust funds and custodial funds.

Private Purpose Trust Funds

The Lemoore Redevelopment Successor Agency Debt Service Fund is used to retire debt obligations.

The **Lemoore Redevelopment Successor Agency Capital Projects Fund** is used to account for Successor Agency activities approved in the ROPS.

Custodial Funds

The **Police Activities League Fund** is used to account for the activities of the Police Activity League.

The **CNG Expansion Project Fund** is used to account for the Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality grant obtained on behalf of the Lemoore Unified School District.

The **School and County Impact Fees Fund** is a passthrough fund used to account for impact fees collected on behalf of Kings County and Lemoore Unified School District.

The **Laguna Irrigation Fund** is used to account for an agreement to benefit water recharge or to purchase water on behalf of the Laguna Irrigation District.

The **Kings Area Rural Transit Fund** is a passthrough fund used to account for bus fees collected on behalf of the Kings County Area Public Transit Agency

The **Strong Motion Fund** is a passthrough fund used to collect impact fees on behalf of the California Department of Conservation.

CITY OF LEMOORE COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	3	Lemoore development Successor Agency ebt Service Fund	Red S	Lemoore development Successor Agency bital Projects Fund	Red Succ Priv	Total Lemoore development essor Agency ate-Purpose rust Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	(1,418)	\$	1,011,185	\$	1,009,767
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents		2,370,451		-		2,370,451
Advances to City of Lemoore		-		1,789,939		1,789,939
Notes receivable		-		1,117,267		1,117,267
Land held for resale		-		180,494		180,494
Total assets		2,369,033		4,098,885		6,467,918
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		-		300		300
Payable to State Department of Finance		-		18,050		18,050
Interest payable		226,213		-		226,213
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within one year		901,474		-		901,474
Due in more than one year		12,373,504		76,501		12,450,005
Total liabilities		13,501,191		94,851		13,596,042
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)						
Restricted for:						
Net position (deficit) held in trust for the retirement of obligations of the Lemoore Successor Agency to the						
former Lemoore Redevelopment Agency		(11,132,158)		4,004,034		(7,128,124)
Total net position (deficit)	\$	(11,132,158)	\$	4,004,034	\$	(7,128,124)

CITY OF LEMOORE COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Lemoore Redevelopment Successor Agency Debt Service Fund	Lemoore Redevelopment Successor Agency Capital Projects Fund	Total Lemoore Redevelopment Successor Agency Private-Purpose Trust Funds
ADDITIONS			
Investment earnings:			
Interest, dividends, and other	\$ 26,179	\$ 34,163	\$ 60,342
Net investment earnings	26,179	34,163	60,342
Collections on behalf of other governments:			
Property taxes		1,051,580	1,051,580
Total additions	26,179	1,085,743	1,111,922
DEDUCTIONS			
Administrative expense	690	84,766	85,456
Interest expense	572,320	-	572,320
Bad debt	-	38,252	38,252
Interfund transfers	(1,417,497)	1,417,497	
Total deductions	(844,487)	1,540,515	696,028
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	870,666	(454,772)	415,894
Net position (deficit) - beginning	(12,002,824)	4,458,806	(7,544,018)
Net position (deficit) - ending	<u>\$ (11,132,158)</u>	\$ 4,004,034	<u>\$ (7,128,124)</u>

CITY OF LEMOORE COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	e Activities .eague	CNG Expansion Project	chool and unty Impact Fees	_aguna ation District	s Area Transit	Strong Motion	Total Custodial Funds		
ASSETS Cash and investments Other assets	\$ 14,440 -	\$	\$ 10,962 -	\$ 123,401 28,800	\$ 50 -	\$	\$	149,439 28,800	
Total assets	 14,440		 10,962	 152,201	 50	586		178,239	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Impact fees payable Total liabilities	 		 - 10,962 10,962	 	 50 	586 586		636 <u>10,962</u> 11,598	
	 		 10,302	 	 			11,000	
Restricted for: Organizations and other governments	 14,440	<u> </u>	 	 152,201	 <u> </u>	<u> </u>		166,641	
Total net position	\$ 14,440	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 	\$ 152,201	\$ 	<u>\$</u>	\$	166,641	

CITY OF LEMOORE COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Police Activities League		CNG Expansion Project	School and County Impact Fees	Laguna Irrigation District		Kings Area Rural Transit	Strong Motion	Total Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS									
Contributions:									
Members	\$	-	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	\$	20,000	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -	\$ 20,000
Total contributions		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		20,000		<u>-</u>	20,000
Investment earnings:									
Interest, dividends, and other		-				232			232
Net investment earnings		<u> </u>	<u> </u>			232			232
Collections on behalf of other governments:									
Impact Fees		-	-	926,907		-	-	-	926,907
Grants		-	87,177	-		-	-	-	87,177
Other		-					3,870	7,579	11,449
Total collections on behalf of other governments		<u> </u>	87,177	926,907	. <u> </u>		3,870	7,579	1,025,533
Total additions		<u> </u>	87,177	926,907		20,232	3,870	7,579	1,045,765
DEDUCTIONS									
Payments to other governments		-	87,177	926,907		-	3,870	7,579	1,025,533
Other expenses		-	<u>-</u>			564			564
Total deductions		-	87,177	926,907		564	3,870	7,579	1,026,097
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position		-	-	-		19,668	-	-	19,668
Net position - beginning (restated)		14,440				132,533	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	146,973
Net position - ending	\$	14,440	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$	152,201	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 166,641