

March 10, 2023

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Lemoore, California

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lemoore, California (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards and the Uniform Guidance, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated July 13, 2022. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

### **Significant Audit Findings**

### **Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices**

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the City are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. During 2022, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 87 – *Leases*. We noted no transactions entered into by the City during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The City does not have any particularly sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements.

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosures affecting the financial statements were:

The disclosures of the employee pension plan and related account balances are presented in Note 12 to the financial statements. Analysis of these balances rely mostly on the actuarial evaluation obtained by management. The significance of the estimated future liability and related deferred inflows and outflows or resources makes these sensitive disclosures for the users of the financial statements.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing the audit.

### Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. All material adjustments were communicated to management in our separate Report to Management, including our identification of an internal control related issue as noted during the course of our audit.

City of Lemoore March 10, 2023 Page 2 of 2

### Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

### **Management Representations**

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated March 10, 2023.

### Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to City's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

### Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the City's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

### **Other Matters**

We applied certain limited procedures to the budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund, Lemoore Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund and Gasoline Tax Special Revenue Fund, schedule of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability, and schedule of plan contributions, which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on the combining fund financial statements, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. We were also engaged to report on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, which is issued in a separate report from the financial statements. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

### Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council and management of the City and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sincerely,

HUDSON HENDERSON & COMPANY, INC.

Hudson Handerson & Company, Inc.

By: Brian Henderson, CPA

### **CITY OF LEMOORE**

**SINGLE AUDIT REPORT** 

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Lemoore, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lemoore, California (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 10, 2023.

### **Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we considered to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

HUDSON HENDERSON & COMPANY, INC.

Hudson Harderson & Company, Inc.

Fresno, California

March 10, 2023



## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Lemoore, California

### **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

### **Opinion on Each Major Program**

We have audited the City of Lemoore, California's (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City's federal programs.

### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists.

The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to
  design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control
  over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion
  on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

### Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated March 10, 2023, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### **Purpose of Report**

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

HUDSON HENDERSON & COMPANY, INC.

Hudson Harderson & Company, Inc.

Fresno, California March 10, 2023

# CITY OF LEMOORE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA No.	Grant Number	Thro S	ass- ough to oub- ipients		Federal penditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE						
Passed through the County of Kings						
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant	16.738	N/A	\$	-	\$	3,798
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE				-	_	3,798
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION						
Passed through the California Department of Transportation						
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster						
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	CML-5115 (036)		-		11,148
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	HIP-5115 (040)		-		19,103
Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster				-		30,251
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				-	_	30,251
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY						
Passed through California Department of Finance						
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	N/A		-		6,393,188
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY				-	_	6,393,188
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY						
Passed through the Kings County Office of Emergency Services						
Homeland Security Grant Program (HSGP)	97.067	2018-0054		-		37,570
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY			-	-	_	37,570
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$	-	\$	6,464,807

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

### CITY OF LEMOORE NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

### NOTE 1 – GENERAL

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents all the activity of all the federal award programs of the City of Lemoore, California (the City) for the year ended June 30, 2022. The City reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the City's basic financial statements. Federal awards received directly from federal agencies as well as federal awards passed through other government agencies are included on the schedule.

### **NOTE 2 – BASIS OF ACCOUNTING & PRESENTATION**

Consistent with the City's method of filing federal financial reports, the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is prepared using the accrual basis method of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S., Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some of the amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements. The amounts reported in the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards agree, in all material respects, to amounts reported within the City's basic financial statements.

### NOTE 3 - RELATIONSHIP TO FEDERAL FINANCIAL REPORTS

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedule agree with the amounts reported in the related periodic federal financial reports.

### NOTE 4 – CATALOG OF FEDERAL DOMESTIC ASSISTANCE (CFDA)

The CFDA numbers included in the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards were determined based on the program name, review of the grant or contract information and the Office of Management and Budget's Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance.

### **NOTE 5 – PASS-THROUGH ENTITY IDENTIFYING NUMBERS**

When Federal awards were received from a pass-through entity, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards show, if available, the identifying number assigned by the pass-through entity. When no identifying number is shown, the City has either determined that no identifying number is assigned for the program or the City was unable to obtain an identifying number from the pass-through entity.

### **NOTE 6 – INDIRECT COST RATE LIMITATION**

The City does not use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate.

# CITY OF LEMOORE SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### **SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS**

Financial S	tatements					
Type of auditors' report issed:					dified	
Internal co	ontrol over financial reporting					
•	Material weakness identified?	-		Yes _	X	No
<ul> <li>Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?</li> </ul>				Yes _	X	No
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?					X	No
Federal Aw	vards					
Internal co	ontrol over major federal programs	5:				
Material weakness identified?					X	No
<ul> <li>Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?</li> </ul>				Yes _	Х	No
Noncompl	iance material to federal awards?		Yes _	Х	No	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2CRF section 200.516(a).				Yes _	X	No
Type of au Federal pr	ditors' report issued on compliand ograms:	e for major		Unmod	dified	
Identificat	ion of major programs:					
· ·	Number: .027	Name of Federal Prog Coronavirus State and			ery Funds	
	eshold used to distinguish upe A and B programs:			\$750,0	000	
Auditee qualified as a low risk auditee?					Х	No

# CITY OF LEMOORE SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### **SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS**

There are no financial statement findings to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS**

There are no financial statement findings to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

## CITY OF LEMOORE SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

### **SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS**

Finding 2021-001 – Significant Deficiency Capital Asset Disposals

### Condition:

While performing procedures over the City's capital asset disposals, we noted that the disposal of one of the City's water tanks was not properly recorded in the financial records of the City. The City's water tank suffered catastrophic damage and was destroyed along with other City property located nearby during the fiscal year. The disposal of this asset resulted in a material adjustment being recorded in the City's Water Fund that was previously absent.

### Criteria:

Per COSO's Internal Control – Integrated Framework, the City should implement adequate internal controls to ensure that the process over reporting of capital assets is designed to provide reasonable assurance that all significant capital asset activity is properly recorded and reported to ensure reasonably stated financial reporting.

### Cause:

The City has a process in which capital asset disposals are communicated from the various departments to the City finance department. However, this disposal wasn't communicated to the finance department, and thus was missed as part of the financial statement closing process.

#### Effect

The City's Water Fund capital assets was not properly reported, resulting in a material adjustment to correct the capital asset and loss on disposal of assets account balances.

### Recommendation:

We recommend that the City implement multiple levels of review to ensure that the City's capital asset listing is correctly reported as of year-end and all capital asset activity is reflected in the City's note disclosure. Additional training to departments regarding proper reporting of capital asset disposals and other significant capital asset activity would further help prevent reporting errors in the future.

### Management Response:

The City recognizes that there was an oversight in the reporting of the disposal of a capital asset related to the Water Division. The City has a process in place for reporting capital asset disposals, however, given the circumstances surrounding the incident, City staff was focused on critical issues as a result of the incident and asset disposal did not meet the level of urgency. The City is confident this issue will not arise again, as processes are in place, and the circumstances surrounding the issue were unusual.

### **Current Year Status:**

Implemented.

### **SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS**

There were no financial statement findings reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance in the prior year.

### CITY OF LEMOORE CALIFORNIA

### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### <u>CITY OF LEMOORE</u> FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Lemoore, California

### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lemoore, California (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 20 – Restatement of Beginning Net Position/Fund Balance to the financial statements, in 2022, the City adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter

### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
  error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
  examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
  are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness
  of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting
  estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison schedules for the general fund, streets special revenue fund and Lemoore housing authority special revenue fund, schedule of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability, and schedule of contributions, as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Hudson Harderson & Company, Inc.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 10, 2023, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

HUDSON HENDERSON & COMPANY, INC.

Fresno, California March 10, 2023 THIS PAGE IS LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### CITY OF LEMOORE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	vernmental Activities	Bu	siness-Type Activities		Total
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 34,510,493	\$	25,354,101	\$	59,864,594
Restricted cash and investments	547,148		-		547,148
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents	-		7		7
Receivables:			0 477 400		0.074.000
Accounts, net	396,898		3,477,138		3,874,036
Interest	18,444		14,092		32,536
Notes	7,471,838		87,393		7,559,231
Intergovernmental Leases	5,458,466 299,752		310,323		5,458,466 610,075
Public-private partnership	299,732		1,076,974		1,076,974
Prepaid expenses	14,413		94,090		108,503
Internal balances	(53,203)		53,203		100,000
Assets held for resale	1,485,564		-		1,485,564
Other assets	40,000		_		40,000
Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized	7,191,842		39,710,643		46,902,485
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/	, ,		, ,		, ,
amortization	54,230,569		29,332,411		83,562,980
Total assets	111,612,224		99,510,375		211,122,599
Total assets	 111,012,221		00,010,010	_	211,122,000
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension related	2,672,650		965,864		3,638,514
r ension related	 2,012,000		300,004		0,000,014
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,672,650		965,864		3,638,514
Total deletted outflows of resources	 2,012,000		300,004		0,000,014
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	736,911		1,076,295		1,813,206
Retainage payable	138,153		1,652,585		1,790,738
Accrued interest payable	-		113,053		113,053
Deposits and other liabilities	514,171		78,804		592,975
Unearned revenue	120,096		-		120,096
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Due within one year:					
Compensated absences	351,253		99,637		450,890
Lease liabilities	25,634		<u>-</u>		25,634
Bonds and notes payable	-		644,995		644,995
Due in more than one year:	007.550		04.007		004.040
Compensated absences	227,552		34,097		261,649
Lease liabilities	87,814		22 704 460		87,814
Bonds and notes payable	-		32,794,160		32,794,160
Advances from Successor Agency	- 5 777 440		1,812,380		1,812,380
Net pension liability	 5,777,449	_	2,732,981	_	8,510,430
Total liabilities	7,979,033		41,038,987		49,018,020
	<u> </u>				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension related	4,525,159		2,535,166		7,060,325
Lease related	421,463		340,528		761,991
Public-private partnership related	 		1,244,513		1,244,513
Total deferred inflows of resources	 4,946,622		4,120,207		9,066,829
NET BOOKEON					
NET POSITION	04 000 000		25 002 222		00 040 000
Net investment in capital assets	61,308,963		35,603,899		96,912,862
Restricted for:	45 457				AF 4F7
Public safety	45,157		-		45,157
Public works Community development	9,333,123 15,947,037		-		9,333,123 15,947,037
Parks and recreation	20,375		- -		20,375
Capital projects and improvements	8,947,994		87,393		9,035,387
Debt service reserve			7		7
Unrestricted	 5,756,570		19,625,746		25,382,316
Total net position	\$ 101,359,219	\$	55,317,045	\$	156,676,264

### CITY OF LEMOORE **STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES** FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Program Revenues				(Expense) Revenue nanges in Net Posit	
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Functions/programs: Primary government:							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 866,242	\$ 324,540	\$ -	\$	\$ (541,702)	\$ -	\$ (541,702)
Public safety	8,887,526	483,767	358,906	2,151,554	(5,893,299)	-	(5,893,299)
Public works	4,416,207	735,500	1,979,602	442,616	(1,258,489)	-	(1,258,489)
Community development	840,337	747,999	87,370	-	(4,968)	-	(4,968)
Parks and recreation	555,999	241,072	5,300	148,340	(161,287)	-	(161,287)
Interest on long-term debt	1,784				(1,784)		(1,784)
Total governmental activities	15,568,095	2,532,878	2,431,178	2,742,510	(7,861,529)		(7,861,529)
Business-type activities:							
Water	8,175,404	10,142,525	_	24,201	_	1,991,322	1,991,322
Sewer	4,007,111	3,558,037	_	88,222	_	(360,852)	(360,852)
Refuse	3,732,686	4,205,442	45,785	-	_	518,541	518,541
Golf course	138,277	8,214	-	_	_	(130,063)	(130,063)
						(100,000)	(100,000)
Total business-type activities	16,053,478	17,914,218	45,785	112,423		2,018,948	2,018,948
Total primary government	\$ 31,621,573	\$ 20,447,096	\$ 2,476,963	\$ 2,854,933	(7,861,529)	2,018,948	(5,842,581)
	General revenues:						
	Property taxes				3,155,958	-	3,155,958
	Sales taxes				3,626,429	-	3,626,429
	Franchise taxes				681,080	-	681,080
	Transient taxes				373,342	-	373,342
	Other taxes				1,105,840	-	1,105,840
	Motor vehicle in-	·lieu			2,442,245	-	2,442,245
	Unrestricted inve	estment earnings			266,163	227,501	493,664
	Other revenue				347,662	1,981	349,643
	American Recov	ery Plan Act			6,393,188	-	6,393,188
	Insurance proce	eds			-	2,591,920	2,591,920
	Transfers				(370,090)	370,090	<del>-</del>
	Total general ı	revenues			18,021,817	3,191,492	21,213,309
	Changes in net po	sition			10,160,288	5,210,440	15,370,728
	Net position - begi	nning, restated			91,198,931	50,106,605	141,305,536
	Net position - endi	ng			\$ 101,359,219	\$ 55,317,045	\$ 156,676,264

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### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The funds described below were determined to be Major Funds by the City in fiscal year 2022. Individual nonmajor funds may be found in the supplemental section.

### **GENERAL FUND**

This fund is the primary operating fund of the City. It accounts for normal recurring activities traditionally associated with governments, which are not required to be accounted for in another fund. These activities are funded primarily by property taxes, sales and use taxes, interest and rental income, charges for services, and grants.

### STREETS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures apportioned to the City under the Streets and Highway Code, Sections 2103, 2105, 2106, 2107, and 2107.5 and the Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation act of the State of California. Expenditures for administration, maintenance, and construction must be street related.

### LEMOORE HOUSING AUTHORITY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

This fund has taken over the assets and associated functions of the Low/Moderate Income Housing Fund of the former Lemoore Redevelopment Agency and is used to account for current and future low-income households for the acquisition, rehabilitation, or new construction of single-family homes.

### PUBLIC SAFETY DISPATCH CENTER CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

This fund is used to account for revenue and expenditures related to construction of the new public safety dispatch center.

# CITY OF LEMOORE BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

		Special Rev	venue Funds	Capital Project Fund		
			Lemoore	Public Safety	Nonmajor	Total
	General		Housing	Dispatch	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Streets Fund	Authority Fund	Center Fund	Funds	Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$ 10,360,417	\$ 3,109,776	\$ 1,945,245	\$ 1,840,338	\$ 17,254,717	\$ 34,510,493
Restricted cash and investments Receivables:	547,148	-	-	-	-	547,148
Accounts, net	396,898	-	-	-	-	396,898
Interest	6,626	1,704	-	1,023	9,091	18,444
Notes	32,899	-	5,268,894	-	2,170,045	7,471,838
Intergovernmental	4,037,797	143,760	-	-	1,276,909	5,458,466
Leases	299,752	-	-	-	-	299,752
Interfund receivables	790,446	-	-	-	-	790,446
Prepaid items	14,413	-	-	-	-	14,413
Other assets	40,000	-	-	-	-	40,000
Assets held for resale			1,485,564			1,485,564
Total assets	\$ 16,526,396	\$ 3,255,240	\$ 8,699,703	\$ 1,841,361	\$ 20,710,762	\$ 51,033,462
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ 346,806	\$ 860	\$ 1,299	\$ -	\$ 331,530	\$ 680,495
Retainage payable	Ψ 0+0,000	33,700	Ψ 1,233	84,589	19,864	138,153
Deposits and other liabilities	514,171	-	_		10,001	514,171
Unearned revenue	120,096	_	_	_	_	120,096
Interfund payable	120,000	_	_	_	102,933	102,933
ппенини рауавте					102,000	102,000
Total liabilities	981,073	34,560	1,299	84,589	454,327	1,555,848
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue - loans	-	-	5,268,894	-	2,170,045	7,438,939
Lease related	421,463					421,463
Total deferred inflows of resources	421,463		5,268,894		2,170,045	7,860,402
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)						
Nonspendable:						
Prepaid items	14,413	_	_	_	_	14,413
Notes receivable	32,899	_	_	_		32,899
Restricted:	02,000					02,000
Public safety	45,157	_	_	_	_	45,157
Public works	10,101	3,220,680	_	_	6,112,443	9,333,123
Community development	301,163	-	3,429,510		4,924,835	8,655,508
Parks and recreation	15,075	_	-	_	5,300	20,375
Capital projects and improvements	10,010	_	_	1,756,772	7,043,812	8,800,584
Committed:				1,700,772	7,010,012	0,000,001
Premium pay	1,372,088	_	_	_	_	1,372,088
Ambulance fines	34,356					34,356
Assigned:	0 1,000					0.,000
Subsequent year's budget:						
Appropriation of fund balance	2,556,318	-	-	-	_	2,556,318
Unassigned	10,752,391					10,752,391
Total fund balances (deficits)	15,123,860	3,220,680	3,429,510	1,756,772	18,086,390	41,617,212
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources, and fund balances	<u>\$ 16,526,396</u>	\$ 3,255,240	\$ 8,699,703	<u>\$ 1,841,361</u>	\$ 20,710,762	\$ 51,033,462

# CITY OF LEMOORE RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Net position of governmental activities

Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 41,617,212
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not current financial resources; therefore, they are not reported in the governmental funds.		61,337,037
Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(113,448)
Compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the funds.		(571,775)
Net pension liability and pension related deferred outflows and inflows of resources are not due in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. These amounts consist of:  Net pension liability  Deferred outflows of resources  Deferred inflows of resources	(5,739,119) 2,658,884 (4,489,244)	(7,569,479)
Certain assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures; therefore, they are unavailable in the governmental funds.		7,438,939
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet maintenance services to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal revenue service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position.		(779,267)

101,359,219

### CITY OF LEMOORE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

				Capital Project		
		Special Rev	enue Funds	Fund		
			Lemoore	Dublic Octob	N1	T.4.1
			Housing	Public Safety	Nonmajor	Total
	General		Authority	Dispatch	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Streets Fund	Fund	Center Fund	Funds	Funds
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$ 3,155,958	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,155,958
Other taxes	8,253,590	-	-	-	-	8,253,590
Licenses and permits	1,129,265	-	-	-	9,875	1,139,140
Charges for services	517,835	-	-	-	-	517,835
Intergovernmental	6,786,180	1,154,884	-	2,000,000	1,261,030	11,202,094
Fees and assessments	74,615	-	-	-	898,930	973,545
Loan repayments	-	-	43,685	-	-	43,685
Use of money and property	208,734	3,853	-	1,325	18,962	232,874
Other revenue	388,857		75		5,300	394,232
Total revenues	20,515,034	1,158,737	43,760	2,001,325	2,194,097	25,912,953
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	858,247	_	_	_	14,856	873,103
Public safety	8,987,754				80,806	9,068,560
Public works	1,634,290	401,326	_	_	18,945	2,054,561
Community development	535,255	401,320	18,990	-	401,072	955,317
Parks and recreation	673,172		10,990	_	401,072	673,172
Capital outlay	286,319	808,094	_	53,202	523,891	1,671,506
Debt service:	200,010	000,004		00,202	020,001	1,071,000
Principal	12,559	_	_	_	_	12,559
Interest and fiscal charges	1,785			<u> </u>		1,785
· ·						
Total expenditures	12,989,381	1,209,420	18,990	53,202	1,039,570	15,310,563
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	7,525,653	(50,683)	24,770	1,948,123	1,154,527	10,602,390
OTHER FINANCING COURGES (USES)						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	100 710					102,710
Lease proceeds Transfers in	102,710	-	-	-	259,160	259,160
Transfers out	(411,020)	-	-	-	(240,000)	(651,020)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(308,310)				19,160	(289,150)
Net changes in fund balances	7,217,343	(50,683)	24,770	1,948,123	1,173,687	10,313,240
Fund balances (deficits) - beginning, restated	7,906,517	3,271,363	3,404,740	(191,351)	16,912,703	31,303,972
Fund balances (deficits) - ending	\$ 15,123,860	\$ 3,220,680	\$ 3,429,510	\$ 1,756,772	\$ 18,086,390	\$ 41,617,212

### **CITY OF LEMOORE**

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 10,313,240
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation and amortization expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation/amortization expense in	
the current period.	(328,284)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is a decrease in net position.	
Donation of capital assets Loss on disposal of assets	21,500 (170,326)
Compensated absences expense reported in the statement of activities does not require the use of current financial resources; therefore, it is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.	10,835
Changes to net pension liability and pension related deferred outflows and inflows of resources do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	208,178
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	77,865
The distribution of housing loans and corresponding payments that were recognized in the governmental funds are not recognized in the statement of activities.	74,083
Leases and other debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of leases and other debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but repayment reduces long-term liabilities	
in the Statement of Net Position. Lease issued Principal paid on leases	(102,710) 12,559
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet maintenance to individual funds. The change in net position of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	43,348
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 10,160,288

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### **MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS**

Proprietary funds account for the City operations financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise. The intent of the City is that the cost of providing goods and services be financed primarily through user charges.

The City reported all of its Enterprise Funds and its Internal Service Fund as major funds in fiscal year 2022.

### **ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

### **WATER FUND**

This fund accounts for activities associated with the acquisition or construction of water facilities and the production, distribution, and transmission of potable water to users.

### **SEWER FUND**

This fund accounts for activities associated with the acquisition or construction, and operations and maintenance of the City's sewer system, including drainage, treatment, and disposal of sanitary wastewater.

### **REFUSE FUND**

This fund accounts for activities associated with the acquisition of refuse and disposal equipment and vehicles, and the collection and disposal of refuse throughout the City.

### **GOLF COURSE FUND**

This fund accounts for the resources provided and used in the City's public golf course.

### INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

### **FLEET MAINTENANCE FUND**

This fund is used for the maintenance, service, and repair of the City's fleet. These services are provided to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

### CITY OF LEMOORE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

					Governmental	
	Water	Sewer	siness-type Activiti Refuse	Golf Course		Activities Internal
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total	Service Fund
ASSETS						
Current assets: Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents	\$ 11,349,493 7	\$ 12,027,554 -	\$ 1,977,054 -	\$ - -	\$ 25,354,101 7	\$ - -
Receivables: Accounts	2,165,275	632,378	724,058	13,744	3,535,455	_
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	(25,115)		(15,969)	-	(58,317)	-
Interest Notes	5,429 18,021	7,026 69,372	1,637	-	14,092 87,393	-
Leases	10,021	194,777	115,546	-	310,323	-
Public-private partnership	-	-	-	1,076,974	1,076,974	-
Interfund receivables Prepaid expenses	54,425 94,090	70,961 	290,444		415,830 94,090	<u> </u>
Total current assets	13,661,625	12,984,835	3,092,770	1,090,718	30,829,948	<u> </u>
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets:						
Nondepreciable  Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	36,397,427 19,251,360	2,319,848 7,925,540	369,355 1,031,449	624,013 1,124,062	39,710,643 29,332,411	- 85,374
Total noncurrent assets	55,648,787	10,245,388	1,400,804	1,748,075	69,043,054	85,374
Total Horicultent assets	00,040,707	10,240,000	1,400,004	1,740,070	00,040,004	00,014
Total assets	69,310,412	23,230,223	4,493,574	2,838,793	99,873,002	85,374
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related	476,305	193,455	296,104	<u>-</u>	965,864	13,766
Total deferred outflows of resources	476,305	193,455	296,104		965,864	13,766
LIABILITIES  Ourseld list littles						
Current liabilities: Accounts payable	511,957	464,423	99,230	685	1,076,295	56,416
Retainage payable	1,652,585		-	-	1,652,585	-
Deposits and other liabilities	60,826	-	-	17,978	78,804	-
Compensated absences	34,597	24,273	40,767	-	99,637	6,242
Interfund payable	110 006	-	-	452,544	452,544	650,799
Accrued interest payable Current portion of long-term liabilities	112,806 644,995	-	-	247	113,053 644,995	-
Current portion of long-term liabilities	044,000				011,000	
Total current liabilities	3,017,766	488,696	139,997	471,454	4,117,913	713,457
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Long-term liabilities	32,794,160	-	-	-	32,794,160	-
Advances from Successor Agency Compensated absences	-	-	34.097	1,812,380	1,812,380 34,097	- 788
Net pension liability	1,363,260	538,621	831,100		2,732,981	38,330
Total noncurrent liabilities	34,157,420	538,621	865,197	1,812,380	37,373,618	39,118
Total liabilities	37,175,186	1,027,317	1,005,194	2,283,834	41,491,531	752,575
DEFERDED INELOWS OF DESCRIPCES						
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related	1,260,259	502,159	772,748	_	2,535,166	35,915
Lease related	-,200,200	213,763	126,765	-	340,528	-
Public-private partnership related				1,244,513	1,244,513	<u> </u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,260,259	715,922	899,513	1,244,513	4,120,207	35,915
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)						
Net investment in capital assets	22,209,632	10,245,388	1,400,804	1,748,075	35,603,899	85,374
Restricted for:						
Capital projects and improvements	18,021	69,372	-	-	87,393	-
Debt service reserve Unrestricted	9,123,612	11,365,679	1,484,167	(2,437,629)	7 19,535,829	(774,724)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 31,351,272	\$ 21,680,439	\$ 2,884,971	\$ (689,554)	55,227,128	\$ (689,350)
Adjustments to reflect the consolidation of internal					89,917	
service fund activities related to enterprise funds						
Net position of business-type activities					\$ 55,317,045	

### CITY OF LEMOORE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Governmental Activities					
	Water	Sewer	Refuse	Golf Course		Internal Service Fund	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total		
Operating revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 10.164.715	\$ 3,644,775	\$ 4,204,565	\$ 8.034	\$ 18,022,089	\$ 1,102,359	
Fines and forfeitures	500	Ψ 0,011,770	Ψ 1,201,000 -	Ψ 0,001	500	ψ 1,102,000 -	
Other revenues	1,511	1,484	877	180	4,052	_	
Carol Tovellage						·	
Total operating revenues	10,166,726	3,646,259	4,205,442	8,214	18,026,641	1,102,359	
Operating expenses:							
Salaries and benefits	1,784,095	828,253	1,230,188	_	3,842,536	203,118	
Materials and supplies	404,434	443,543	158.618	1,671	1,008,266	412,112	
General and administrative	1,498,392	1,053,245	488,104	-	3,039,741	764	
Contractual services	1,541,912	610,730	1,062,191	4,767	3,219,600	14,394	
Repairs and maintenance	201,215	169,757	25,448	· -	396,420	377,960	
Other expenses	408,838	297,363	586,225	-	1,292,426	18,437	
Depreciation	1,074,789	610,289	204,079	118,348	2,007,505	21,135	
'							
Total operating expenses	6,913,675	4,013,180	3,754,853	124,786	14,806,494	1,047,920	
Operating income (loss)	3,253,051	(366,921)	450,589	(116,572)	3,220,147	54,439	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):							
Intergovernmental - operating	_	_	45,785	_	45,785	_	
Use of money and property	12,794	86,699	45,017	82,991	227,501	_	
Interest expense	(1,266,355)	-	-	(13,491)	(1,279,846)	-	
Other nonoperating revenues	280	-	1,701	-	1,981	-	
Insurance proceeds	2,591,920	-	-	-	2,591,920	-	
·						·	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	1,338,639	86,699	92,503	69,500	1,587,341		
Income (loss) before transfers	4,591,690	(280,222)	543,092	(47,072)	4,807,488	54,439	
Transfers in	119,735	119,735	130,620		370,090	21,770	
Changes in net position	4,711,425	(160,487)	673,712	(47,072)	5,177,578	76,209	
Net position (deficit), beginning, restated	26,639,847	21,840,926	2,211,259	(642,482)		(765,559)	
Net position (deficit) - ending	\$ 31,351,272	\$ 21,680,439	\$ 2,884,971	\$ (689,554)		\$ (689,350)	
Adjustments to reflect consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise fund	ds				32,861		
Change in net position of business-type activities					\$ 5,210,439		

### CITY OF LEMOORE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Governmental Activities					
	Water	Sewer	Refuse	Golf Course		Internal Service Funds	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 9,449,932	\$ 3,395,076	\$ 4,029,351	\$ 12,347	\$ 16,886,706	\$ 1,102,695	
Payments to suppliers and service providers	(4,664,597)	(2,593,652)	(2,320,938)	(84,377)	(9,663,564)	(799,410)	
Payments to employees for salaries and benefits	(1,276,576)	(854,843)	(1,169,802)	(04,077)	(3,301,221)	(171,403)	
Other receipts	1,511	1,484	(1,109,802)	180	4,052	(171,403)	
Other receipts		1,404			4,032		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	3,510,270	(51,935)	539,488	(71,850)	3,925,973	131,882	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Operating grants	-	-	45,785	-	45,785	-	
Loans (to) from other funds	11,973	17,821	49,618	85,579	164,991	(136,310)	
Transfers from other funds	119,735	119,735	130,620	-	370,090	21,770	
Other nonoperating revenues	280	-	1,701	-	1,981	-	
Proceeds from lease of property		49,377	29,314		78,691		
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital							
financing activities	131,988	186,933	257,038	85,579	661,538	(114,540)	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Capital grants	-	8	482	-	490	-	
Principal paid on capital debt	(730,744)	-	-	-	(730,744)	-	
Interest paid on capital debt	(1,267,843)	-	-	(13,244)	(1,281,087)	-	
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(1,868,362)	(672,926)	(281,969)	-	(2,823,257)	(17,342)	
Proceeds from insurance proceeds on capital assets	2,591,920				2,591,920		
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related							
financing activities	(1,275,029)	(672,918)	(281,487)	(13,244)	(2,242,678)	(17,342)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	40.007	00.044	44.000	(405)	50.450		
Interest received (paid)	10,697	33,314	14,626	(485)	58,152		
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	10,697	33,314	14,626	(485)	58,152		
Increase (decrease) in cash and investments	2,377,926	(504,606)	529,665	-	2,402,985	-	
Cash and investments, July 1	8,971,574	12,532,160	1,447,389		22,951,123	<u> </u>	
Cash and investments, June 30	\$ 11,349,500	\$ 12,027,554	\$ 1,977,054	<u> </u>	\$ 25,354,108	\$ -	
Cash and investments	\$ 11,349,493	\$ 12,027,554	\$ 1,977,054	\$ -	\$ 25,354,101	\$ -	
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	7				7		
Total cash and investments	\$ 11,349,500	\$ 12,027,554	\$ 1,977,054	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 25,354,108	\$ -	

### CITY OF LEMOORE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

(Continued)

	Business-type Activities									Governmental Activities		
	Water		Sewer			Refuse		Golf Course			b	nternal
	Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Total		Service Funds	
Operating income (loss)	\$	3,253,051	\$	(366,921)	\$	450,589	\$	(116,572)	\$	3,220,147	\$	54,439
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to												
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:												
Depreciation		1,074,789		610,289		204,079		118,348		2,007,505		21,135
Changes in assets and liabilities:												
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(687,011)		(180,327)		(175,214)		(9,431)		(1,051,983)		336
(Increase) decrease in notes receivable		(18,021)		(69,372)		-				(87,393)		
(Increase) decrease in inventory		-		-		-		13,744		13,744		-
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		3,453		-		-		-		3,453		-
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources		(23,928)		51,450		56,385		-		83,907		(2,411)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(613,259)		(19,014)		(352)		(77,939)		(710,564)		24,257
Increase (decrease) in deposits and other liabilities		(10,251)		-		-		-		(10,251)		-
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		(27,735)		(9,666)		8,346		-		(29,055)		3,422
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources		1,191,526		462,601		719,080		-		2,373,207		31,925
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	-	(632,344)		(530,975)		(723,425)	_		_	(1,886,744)		(1,221)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	3,510,270	\$	(51,935)	\$	539,488	\$	(71,850)	\$	3,925,973	\$	131,882

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#### **FIDUCIARY FUNDS**

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The City administers the activity of a private purpose trust fund and a custodial fund. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs.

#### LEMOORE REDEVELOPMENT SUCCESSOR AGENCY PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

These funds are used to account for assets and liabilities of the former Lemoore Redevelopment Agency until they are distributed to other units of state and local government as a result of the dissolution of the redevelopment agency.

## **CUSTODIAL FUNDS**

These funds are used to account for assets held by the City for the Irrigation District, individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. The funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results in operations.

# CITY OF LEMOORE STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	Red Succ Priv	Lemoore development essor Agency rate-Purpose rust Funds	Custodial Funds		
ASSETS					
Cash	\$	1,015,578	\$	134,470	
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents		1,460,819		-	
Advances to City of Lemoore		1,812,380		-	
Notes receivable		1,033,918		-	
Land held for resale		18,742		-	
Other assets		<del>-</del>		28,800	
Total assets		5,341,437		163,270	
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable		156		170	
Impact fees payable		_		12,892	
Due to other governments		179,802		-	
Interest payable		192,829		-	
Long-term liabilities:					
Due within one year		831,297		-	
Due in more than one year		10,734,519			
Total liabilities		11,938,603		13,062	
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)					
Restricted for:					
Net position (deficit) held in trust for the retirement of obligations of the Lemoore Successor Agency to the					
former Lemoore Redevelopment Agency		(6,597,166)		-	
Organizations and other governments	-	<u>-</u>	_	150,208	
Total net position (deficit)	\$	(6,597,166)	\$	150,208	

# CITY OF LEMOORE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Lemoore Redevelopment Successor Agency Private-Purpose Trust Funds	Custodial Funds	
ADDITIONS			
Investment earnings:			
Interest, dividends, and other	\$ 23,589	\$ 220	
Net investment earnings	23,589	220	
Collections on behalf of other governments:			
Property taxes	1,274,069	-	
Impact fees	-	19,237	
Other	<del>-</del>	610	
Total collections on behalf of other governments	1,274,069	19,847	
Total additions	1,297,658	20,067	
DEDUCTIONS			
Administrative expense	48,564	-	
Interest expense	492,527	-	
Payments to other governments	161,752	19,847	
Other expenses	-	1,374	
Bad debt	42,859	<u> </u>	
Total deductions	745,702	21,221	
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	551,956	(1,154)	
Net position (deficit) - beginning	(7,149,122)	151,362	
Net position (deficit) - ending	\$ (6,597,166)	\$ 150,208	

#### **NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

### A. Reporting Entity

The City of Lemoore, California (the "City") is a charter city operating under a Council-Member form of government. During the year ended June 30, 2000, the voters of the City approved a Charter which gives the City Council greater self-rule, and the Charter was accepted by the California Secretary of State.

The accompanying basic financial statements include the financial activities of the City, the primary government and its component units, the Lemoore Financing Authority (Financing Authority) and the Lemoore Housing Authority (Housing Authority). Financial information for the City and its component units are accounted for in the accompanying financial statements in accordance with principles defining the governmental reporting entity adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The City Council members, in separate sessions, serve as the governing board of the component units. These entities are presented on a blended basis.

The **Lemoore Financing Authority** (Financing Authority) was formed in August 1989 for the purpose of assisting the financing or refinancing of certain public capital facilities within the City. The Financing Authority is governed by a five-member board of directors, which consists of the members of the City Council with the City Manager as the Executive Director. The financial transactions for the Financing Authority are recorded in the Water, Sewer, and Golf Course enterprise funds. The Financing Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

The **Lemoore Housing Authority** (Housing Authority) was formed in February 2011 for the purpose of providing sanitary and safe housing for people of very low, low, or moderate income within the City's territorial jurisdiction. The Housing Authority is governed by a five-member board of directors, which consists of the members of the City Council with the City Manager as the Executive Director. The financial transactions for the Housing Authority are recorded in the Lemoore Housing Authority special revenue fund. The Housing Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental audits. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is the accepted standard setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

#### B. Basis of Presentation

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the City) and its component unit. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each different identifiable activity of the City's *business-type activities* and for each function of the City's *governmental activities*. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are included in the program expense reported for individual function. Certain indirect costs, which cannot be identified and broken down, are included in the program expense reported for individual functions and activities. Program revenues include, 1) fines, fees, and charges paid by the recipients of goods and services offered by the programs and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented instead as general revenues.

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 in regards to interfund activities, payables and receivables. All internal balances in the statement of net position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. In the statement of activities those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated. The following interfund activities have been eliminated: due to/due from other funds, interfund note receivable/interfund long-term debt, and transfers in/transfers out.

Fund Financial Statements – The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in funds and changes in fund balances as presented in these statements to the net position and changes in net position presented in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. All other expenses are reported as nonoperating expenses.

Major funds are defined as funds that have either assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses equal to ten percent fund type total and five percent of the City's funds. The General Fund is always a major fund. The City may also select other funds it believes should be presented as major funds.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the primary operating fund of the City. It accounts for normal recurring activities traditionally associated with government, which are not required to be accounted for in another fund. These activities are funded primarily by property taxes, sales and use taxes, interest and rental income, charges for services, and grants.

The **Streets Special Revenue Fund** accounts for revenues and expenditures apportioned to the City under the Streets and Highway Code, Sections 2103, 2105, 2106, 2107, and 2107.5 and the Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation act of the State of California. Expenditures for administration, maintenance, and construction must be street related.

The **Lemoore Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund** has taken over the assets and associated functions of the Low/Moderate Income Housing Fund of the former Lemoore Redevelopment Agency and is used to account for current and future low-income households for the acquisition, rehabilitation, or new construction of single-family homes.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The **Public Safety Dispatch Center Capital Projects Fund** is used to account for the revenue and expenditures related to the construction of the new public safety dispatch center.

Enterprise fund financial statements include a statement of net position, statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, a statement of cash flows for each major enterprise fund and nonmajor funds aggregated.

The City has four major enterprise funds, the Water Fund, Sewer Fund, Refuse Fund, and Golf Course Fund, which are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprise. In an enterprise fund, the intent of the City Council is that costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing services to the general public, on a continuing basis, be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

The Water Fund accounts for the activities of the City's water production and distribution operations.

The **Sewer Fund** accounts for the activities of the City's sanitary sewer system operations.

The **Refuse Fund** accounts for the activities of the City's refuse collection and disposal operations.

The Golf Course Fund accounts for the resources provided and used in the golf course.

The City's fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The fund's activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. Fiduciary funds are presented on an economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the government-wide financial statements.

The City reports the following fiduciary funds:

Lemoore Redevelopment Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund is used to account for assets and liabilities of the former redevelopment agency until they are distributed to other units of state and local government as a result of the dissolution of the redevelopment agency.

**Custodial Funds** are used to account for assets held by the City as a custodian for the Laguna Irrigation District, individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund type:

**Internal Service Fund** is used to account for fleet maintenance services provided to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified basis of accounting*. Revenues, except for grants, are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal year. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirement, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue resource (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met. All other revenues items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The proprietary and private-purpose trust funds are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the *accrual basis of accounting*. The agency fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the *accrual basis of accounting* for reporting its assets and liabilities.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balances

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considered all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

#### **Deposits and Investments**

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. This pool utilizes investments authorized by the Government Code and is further defined by the City's investment policy that is approved by the City Council.

Authorized investments include deposits in the State of California administered Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), insured certificates of deposits, collateralized certificates of deposits, commercial paper, money market mutual funds, federally sponsored credit agency securities, and securities backed by the U.S. Government. All investments are stated at fair value.

Interest income earned as a result of pooling is distributed to the appropriate funds based on month-end cash balances in each fund. Interest income from cash and investments with fiscal agents is credited directly to the related fund.

#### Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of general obligation debt and enterprise debt are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable debt covenants. "Cash with fiscal agents" is used to report resources set aside for potential deficiencies in the repayment ability of the enterprise funds, and for payment of construction projects undertaken by the City.

#### **Interfund Transactions**

Interfund transactions are reflected as loans, services provided or used, reimbursements or transfers. Loans reported as receivables and payables, as appropriate, are subject to elimination upon consolidation and are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the *governmental activities* and the *business-type activities* are reported in the fund financial statements and are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not available financial resources.

Services provided or used, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

#### Receivables

Enterprise fund statements report an allowance for uncollectible accounts against the account receivables. All customers are billed monthly. The estimated value of services provided, but unbilled at year-end, has been included in the accompanying financial statements.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balances (Continued)

#### Property Tax Calendar

Property taxes are assessed, collected and allocated by Kings County throughout the fiscal year according to the following property tax calendar:

Lien Date January 1

Levy Date July 1 to June 30

Due Dates November 1, 1<sup>st</sup> installment; February 1, 2<sup>nd</sup> installment Delinquent Dates December 10, 1<sup>st</sup> installment; April 10, 2<sup>nd</sup> installment

Revenues from taxpayer-assessed taxes (sales and use, business license, transient occupancy, utility users, gas, and franchise fees) are accrued in the governmental funds when they are both measurable and available. The City considers these revenues available if they are received during the period when settlement of prior fiscal year accounts payable occurs. Historically, the majority of these taxes are received within 60 days of the fiscal year-end.

The City accrues as receivable all property taxes received during the first (60) days of the new fiscal year.

### Inventory of Supplies and Prepaid Items

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost, determined by the first-in, first-out method, or market and consists primarily of golf merchandise and food and beverage items sold at the golf course. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

#### Assets Held for Resale

Land and improvements held by the City for the purpose of improving and reselling are accounted for in the account. Property is valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value.

#### Capital Assets

The City's assets are categorized at historical cost or estimated historical cost. City policy has set the capitalization threshold for reporting capital assets at \$5,000. Gifts or contributions of capital assets are recorded at fair value when received. Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over the useful lives of the assets as follows:

Buildings and improvements	40 years
Machinery and equipment	5-15 years
Road network	25-50 years
Infrastructure	10-15 vears

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, the City is required to account for and report infrastructure capital assets. The City's road network consists of seven subsystems which include sidewalk, curb and gutter, pavement, landscape zones, streetlights, railroad crossings, and traffic signals. Subsystem detail is not presented in these basic financial statements; however, the City maintains detailed information on these subsystems. The assets in these subsystems are depreciated using the straight-line method.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balances (Continued)

#### Right-to-Use Lease Assets

Right-to-use lease assets are recorded at the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liabilities and modified by any lease payment made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term, less any lease incentives received from the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term along with any initial direct costs that are ancillary charges necessary to place the lease assets into service.

Right-to-use lease assets are amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life on the underlying asset, unless the lease contains a purchase option that the City has determined is reasonably certain of being exercised.

### Risk Management

The City participates with other public entities in a joint venture under a joint powers agreement which establishes the Central San Joaquin Valley Risk Management Authority (CSJVRMA). The relationship between the City and CSJVRMA is such that CSJVRMA is not a component unit of the City for financial reporting purposes.

#### Interest Payable

In the government-wide financial statements, interest payable for long-term debt is recognized as the liability is incurred for the governmental fund-types and proprietary-fund types.

In the fund financial statements, proprietary fund-types recognize the interest payable when the liability is incurred.

#### Compensated Absences Payable

City employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts depending on the number of years of service. City employees also accumulate hours of overtime as compensated time off. For governmental funds, earned but unused, vested leave (vacation, compensated time off, holiday) is expensed and established as a liability and is reported in the government-wide statement of net position in the governmental activities column. Vested leave for enterprise funds is recorded as an expense and liability of those funds as the benefits accrue. No liability is recorded for non-vesting leave such as sick leave.

#### **Unearned Revenue**

Unearned revenue is that for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which asset revenue recognition criteria have not been met. The City typically records intergovernmental revenues (primary grants and subventions) received but not earned (qualifying expenditures not yet incurred) as unearned revenue.

#### Unavailable Revenue

In the fund financial statements, unavailable revenue is recorded when transactions have not yet met the revenue recognition criteria based on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The City records unavailable revenue for transactions for which revenues have been earned, but for which funds are not available to meet current financial obligations.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balances (Continued)

### Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements and enterprise fund type statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or enterprise fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### **Pensions**

In government-wide financial statements, pensions are recognized and disclosed using the accrual basis of accounting (see Note 15 and the RSI section immediately following the notes to financial statements), regardless of the amount recognized as pension expenditures on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The City recognizes a net pension liability of the qualified pension plan in which it participates, which represents the excess of the total pension liability over the fiduciary net position of the qualified pension plan, measured as of the City's fiscal year-end or the City's proportionate share thereof in the case of a costsharing multiple-employer plan. Changes in the net pension liability during the period are recorded as pension expense, or as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources depending on the nature of the change, in the period incurred. Those changes in net pension liability that are recorded as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources that arise from changes in actuarial assumptions or other inputs and differences between expected or actual experience are amortized over the weighted average remaining service life of all participants including retirees, in the respective qualified pension plan and recorded as a component of pension expense beginning with the period in which they arose. Projected earnings on qualified pension plan investments are recognized as a component of pension expense. Differences between projected and actual investment earnings are reported as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources and amortized as a component of pension expense on a closed basis over a five-year period beginning with the period in which the difference occurred.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City of Lemoore California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan (Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 63 and GASB Statement No. 65, the City recognizes deferred outflows and inflows of resources. A deferred outflow of resources is defined as a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. A deferred inflow of resources is defined as an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Refer to Notes 11, 12, 13 and 15 for a detailed listing of the deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources the City has recognized.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balances (Continued)

#### Leases

Lessee: The City is a lessee for noncancellable leases of equipment and vehicles. The lessee recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. The City recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The City uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate
  charged by the lessor is not provided, the City generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing
  rate as the discount rate for leases, which it has determined is the prime rate at the inception of the
  lease.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the City is reasonably certain to exercise.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability. Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long- term debt on the statement of net position.

Lessor: The City is a lessor for noncancellable leases of land. The City recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and governmental and enterprise fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The City uses the interest rate charged to the lessees as the discount rate. When the interest rate
  charged to the lessees is not provided, the City generally uses the implied rate of return as the
  discount rate for leases. When the implied rate of return cannot be determined, the City uses its
  estimated incremental borrowing rate which it has determined is the prime rate at the inception of
  the lease
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balances (Continued)

#### Leases (Continued)

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease, and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

#### Classification of Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

**Net investment in capital assets** – This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce this category.

**Restricted net position** – This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Unrestricted net position** – This category represents the net position of the City, which is not restricted for any project or other purpose.

When both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, restricted resources are depleted first before the unrestricted resources are used.

#### Fund Balances

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

**Nonspendable** - This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

**Restricted** - This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Committed** - This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

**Assigned** - This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the City Council or through the City Council delegating this responsibility to the City manager through the budgetary process. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the General Fund.

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balances (Continued)

#### Fund Balances (Continued)

**Unassigned** -This classification includes amounts that have not been assigned to other funds or restricted, committed or assigned to a specific purpose within the City.

The City would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2022 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net 1 Osition.		
Cash and investments	\$	59,864,594
Restricted cash and investments		547,148
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents		7
Fiduciary Funds:		
Cash		1,150,048
		, ,
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents		1,460,819
	_	
Total cash and investments	\$	63,022,616
Cash and investments as of June 30, 2022 consist of the following:		
,		
Cash on hand	\$	5,540
Deposits with financial institutions	Ψ	44,058,777
·		
Investments		18,958,299
T televel or Proceduret	Φ.	00 000 040
Total cash and investments	\$	63,022,616

## NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

# A. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code (or the City's investments policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. The City's investment policy does not contain any specific provisions intended to limit the City's exposure to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debts proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

		Maximum	Maximum
		Percentage of	Investment of
	Maximum	Portfolio or	One Issuer or
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Amount	Amount
U.S. Treasury obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency securities	5 years	None	None
Bankers acceptances	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial paper	270 days	25%	10%
National certificates of deposit	5 years	30%	Legal Limit
Repurchase agreements	1 year	None	None
Medium-term notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual accounts	N/A	20%	10%
Money market accounts	N/A	20%	10%
Local agency investment fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None

#### B. Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investments of debt proceeds held by the bond trustee are governed by provisions of the debt agreements rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by bond trustee. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risks, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

		Maximum Percentage of	Maximum Investment of
	Maximum	Portfolio or	One Issuer or
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Amount	Amount
U.S. Treasury obligations	None	None	None
U.S. Agency securities	None	None	None
Bankers acceptances	180 days	None	None
Commercial paper	270 days	None	None
Money market mutual funds	N/A	None	None
Investment contracts	30 years	None	None

#### NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

### C. Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by maintaining funds in liquid, short-term investments which can be converted to cash when necessary to meet disbursement requirements.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

		Remaining Maturity (in months)						
Investment Type	Amount	12 Months or Less	13 to 24 25 to 60 Months Months			More Than 60 Months		
State Investment Pool	\$ 17,253,934	\$ 17,253,934	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Certificates of Deposits Held by Bond Trustee:	243,539	243,539		-		-		-
Money Market Funds	1,460,826	1,460,826						
Total	\$ 18,958,299	\$ 18,958,299	\$		\$		\$	

#### D. Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of year-end for each investment type.

			Ratings	as o	of Year-End
Investment Type	Amount	Minimum Legal Rating	AA+		Not Rated
State Investment Pool Certificates of Deposits Held by Bond Trustee:	\$ 17,253,934 243,539	N/A N/A	\$	-	\$ 17,253,934 243,539
Money Market Funds	1,460,826	N/A		_	1,460,826
Total	\$ 18,958,299		\$		\$ 18,958,299

#### E. Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk that the failure of any one issuer would place an undue financial burden on the City. The investment policy of the City contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated in the California Government Code. As of June 30, 2022, there were no investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of the total pooled investment.

#### **NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS** (Continued)

#### F. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a city will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterpart (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, a city will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by the state or local government units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under the state law (unless so waived by the government unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

As of June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the City's bank deposits was \$44,058,777, and the respective bank balances totaled \$44,582,406, the total amount of which was collateralized with pooled securities held by the financial institution's trust department. These securities are held in the name of the financial institution and not in the name of the City.

In addition, as of June 30, 2022, none of the City's investments with financial institutions were held in uncollateralized accounts.

Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools (such as LAIF).

#### G. Local Agency Investment Fund

The City of Lemoore is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. LAIF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and is not rated. Deposits and withdrawals to and from LAIF are transferred on the basis of \$1 and not fair value. Accordingly, under the fair value hierarchy, LAIF is uncategorized.

#### NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

### H. Fair Value Hierarchy

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2022:

		F	air Value
		Me	asurements
			Level 2
Investments by Fair Value Level	Amount		Inputs
Certificates of Deposit	\$ \$ 243,539		243,539
Investments not Subject to the Fair Value Hierarchy: State Investment Pool Held by Bond Trustee:	17,253,934		
Money Market Funds	\$ 1,460,826 18,958,299		

In determining fair value, the City's custodians use various methods including market and income approaches. Based on these approaches, the City's custodians utilize certain assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. The City's custodians utilize valuation techniques that maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Various inputs are used in determining the value of the City's investments and other financial instruments. The inputs or methodology used for valuing securities are not necessarily an indication of the risk associated with investing in those securities. These inputs are summarized in the three broad levels: Level 1 – quoted prices in active markets for identical investments, Level 2 – other significant observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar securities, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk, etc.) and Level 3 – significant unobservable inputs (including the City's own assumptions in determining the fair value of investments).

According to GASB 72, money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less should be measured at amortized cost, and as such, are not shown in the fair value hierarchy. Additionally, the City's LAIF is not presented, as the amount available for withdrawal is based on amortized cost.

## **NOTE 3 – FORGIVABLE LOANS**

The City administers a housing rehabilitation loan program. Under this program, individuals with incomes below certain levels are eligible to receive low interest loans for rehabilitation work on their homes. These performing loans are secured by deeds of trust on the rehabilitation properties.

Forgivable loans are not required to be paid back unless the participating homeowner sells, transfers title to the rehabilitated property, or discontinues residence in the dwelling at which time the full amount of the deferred loan is due. These loans are "non-performing loans" and are not recorded as loans receivable in the financial statements. Such loans totaled \$1,633,953 as of June 30, 2022.

## **NOTE 4 – INTERFUND ACTIVITIES**

Interfund balances for the purpose of the government-wide statements have been eliminated. The composition of interfund balances in the fund level statements as of June 30, 2022, is as follows:

## A. Current Interfund Receivables/Payables

Current interfund balances represent short-term borrowings resulting from a fund's temporary need for additional cash. Primarily, these amounts have been recorded when timing differences between when the services are provided and when they are paid for/reimbursed causes the funds to temporarily overdraw their share of pooled cash. These balances are generally expected to be repaid within the next few months and not longer than a 12- month fiscal operating cycle.

The City's interfund receivables and payables consisted of the following at June 30, 2022.

	_	ue from her Funds	0	Due to ther Funds
Governmental Funds				
Major Funds:				
General Fund	\$	790,446	\$	-
Nonmajor Funds:				
Lemoore Sports Complex Capital Projects Fund		-		102,933
Enterprise Funds				
Major Funds:				
Water Fund		54,425		_
Sewer Fund		70,961		-
Refuse Fund		290,444		-
Golf Course Fund		-		452,544
Internal Service Funds				
Major Funds:				
Fleet Maintenance Fund				650,799
Total	\$	1,206,276	\$	1,206,276

## NOTE 4 - INTERFUND ACTIVITIES (Continued)

#### B. Long-Term Interfund Advances

Long-term interfund advances are advances to other funds that are not expected to be repaid in one year or less. The City's long-term interfund advances consisted of the following at June 30, 2022:

	Advances to Other Funds			Advances from Other Funds		
Enterprise Funds Major Funds:	Other	unus		ther r unus		
Golf Course Fund	\$	-	\$	1,812,380		
Fiduciary Funds Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund	1,8	12,380		<u>-</u>		
Total	<u>\$ 1,8</u>	12,380	\$	1,812,380		

On June 30, 2005, the City's Golf Course Fund obtained a loan from the Lemoore Redevelopment Successor Agency for \$1,039,850 bearing 2.38% interest. This loan incurred interest beginning July 1, 2005. Payments of approximately \$300,000 per year will begin in fiscal year 2024. The loan was obtained to cover both direct expenses and debt service of the golf course. The final payment of the loan is scheduled for June 30, 2030. The loan balance is \$1,182,380 as of June 30, 2022.

#### C. Transfers

Transfers for the year ended June 30, 2022 are summarized as follows:

	Transfers				
	<u></u> ln			Out	i.
Major Funds:					
General Fund	\$	-	\$	411,020	(1)
Water Fund		119,735	(1)	-	
Sewer Fund		119,735	(1)	-	
Refuse Fund		130,620	(1)	-	
Fleet Maintenance Fund		21,770	(1)	-	
Nonmajor Funds:					
Maintenance Assessment District Fund		19,160	(1)	-	
TE/STP Exchange Fund		-		240,000	(2)
Street Improvement Fund		240,000	(2)		
Total	\$	651,020	<u>\$</u>	651,020	
Total Transfers - Governmental Activities	\$	280,930	\$	651,020	
Total Transfers - Business-Type Activities		370,090			
Total Transfers	\$	651,020	\$	651,020	

<sup>(1)</sup> The General Fund transferred out ARPA funds to cover premium pay to the Water, Sewer, Refuse and Fleet Maintenance Enterprise Funds.

<sup>(2)</sup> The TE/STP Exchange Special Revenue Fund transferred funds to the Street Improvement Capital Projects Fund for the construction of the Bush Avenue/19<sup>th</sup> Street overlay project.

## **NOTE 5 – EMPLOYEE LOAN PROGRAM**

In March 2004, the City Council approved the Homebuyer Assistance Program (Program), which provides interest-free, forgivable loans to full-time, permanent City employees for the purchase of a single family residence. The amount available to borrow is \$15,000 for sworn personnel and \$10,000 for all other employees and are forgiven incrementally over ten years, beginning at the time of disbursement. All loans are secured by a deed of trust on the property and must be repaid upon the termination of the employee, whether voluntary or involuntary, with certain exceptions, or a lien is placed on the property. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, no new loans were entered by the City and \$75,600 of collections were received. At June 30, 2022, the remaining balance of open loans is \$131,592, \$98,693, or 75%, of which has been deemed to be uncollectible.

#### NOTE 6 - ASSETS HELD FOR RESALE

The following is a summary of changes in the assets held for resale during the year ended June 30, 2022:

	Balance			Balance
	June 30, 2021	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2022
Land held for resale	\$ 1,485,564	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,485,564

#### **NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

#### A. Governmental Activities

Capital assets activity of the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2021 (Restated)	Additions	Reductions	Transfers/ Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2022
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized:					
Land	\$ 2,815,713	\$ 164,645	\$ (150,000)	\$ -	\$ 2,830,358
Construction in progress	2,949,684	1,411,800		<del>-</del>	4,361,484
Total capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized	5,765,397	1,576,445	(150,000)		7,191,842
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized:					
Buildings and improvements	17,343,057	7,740	-	-	17,350,797
Machinery and equipment	6,886,356	108,590	(259,953)	(16,377)	6,718,616
Road network	48,215,125	-	-	-	48,215,125
Right to use leased equipment	30,937	105,858	-	-	136,795
Infrastructure	5,952,622				5,952,622
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized	78,428,097	222,188	(259,953)	(16,377)	78,373,955
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:					
Buildings and improvements	(7,173,379)	(519,041)	-	-	(7,692,420)
Machinery and equipment	(5,018,477)	(389,637)	239,627	16,377	(5,152,110)
Road network	(6,512,175)	(974,112)	-	-	(7,486,287)
Right to use leased equipment	(8,250)	(13,245)	-	-	(21,495)
Infrastructure	(3,577,899)	(213,175)			(3,791,074)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization, net	(22,290,180)	(2,109,210)	239,627	16,377	(24,143,386)
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized, net	56,137,917	(1,887,022)	(20,326)		54,230,569
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 61,903,314	\$ (310,577)	\$ (170,326)	\$ -	\$ 61,422,411

# **NOTE 7 – CAPITAL ASSETS** (Continued)

# A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to the functions/programs of the governmental activities of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 5,263
Public safety	291,647
Public works	1,684,375
Parks and recreation	106,790
Capital assets held by the Internal Service Funds were	
charged to the various functions based on their usage	 21,135
Total depreciation/amortization expense - governmental activities	\$ 2,109,210

# B. Business-Type Activities

Capital assets activity of the business-type activities for the year ending June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Water Fund:	Balance June 30, 2021	Additions	Reductions	Transfers/ Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2022
Carital Access mat being demonstrate					
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:  Land	\$ 427,232	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 427,232
	35,882,382	- 87,813	φ -	φ -	35,970,195
Construction in progress	33,002,302	07,010			55,570,195
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	36,309,614	87,813			36,397,427
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	16,776,328	9,645	-	-	16,785,973
Machinery and equipment	16,156,953	1,769,404	<del>_</del>		17,926,357
Total capital assets, being depreciated	32,933,281	1,779,049			34,712,330
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	(9,120,690)	(373,727)	-	-	(9,494,417)
Machinery and equipment	(5,265,491)	(701,062)	<u> </u>		(5,966,553)
Total accumulated depreciation, net	(14,386,181)	(1,074,789)			(15,460,970)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	18,547,100	704,260	<del>_</del>	<del>_</del>	19,251,360
Water fund capital assets, net	\$ 54,856,714	\$ 792,073	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 55,648,787

# NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

# B. Business-Type Activities (Continued)

	Balance June 30, 2021	Additions	Reductions	Transfers/ Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2022
Sewer Fund:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 1,142,838	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,142,838
Construction in progress	598,150	578,860	<del>_</del>	<del>_</del> _	1,177,010
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,740,988	578,860	<del>_</del>	<del>-</del>	2,319,848
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	9,644,668	25,670	-	-	9,670,338
Machinery and equipment	6,439,851	68,396	- <del>-</del>	16,377	6,524,624
Total capital assets, being depreciated	16,084,519	94,066	<del>-</del>	16,377	16,194,962
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	(4,030,450)	(338,514)	=	-	(4,368,964)
Machinery and equipment	(3,612,306)	(271,775)	<del>_</del>	(16,377)	(3,900,458)
Total accumulated depreciation, net	(7,642,756)	(610,289)		(16,377)	(8,269,422)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	8,441,763	(516,223)	<del>-</del>		7,925,540
Sewer fund capital assets, net	\$ 10,182,751	\$ 62,637	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,245,388
Refuse Fund:	Balance June 30, 2021	Additions	Reductions	Transfers/ Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2022
Capital assets, not being depresented:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:  Land	\$ 369,355	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 369,355
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	369,355				369,355
Capital assets, being depreciated:	2 277 004	204.000	(22.042)		2 027 427
Machinery and equipment	3,377,981	281,969	(32,813)	<del>_</del>	3,627,137
Total capital assets, being depreciated	3,377,981	281,969	(32,813)		3,627,137
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Machinery and equipment	(2,424,422)	(204,079)	32,813		(2,595,688)
Total accumulated depreciation, net	(2,424,422)	(204,079)	32,813		(2,595,688)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	953,559	77,890			1,031,449
Refuse fund capital assets, net	\$ 1,322,914	\$ 77,890	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ 1,400,804

# **NOTE 7 – CAPITAL ASSETS** (Continued)

# B. Business-Type Activities (Continued)

	Balance June 30, 2021	Additions	Reductions	Transfers/ Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2022
Golf Course Fund:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 624,013	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 624,013
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	624,013			<u>-</u>	624,013
Capital assets, being depreciated Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment	4,337,415 314,183	251,015 	<u>-</u>		4,588,430 314,183
Total capital assets, being depreciated	4,651,598	251,015			4,902,613
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment	(3,357,913) (302,290)	(109,082) (9,266)	<u>-</u>	- -	(3,466,995) (311,556)
Total accumulated depreciation, net	(3,660,203)	(118,348)	<del>_</del>		(3,778,551)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	991,395	132,667			1,124,062
Golf course fund capital assets, net	\$ 1,615,408	\$ 132,667	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 1,748,075
Business-type capital assets, net	\$ 67,977,787	\$ 1,065,267	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 69,043,054

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions/programs of the business-type activities of the primary government as follows:

Business-Type Activities:

Water	\$	1,074,789
Sewer	·	610,289
Refuse		204,079
Golf Course		118,348
Total	\$	2.007.505

# **NOTE 8 – DEPOSITS AND OTHER LIABILITIES**

The following is a summary of deposits and other liabilities during the year ended June 30, 2022:

	 General Fund	 Water Fund	Go	lf Course Fund	-	Total
Deposits	\$ 128,943	\$ -	\$	-	\$	128,943
Payroll liabilities	355,752	_		_		355,752
Unapplied credits	-	60,554		17,946		78,500
Other liabilities	 29,476	 272		32		29,780
Total deposits and other liabilities	\$ 514,171	\$ 60,826	\$	17,978	\$	592,975

#### **NOTE 9 – COMPENSATED ABSENCES**

The City's policy relating to compensated absences is described in Note 1. The noncurrent portion of this debt at fiscal year-end was \$227,552 and \$34,097, for governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively. This obligation is expected to be paid in future years from the available resources derived from the respective funds to which the employee services are rendered.

Because of the nature of compensated absences and uncertainty over when vacations will be taken, a statement of debt service requirements to maturity of compensated absences has not been presented. At June 30, 2022, the balance is \$578,805 for governmental activities and \$133,734 for business-type activities.

#### **NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

The following is a summary of the long-term liabilities' transactions of the City for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	_	3alance e 30, 2021	Incurred or Issued	Satisfied or Matured	Balance ne 30, 2022	_	ue Within One Year
Governmental Activities:							
Compensated absences	\$	586,218	\$ 373,908	\$ (381,321)	\$ 578,805	\$	351,253
Governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$	586,218	\$ 373,908	\$ (381,321)	\$ 578,805	\$	351,253

The following is a summary of the long-term liabilities' transactions of the City for business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2022:

Business-Type Activities:	Balance June 30, 2021	Incurred or Issued	Satisfied or Matured	Balance June 30, 2022	Due Within One Year
Notes from direct borrowings and direct placements:					
Series 2013 Water Revenue Loan	\$ 4,033,174	\$ -	\$ (478,028)	\$ 3,555,146	\$ 489,995
Total notes from direct borrowings and direct placements:	4,033,174	-	(478,028)	3,555,146	489,995
2019 Water Revenue Bond	27,235,000	-	(150,000)	27,085,000	155,000
2019 Water Revenue Bond- Premium	2,901,725	-	(102,716)	2,799,009	-
Compensated absences	162,789	96,333	(125,388)	133,734	99,637
Business-type activities long-term liabilities	\$ 34,332,688	\$ 96,333	\$ (856,132)	\$ 33,572,889	\$ 744,632

#### Series 2013 Water Revenue Loan

In May 2013, the City obtained a water revenue loan from Pinnacle Public Finance, Inc. for \$7,068,000 bearing 2.48% interest, payable quarterly over a fifteen-year term. The loan was obtained to finance the acquisition and construction of various capital improvements, which primarily consists of photovoltaic water wells water systems throughout the City, as well as the expansion of a parking complex. The City irrevocably pledged all of the net revenues of the water fund to the punctual payment of the loan. After September 1, 2018, the City has the option to prepay the unpaid principal of the loan in whole or in part on any loan payment date. The final payment of the loan is scheduled for March 1, 2029. There is a provision in the loan whereby in the event of default, the unpaid aggregate principal components of the loan and the interest accrued thereon, will become immediately due and payable. There is also a provision whereby the Lender shall have the right, at its option upon notice to the City, to (i) apply to and obtain from any court of competent jurisdiction such decree or order as may be necessary to require officials of the City to charge and collect rates for services provided by the City and the Enterprise sufficient to meet all requirements of the loan agreement, and (ii) take whatever action at law or in equity as may appear necessary or desirable to collect the loan payments then due or thereafter to become due during the term of the loan agreement.

## NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

## Series 2013 Water Revenue Loan (Continued)

The following is a schedule of the future estimated minimum payments related to the Series 2013 Water Revenue Loan at June 30, 2022:

	Series 2013 Water Revenue Loan									
Fiscal Years Ending June 30	Principal		Principal Interest			Total				
2023	\$	489,995	\$	83,634	\$	573,629				
2024		502,260		71,369		573,629				
2025		514,832		58,796		573,628				
2026		527,719		45,909		573,628				
2027		540,929		32,700		573,629				
2028-2029		979,411		24,440		1,003,851				
Totals	\$	3,555,146	\$	316,848	\$	3,871,994				

#### Series 2019 Water Revenue Bond

In March 2019, the City obtained a water revenue bond from U.S. Bank National Association for \$27,380,000 bearing between 4-5% interest, payable semiannually over a thirty-year term. The loan was obtained to finance the capital projects of the City's water treatment, production, storage and distribution system. The City irrevocably pledged all of the net revenues of the Water Fund to the punctual payment of the loan. The final payment of the loan is scheduled for June 1, 2049. There is a provision within the bond agreement whereby in the event of default, the principal may be declared immediately due and payable.

The following is a schedule of the future estimated minimum payments related to the Series 2019 Water Revenue Bond at June 30, 2022:

	Series 2019 Water Revenue Bond									
Fiscal Years Ending June 30		Principal		Interest	Total					
2023	\$	155,000	\$	1,265,506	\$	1,420,506				
2024		165,000		1,259,306		1,424,306				
2025		170,000		1,252,706		1,422,706				
2026		175,000		1,245,906		1,420,906				
2027		185,000		1,238,906		1,423,906				
2028-2032		3,020,000		5,955,631		8,975,631				
2033-2037		5,055,000		4,931,031		9,986,031				
2038-2042		6,445,000		3,535,531		9,980,531				
2043-2047		7,985,000		2,000,275		9,985,275				
2048-2049		3,730,000		262,913		3,992,913				
Plus: unamortized premium		2,799,009		<u> </u>		2,799,009				
Totals	\$	29,884,009	\$	22,947,711	\$	52,831,720				

#### **NOTE 11 - LEASES**

#### Leases as lessor

In fiscal year 2021, the City's Sewer Fund leased a 12-acre parcel of land to a third party. The lease is for six years and the City will receive annual payments of \$24,000. The City recognized \$20,077 in lease revenue and \$8,737 in interest revenue during the current fiscal year related to this lease. As of June 30, 2022, the City's receivable for lease payments was \$79,231. Also, the City has a deferred inflow of resources associated with this lease that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term. As of June 30, 2022, the balance of the deferred inflow of resources was \$86,998.

In fiscal year 2021, the City's Sewer and Refuse Fund leased 35-acres of land to a third party (split 50% sewer and 50% refuse). The lease is for six years and the City will receive annual payments of \$70,000. The City recognized \$58,507 in lease revenue and \$25,372 in interest revenue during the current fiscal year related to this lease. As of June 30, 2022, the City's receivable for lease payments was \$231,090. Also, the City has a deferred inflow of resources associated with this lease that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term. As of June 30, 2022, the balance of the deferred inflow of resources was \$253,530.

In fiscal year 2021, the City's General Fund leased a 19-acre parcel of land to a third party. The lease is for six years and the City will receive monthly payments of \$3,167. The City recognized \$37,054 in lease revenue and \$2,981 in interest revenue during the current fiscal year related to this lease. As of June 30, 2022, the City's receivable for lease payments was \$149,302. Also, the City has a deferred inflow of resources associated with this lease that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term. As of June 30, 2022, the balance of the deferred inflow of resources was \$160,565.

In fiscal year 2021, the City's General Fund leased a 19.15-acre parcel of land to a third party. The lease is for six years and the City will receive monthly payments of \$3,192. The City recognized \$37,335 in lease revenue and \$3,037 in interest revenue during the current fiscal year related to this lease. As of June 30, 2022, the City's receivable for lease payments was \$150,450. Also, the City has a deferred inflow of resources associated with this lease that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term. As of June 30, 2022, the balance of the deferred inflow of resources was \$164,898.

In fiscal year 2021, the City's General Fund leased a portion of a facility to a third party. The lease is for ten years with annual payments of \$12,000. The City received the full amount of \$120,000 from the lessee as of the effective date of the lease. The City recognized \$12,000 in lease revenue during the current fiscal year. Accordingly, the City has a deferred inflow of resources associated with this lease that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term. As of June 30, 2022, the balance of the deferred inflow of resources was \$96,000.

#### Leases as lessee

In fiscal year 2020, the City's General Fund entered into a five-year lease agreement as lessee for the acquisition and use of office equipment. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$30,937 during fiscal year 2020. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease liability was \$17,340. The City is required to make monthly principal and interest payments of \$578. The lease has an interest rate of 4.75%. The equipment have a five-year estimated useful life. The value of the right-to-use asset as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$16,500 and had accumulated amortization of \$14,437.

During the current fiscal year, the City's General Fund entered into a five-year lease agreement as lessee for the acquisition and use of two police vehicles. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$102,710 during the current fiscal year. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease liability was \$96,108. The City is required to make monthly principal and interest payments of \$1,852. The lease has an interest rate of 3.25%. The vehicles each have a five-year estimated useful life. The value of the right-to-use asset as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$98,800 and had accumulated amortization of \$7,058.

#### **NOTE 11 – LEASES** (Continued)

### Lease payable (Continued)

The future principal and interest lease payments as of June 30, 2022, are as follows:

		Leases	
Fiscal Years			
Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 25,634	\$ 3,525	\$ 29,159
2024	26,577	2,582	29,159
2025	25,230	1,617	26,847
2026	21,370	854	22,224
2027	14,637	<u> </u>	14,816
Totals	\$ 113,448	\$ 8,757	\$ 122,205

#### NOTE 12 - PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP FOR GOLF COURSE

At the beginning of the current year, the City's golf course enterprise fund, entered into a public-private partnership arrangement with Sierra Golf Management (SGM), under which SGA will operate, maintain and collect concession and service fees from the Lemoore Golf Course complex for the next 15 years. The City recognized a discount rate of 3.5% applied to the measurement of the receivable balance. This was determined using the estimated incremental borrowing rate which the City determined is the prime rate at the inception of the arrangement. SGM is required to make a minimum of \$315,000 of capital improvements during the term. In the current year, SGM made capital improvements totaling \$251,015. All structural alternations or improvements made or installed on the leased premises by SGM shall be considered part of the leased premises and, on expiration of the lease agreement or sooner termination shall remain on the leased premises and shall become the property of the City. The golf course enterprise fund continues to report the golf course complex as a capital asset with a carrying amount of \$1,748,075 at year-end and reports a receivable in the amount of \$1,076,974, and a deferred inflow of resources in the amount of \$1,244,513 at year-end pursuant to the public-private partnership arrangement.

#### NOTE 13 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and thus, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has pension related items that qualify to be reported in deferred outflows of resources. The pension related deferred outflows of resources are described in detail in Note 15.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has four types of items that qualify for reporting in this category and they are unavailable revenues, pension deferrals, inflows from right-to-use leases where the City is a lessor, and assets and future installment payments of the public-private partnership.

Unavailable revenues arise only under a modified accrual basis of accounting and are reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. Deferred inflows of resources reported in the governmental funds for unavailable revenues are all related to deferred housing loans.

### NOTE 13 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES (Continued)

The City has pension related items that qualify to be reported in deferred inflows of resources. The pension related deferred inflows of resources are described in detail in Note 15.

The City has lease-related items that qualify to be reported in deferred inflows of resources. The lease-related deferred inflows of resources are described in detail in Note 11.

The City has public-private partnership related items that qualify to be reported in deferred inflows of resources. The public-private partnership related deferred inflows of resources are described in detail in Note 12.

#### **NOTE 14 - POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS**

The City allows its retirees who retire under provisions of a regular service retirement to have the opportunity to continue enrollment in the City's health insurance program. The retirees have the same choice of insurance plans as those of current employees. The retirees are pooled together separately from the active employee pool and pay the full cost of the insurance premiums without cost to the City.

#### NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

#### A. General Information about the Pension Plan

**Plan Description** – All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the Public Agency Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan (Plan) administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The Plan consists of individual rate plans (benefit tiers) within a safety risk pool (police and fire) and a miscellaneous risk pool (all other). Plan assets may be used to pay benefits for any employer rate plan of the safety and miscellaneous pools. Accordingly, rate plans within the safety or miscellaneous pools are not separate plans under GASB Statement No. 68. Individual employers may sponsor more than one rate plan in the miscellaneous or safety risk pools. The City of Lemoore's (City) sponsors four rate plans (two miscellaneous and two safety.) Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

**Benefits Provided** – CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for the Plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

#### NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

### A. General Information about the Pension Plans (Continued)

#### **Benefits Provided** (Continued)

The rate plan provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2022 are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous	
	Prior to	On or after
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2% @ 55	2% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50 - 63	52 - 67
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.426% to 2.418%	1.0% to 2.5%
Required employee contribution rates	7.00%	6.75%
Required employer contribution rates	10.340%	7.590%
	Safety	
	Prior to	On or after

	Sarety	
	Prior to	On or after
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2% @ 50	2.7% @ 57
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50 - 55	50 - 57
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.0% to 2.7%	2.0% to 2.7%
Required employee contribution rates	9.00%	13.00%
Required employer contribution rates	18.190%	13.130%

Beginning in fiscal year 2016, CalPERS collects employer contributions for the Plan as a percentage of payroll for the normal cost portion as noted in the rates above and as a dollar amount for contributions toward the unfunded liability. The dollar amounts are billed on a monthly basis. The City's required contribution for the unfunded liability was \$1,154,462 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

**Contributions** – Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer rates for all public employers are determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Employer contribution rates may change if plan contracts are amended. Payments made by the employer to satisfy contribution requirements that are identified by the pension plan terms as plan member contribution requirements are classified as plan member contributions.

The City's contributions to the plan recognized as pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2022 were \$1,796,407.

# NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

# B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2022, the City reported a net pension liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan of \$8,510,430.

The City's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, rolled forward to June 30, 2021, using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as of June 30, 2020 and 2021 was as follows:

Proportion - June 30, 2020	0.1354%
Proportion - June 30, 2021	0.1574%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.0220%

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$2,345,183. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	1,954,698	\$	-
Differences between actual and expected experience		1,159,801		-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on				
plan investments		-		6,457,190
Change in employer's proportion		524,015		-
Differences between the employer's actual contributions and the				
employer's proportionate share of contributions		<u>-</u>		603,135
Total	\$	3,638,514	\$	7,060,325

\$1,954,698 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2023	\$ (1,000,668)
2024	(1,168,185)
2025	(1,425,643)
2026	(1,782,013)
2027	-
Thereafter	-

# NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

### C. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date June 30, 2020 Measurement Date June 30, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method Entry- Age Normal Cost Method

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 7.15% Inflation 2.50% Payroll Growth 2.75%

Projected Salary Increase Varies by Entry Age and Service

Investment Rate of Return 7.15%<sup>(1)</sup>

Mortality

Derived using CalPERS'
Membership Data for all Funds<sup>(2)</sup>

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of December 2017 actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2015. Further details of the Experiences Study can be found on the CalPERS website.

### D. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected PERF cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

<sup>(1)</sup> Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(2)</sup> The mortality table was developed based on CalPERS specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016.

## NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

# D. Discount Rate (Continued)

The expected real rates of return by asset class are as follows:

Asset Class <sup>(a)</sup>	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years 1-10 <sup>(b)</sup>	Real Return Years 11+ <sup>(c)</sup>
Clabal Equity		4.000/	F 000/
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Assets	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	0.00%	-0.92%
Total	100.0%		

<sup>(</sup>a) In the CalPERS ACFR, Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in Short-term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.

# Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate -

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate -1%	Current Discount Rate	Discount Rate +1%
6.15%	7.15%	8.15%
\$16,547,681	\$8,510,430	\$1,884,124

#### E. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

## F. Payable to the Pension Plan

The City had an outstanding amount of contributions payable to the pension plan of \$48,496 required for the year ended June 30, 2022.

<sup>(</sup>b) An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period

<sup>(</sup>c) An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period

### **NOTE 16 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION**

The City has established a deferred compensation plan in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all full-time employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. All amounts deferred under the plan and all income attributable to those amounts are solely the property and rights of the plan participants. The City has no liability for losses under the plan. The assets and related liabilities are not reported on the City's financial statements in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 32, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans."

#### **NOTE 17 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The City is a member of the Central San Joaquin Valley Risk Management Authority (CSJVRMA), a public entity risk pool for workers' compensation and general liability insurance. The CSJVRMA is a consortium of 54 cities located in California's San Joaquin Valley. It was established under the provisions of California Government Code Section 6500 et. seq. CSJVRMA is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of one member appointed by each member city. The day-to-day business operations are handled by a management group employed by CSJVRMA. The relationship between the City and CSJVRMA is such that CSJVRMA is not considered a component unit of the City for financial reporting purposes.

For liability insurance, the risk pool covers the City above its self-insurance retention level of \$50,000 up to \$1,000,000. CSJVRMA participates in the excess pool, which provides general liability coverage from \$1,000,000 to \$29,000,000.

The City maintains a self-insured retention level of \$50,000 for workers' compensation insurance. Coverage between \$50,000 and \$500,000 is provided through the risk pool. CSJVRMA participates in an excess pool, which provides workers' compensation coverage from \$500,000 to \$5,000,000 and purchases excess insurance above \$5,000,000 to the statutory limit.

At the termination of the joint venture agreement and after all claims have been settled, any excess or deficit will be divided among the cities in proportion to the aggregate amount of contribution made by each.

The annual financial report may be obtained from the consortium's executive office at 1750 Creekside Oaks Drive, Suite 200, Sacramento, CA 95833.

#### **NOTE 18 – CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS**

#### A. General Liability

There are various claims and legal actions pending against the City for which no provision has been made in the financial statements. In the opinion of the City Attorney and City Management, liabilities arising from these claims and legal actions, if any, will not be material to these financial statements.

### B. Federal Awards

The City has received federal awards for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the federal government. Although such audits could result in expenditure disallowances under award terms, any required reimbursements are not expected to be material.

#### NOTE 18 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

#### C. Well Site 7 Incident

On June 21, 2021, a 1.5-million-gallon water storage tank located at Well Site 7 suffered catastrophic damage as the result of work being completed by an employee of the City's independent contractor. The storage tank was completely destroyed, as was other City property located on site. The full financial scope of the loss is not known at this time, but coverage for some or all of the damages incurred by the City may be available from the City's contractors and/or their insurers. The City estimates the replacement cost of the 1.5-million-gallon water storage tank to be approximately \$3,000,000, which work and repairs are ongoing. Additional monetary losses as a result of the incident are unknown. As of June 30, 2022, the City had been approved for \$2,591,920 of insurance proceeds, of which \$342,707 was receivable.

#### NOTE 19 – LEMOORE REDEVELOPMENT SUCCESSOR AGENCY PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND

On January 30, 2012, the City Council elected to become the Successor Agency for the former redevelopment agency in accordance with Assembly Bill 1X26 (the "Bill") which dissolved all redevelopment agencies in the State of California.

Under the control of an oversight board, remaining assets can only be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence at the date of dissolution of the redevelopment agency (including the completion of any unfinished projects that were subject to legally enforceable contractual commitments).

Successor agencies are only allocated revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations of the former redevelopment agency until all enforceable obligations of the prior redevelopment agency have been paid in full and all assets have been liquidated.

#### A. Cash and Investments

A reconciliation of the Lemoore Redevelopment Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund's cash and investments as of June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Cash		1,015,578
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents		1,460,819
Total cash and investments	\$	2,476,397

#### B. Receivables

A reconciliation of the Lemoore Redevelopment Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund's receivables balances as of June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Advances to City of Lemoore Note receivable	\$ 1,812,380 1,033,918
Total receivables	\$ 2,846,298

### NOTE 19 – LEMOORE REDEVELOPMENT SUCCESSOR AGENCY PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND (Continued)

#### C. Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of long-term liabilities transactions for the Lemoore Redevelopment Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund at June 30, 2022:

	Balance June 30, 2021	Incurred or Issued	Satisfied or Matured	Balance June 30, 2022	Amounts Due Within One Year
Notes from direct borrowings and direct placements:					
Leprino Owner Participation Agreement Obligation 2014 RDA Tax Allocation Refunding	\$ 76,501 12,063,727	\$ - -	\$ - (736,800)	\$ 76,501 11,326,927	\$ - 761,297
Total notes from direct borrowings and direct placements:	12,140,228		(736,800)	11,403,428	761,297
Bonds Payable					
2011 RDA Tax Allocation Less: bond discount	415,000 (78,917)		(200,000) 26,305	215,000 (52,612)	70,000
Total bonds payable:	336,083		(173,695)	162,388	70,000
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 12,476,311	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ (910,495)	\$ 11,565,816	\$ 831,297

#### 2011 Tax Allocation Bonds

On March 4, 2011, the Agency issued \$19,150,000 of its 2011 Tax Allocation Bonds (the 2011 Bonds) bearing interest of 3.0% to 7.375%, payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1, commencing August 1, 2011. Beginning August 2, 2012, principal comes due annually in various sums through August 1, 2040, subject to optimal redemption by the Agency, on whole or in part on August 1, 2018. The 2011 Bonds are payable from and secured by incremental property tax revenue (Pledged Tax Revenues). There is a provision within the bond agreement whereby in the event of default, the principal may be declared immediately due and payable.

On December 5, 2016, the Agency participated in a partial defeasance of the 2011 Tax Allocation Bonds. The Agency's remaining bonds are payable through August 1, 2024.

The following is a schedule of the future estimated minimum payments related to the 2011 Bonds at June 30, 2022:

	2011 Tax Allocation Refunding Bond												
Fiscal Years Ending June 30	F	Principal		nterest		Total							
2023	\$	70,000	\$	11,925	\$	81,925							
2024		70,000		7,288		77,288							
2025		75,000		2,484		77,484							
Totals	\$	215,000	\$	21,697	\$	236,697							

### NOTE 19 – LEMOORE REDEVELOPMENT SUCCESSOR AGENCY PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND (Continued)

#### C. Long-term Liabilities (Continued)

#### 2014 RDA Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds

The Agency issued \$15,855,465 of its Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds on June 27, 2014 (the 2014 Bonds) to currently fund \$4,160,427 and \$10,269,654 of the Agency's remaining issuances of the 1998 RDA Tax Allocation Refunding Bond and the 2003 RDA Tax Allocations Refunding Bonds, and to fund issuance costs and a reserve account. Beginning February 1, 2015, interest and principal on the 2014 Bonds is payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 of each year at an interest rate of 3.960% per annum. Debt Service payments of the 2014 Bonds are secured by a pledge of the property tax revenue increments collected on properties within the redevelopment project area. The debt agreement requires a reserve account to be held by the trustee. The final payment of the loan is scheduled for August 1, 2033. There is a provision within the bond agreement whereby in the event of default, the principal may be declared due and payable. Such declaration and its consequences may be rescinded and annulled as further provided in the indenture.

The following is a schedule of the future estimated minimum payments related to the 2014 Bonds at June 30, 2022.

	2014 Tax Allocation Refunding Bond												
Fiscal Years Ending June 30		Principal		Interest		Total							
2022	ф	704 007	<b>ው</b>	400 470	Ф	4 404 770							
2023	\$	761,297	\$	433,473	\$	1,194,770							
2024		795,281		402,652		1,197,933							
2025		828,686		370,498		1,199,184							
2026		851,491		337,230		1,188,721							
2027		880,336		302,940		1,183,276							
2028-2032		4,947,189		953,059		5,900,248							
2033-2036		2,262,647		90,390		2,353,037							
Totals	\$	11,326,927	\$	2,890,242	\$	14,217,169							

#### Leprino Owner Participation Agreement Obligation

On March 7, 2000, the Agency entered into an owner participation agreement with Leprino Foods Company (Leprino) whereby Leprino was to construct a dairy and related products manufacturing and storage facility within the redevelopment project area. The City was to reimburse Leprino \$3 million for the cost of the infrastructure improvements which contributed to the elimination of blight in the project area. Subsequently, due to an expansion of the project scope requiring Leprino to increase its investment from \$125 million to more the \$250 million, the Agency's reimbursement obligation increased to \$6 million, payable in 10 annual installments of \$600,000 each year, subject to the Leprino facility having an assessed value in excess of \$250 million and verification of actual infrastructure costs incurred by Leprino. During the June 30, 2013 fiscal year, a final payment of \$1,613,666 was made. This payment was adjusted from \$600,000 because the facility's assessed value was \$413 million.

On September 4, 2007, the Agency entered into an amendment to the Owner Participation Agreement with Leprino Foods Company (Leprino). Leprino has decided to expand the production capacity of the plant to permit the increase in the milk received on a daily basis from its current level of 6,000,000 pounds of milk per day, to install additional packaging capacity and make other process improvements. The 2007 Expansion Project includes the completion of the addition work at the Expanded Wastewater Pretreatment System.

### NOTE 19 - LEMOORE REDEVELOPMENT SUCCESSOR AGENCY PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND (Continued)

#### C. Long-term Liabilities (Continued)

#### Leprino Owner Participation Agreement Obligation (Continued)

The City incurred an additional liability of approximately \$6 million for wastewater improvements at the Leprino plant and this liability has been paid from the additional tax increments that the plant would generate based on this expansion. Payments on the liability are being deferred until Kings County completes a reassessment of the value of Leprino Foods Company. At which time, the amount of the City's liability will be reassessed. As of June 30, 2022, a reassessment had not been received from Kings County.

The total liability to Leprino Foods Company at June 30, 2022 was \$76,501.

#### NOTE 20 - RESTATEMENT OF BEGINNING NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE

#### A. Prior Period Adjustments

#### Governmental and Business-Type Activities

Beginning net position of the Governmental Activities in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and certain account balances not affecting net position in the Business-Type Activities has been restated to record a change in accounting principle as presented in the reconciliation below:

Description	G	overnmental Activities	Вı	usiness-Type Activities	Total		
Net position, as previously reported, June 30, 2021	\$	91,197,743	\$ 50,113,203		\$	141,310,946	
Change in Accounting Principle: Record beginning balances related to implementation of GASB 87 - Leases							
Lease receivable		370.034		389,013		759,047	
Capital assets, net		22,687		-		22,687	
Unearned revenue		139,616		23,500		163,116	
Lease liability		(23,298)		-		(23,298)	
Deferred inflows of resources - lease related		(507,851)		(419,111)		(926,962)	
Total change in accounting principle		1,188		(6,598)		(5,410)	
Net position, as restated, June 30, 2021	\$	91,198,931	\$	50,106,605	\$	141,305,536	

#### NOTE 20 - RESTATEMENT OF BEGINNING NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE (Continued)

#### A. Prior Period Adjustments (Continued)

#### Fund Financial Statements

The beginning fund balances/net position of the funds identified below have been restated to record a change in accounting principle as presented in the reconciliation below:

	Gove	rnmental Fund	Enterprise Funds							
Description		eneral Fund		Sewer	Refuse					
Fund balance/net position, as previously reported, June 30, 2021	\$	7,904,718	\$	21,845,115	\$	2,213,668				
Change in Accounting Principle:										
Record beginning balances related to										
implementation of GASB 87 - Leases										
Lease receivable		370,034		244,154		144,859				
Unearned revenue		139,616		14,750		8,750				
Deferred inflows of resources - lease related	-	(507,851)		(263,093)		(156,018)				
Total change in accounting principle		1,799		(4,189)		(2,409)				
Fund balance/net position, as restated, June 30, 2021	\$	7,906,517	\$	21,840,926	\$	2,211,259				

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## CITY OF LEMOORE GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Budgeted	d Am	ount			Va	ariance with
		Original		Final		Actual	Fi	nal Budget
DEVENUES								
REVENUES Property taxes	\$	2,746,000	\$	2,746,000	\$	3,155,958	\$	409,958
Other taxes	Ψ	7,771,300	Ψ	7,771,300	Ψ	8,253,590	Ψ	482,290
Licenses and permits		622,555		622,555		1,129,265		506,710
Charges for services		329,600		329,600		517,835		188,235
Intergovernmental		194,000		194,000		6,786,180		6,592,180
Fees and assessments		6,025		6,025		74,615		68,590
Use of money and property		389,805		389,805		208,734		(181,071)
Other revenue		27,525		27,525		388,857		361,332
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				<del>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </del>
Total revenues		12,086,810		12,086,810		20,515,034		8,428,224
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		2,339,062		819,663		858,247		(38,584)
Public safety		8,348,212		9,276,398		8,987,754		288,644
Public works		2,978,464		1,648,936		1,634,290		14,646
Community development		570,633		672,906		535,255		137,651
Parks and recreation		400,283		704,637		673,172		31,465
Capital outlay		559,992		384,869		286,319		98,550
Debt service:								
Principal		-		-		12,559		(12,559)
Interest	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	_	1,785		(1,785)
Total expenditures	_	15,196,646		13,507,409		12,989,381		518,028
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		(3,109,836)		(1,420,599)		7,525,653		8,946,252
(under) experiances	_	(0,100,000)		(1,12,000)		.,,		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Lease proceeds		(00,000)		(20,000)		102,710		102,710
Transfers out		(63,209)		(30,000)		(411,020)		(381,020)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(63,209)		(30,000)		(308,310)		(278,310)
Net changes in fund balances		(3,173,045)		(1,450,599)		7,217,343		8,667,942
Fund balances - beginning, restated		7,906,517		7,906,517	_	7,906,517		
Fund balances - ending	\$	4,733,472	\$	6,455,918	\$	15,123,860	\$	8,667,942

## CITY OF LEMOORE STREETS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budge	ted Amount		Variance with			
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget			
REVENUES Intergovernmental Use of money and property	\$ 1,126,123 ————————————————————————————————————	\$ 1,126,123 \$ 1,126,123 \$ 1,154, 		\$ 28,761 3,853			
Total revenues	1,126,123	1,126,123	1,158,737	32,614			
EXPENDITURES  Current: Public works  Capital outlay	7,317 1,200,000	,	401,326 808,094	145,991 191,906			
Total expenditures	1,207,317	7 1,547,317	1,209,420	337,897			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(81,194	4) (421,194)	(50,683)	370,511			
Fund balances - beginning	3,271,363	3,271,363	3,271,363				
Fund balances - ending	\$ 3,190,169	9 \$ 2,850,169	\$ 3,220,680	\$ 370,511			

## CITY OF LEMOORE LEMOORE HOUSING AUTHORITY FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Budgeted	d Am	ount		Variance with		
	Original			Final	Actual	Fin	al Budget	
REVENUES								
Loan repayments	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 43,685	\$	43,685	
Other revenue		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	 75		75	
Total revenues		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 43,760		43,760	
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Community development		12,600		24,100	 18,990		5,110	
Total expenditures		12,600		24,100	 18,990		5,110	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		(12,600)		(24,100)	24,770		48,870	
Fund balances - beginning		3,404,740		3,404,740	 3,404,740		<u>-</u>	
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$</u>	3,392,140	\$	3,380,640	\$ 3,429,510	\$	48,870	

### CITY OF LEMOORE NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 1 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### A. Budgetary Information

Budgets are established by department and approved by the City Council. The budgets are then managed and controlled by department heads under the supervision of the City Manager. Budgets are adopted annually for the General Funds, special revenue funds, capital projects funds, enterprise funds, and internal service funds. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for these funds. The annual budgets are prepared on the basis of accounting utilized by the fund.

A two-year capital projects budget is prepared in even years for approval by the City Council and updated in odd years. Capital projects are funded by capital projects funds, impact fees, operating accounts, grant proceeds or loan proceeds.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level. The City Manager is authorized to make budget transfers between accounts within any department. The City Council may transfer funds from reserves to departments or enterprise activities as deemed appropriate during the fiscal year.

#### **B.** Budgetary Information

The City incurred expenditures in excess of appropriations in the following amounts for the year ended June 30, 2022:

General Fund:

Current:

General government \$ 38,584

Debt service:

 Principal
 \$ 12,559

 Interest
 \$ 1,785

The expenditures in excess of appropriations were covered by available fund balance.

# CITY OF LEMOORE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION COST-SHARING MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST 10 YEARS\* AS OF JUNE 30, 2022

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.1197%	0.1160%	0.1224%	0.1245%	0.1272%	0.1308%	0.1354%	0.1574%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 7,519,752	\$ 7,960,168	\$ 10,592,376	\$ 12,347,424	\$ 12,253,736	\$ 13,403,737	\$ 14,736,592	\$ 8,510,430
Covered payroll	\$ 5,076,165	\$ 5,273,173	\$ 5,467,395	\$ 5,850,364	\$ 6,279,086	\$ 7,373,773	\$ 6,963,862	\$ 6,520,865
Proportionate Share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll	148.14%	150.96%	193.74%	211.05%	195.15%	181.78%	211.62%	130.51%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	81.49%	80.97%	76.05%	74.96%	76.25%	75.85%	74.63%	85.91%

#### Notes to Schedule:

Change in Benefit Terms None

Changes of Assumptions - None

<sup>\*</sup>Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

# CITY OF LEMOORE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION COST-SHARING MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS LAST 10 YEARS\* AS OF JUNE 30, 2022

	201	4	2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	. ,	3,489	,,	\$	1,088,741	\$	1,035,775	\$	1,316,527	\$	1,577,783	\$	1,728,021	\$	1,796,407	\$	1,954,698
determined contributions	1,048	3,489	1,067,105	Φ	1,088,741	<b></b>	1,035,775	Φ	1,316,527	Φ	1,577,783	•	1,728,021	<b></b>	1,796,407	•	1,954,698
Contribution deficiency (excess)	φ		-	Φ		Ф		Ф		Φ		φ		Ф		ф	<u> </u>
Covered payroll	\$ 5,076	6,165	5,273,173	\$	5,467,395	\$	5,850,364	\$	6,279,086	\$	7,373,773	\$	6,963,862	\$	6,520,865	\$	6,442,201
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	20	0.66%	20.24%		19.91%		17.70%		20.97%		21.40%		24.81%		27.55%		30.34%

<sup>\*</sup>Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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#### CITY OF LEMOORE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

#### **Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds**

The **Special Revenue Funds** are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

The **Grants Fund** is used to account for the City's receipts and expenditures of the state, federal, and other grants.

The **Lemoore Sports Complex Fund** is used to account for rehabilitation of the Lemoore Sports Complex.

The **Traffic Safety Fund** is used to account for proceeds of traffic citations, which may be used for programs promoting traffic safety, such as street improvements, striping, and the like.

The **Local Transportation Fund** is used to account for the maintenance and construction of roadways and for specialized engineering services using transportation development act funds.

The **Maintenance Assessment District Fund** is used to account for City maintenance costs relating to the public improvements within the assessment district area.

The **TE/STP Exchange Fund** is used to account for projects undertaken with federal streets transportation and planning funds received by the City through the State of California.

The **Downtown Improvement Fund** is used to account for economic development and revitalization endeavors by local businesses in the downtown area.

#### Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

The **Capital Projects Funds** are established to account for resources used for the acquisition and construction of capital facilities by the City, except for those financed for enterprise funds.

The **Street Improvement Fund** is used to account for improvements to local streets and roads using developer fees, grant proceeds, and other sources designated by the City Council for this purpose.

The **Recreation Improvement Fund** is used to account for the revenue from developer fees to be used for acquisition and development of parks and recreation facilities.

The **Facility Infrastructure Fund** is used to account for improvements to City buildings and improvements using developer fees, grant proceeds, and other sources designated by the City Council for this purpose.

The Capital Improvement Fees Fund is used to account for miscellaneous capital projects using developer fees.

The **Traffic Signal Fund** is used to account for the construction of traffic signals and other related projects.

#### CITY OF LEMOORE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	 Combined Special Revenue Funds	_	Combined Capital Projects Funds	G	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 10,027,777	\$	7,226,940	\$	17,254,717
Receivables:	5 407		0.004		0.004
Interest	5,167		3,924		9,091
Notes	2,022,635 1,146,855		147,410 130,054		2,170,045 1,276,909
Intergovernmental	 1,140,000	_	130,034		1,270,909
Total assets	\$ 13,202,434	\$	7,508,328	\$	20,710,762
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 21,944	\$	309,586	\$	331,530
Retainage payable	5,198		14,666		19,864
Due to other funds	 102,933		<u> </u>		102,933
Total liabilities	 130,075	_	324,252		454,327
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenue - loans	 2,022,635		147,410		2,170,045
Total deferred inflows of resources	 2,022,635	_	147,410		2,170,045
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted:					
Public works	6,112,443		_		6,112,443
Community development	4,924,835		-		4,924,835
Parks and recreation	5,300		-		5,300
Capital projects and improvements	 7,146	_	7,036,666		7,043,812
Total fund balances	 11,049,724	_	7,036,666		18,086,390
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 13,202,434	\$	7,508,328	\$	20,710,762

## CITY OF LEMOORE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	_	Combined Special Revenue Funds		Combined Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
REVENUES					
Licenses and permits	\$	9,875	\$	-	\$ 9,875
Intergovernmental		1,130,976		130,054	1,261,030
Fees and assessments		758,752		140,178	898,930
Use of money and property		10,758		8,204	18,962
Other revenue		5,300			 5,300
Total revenues		1,915,661		278,436	 2,194,097
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government		14,856		-	14,856
Public safety		80,806		-	80,806
Public works		18,945		-	18,945
Community development		401,072		-	401,072
Capital outlay		125,499		398,392	 523,891
Total expenditures		641,178		398,392	 1,039,570
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures		1,274,483		(119,956)	 1,154,527
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in		19,160		240,000	259,160
Transfers out		(240,000)	_	<u>-</u>	 (240,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(220,840)		240,000	 19,160
Net changes in fund balances		1,053,643		120,044	1,173,687
Fund balances - beginning		9,996,081		6,916,622	 16,912,703
Fund balances - ending	\$	11,049,724	\$	7,036,666	\$ 18,086,390

#### CITY OF LEMOORE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

		Grants Fund		Lemoore Sports Complex		Traffic Safety Fund	Tr	Local ansportation Fund		aintenance ssessment District Fund		TE/STP Exchange Fund	_	Downtown provement Fund		Totals
ASSETS  Cash and investments	\$	579,640	\$	-	\$	398,315	\$	3,516,554	\$	4,358,232	\$	1,167,474	\$	7,562	\$	10,027,777
Receivables: Interest		-		-		221		1,879		2,412		651		4		5,167
Notes Intergovernmental		2,022,635	_	108,233		3,492		842,278		5,97 <u>5</u>		186,877	_			2,022,635 1,146,855
Total assets	\$	2,602,275	\$	108,233	\$	402,028	\$	4,360,711	\$	4,366,619	\$	1,355,002	\$	7,566	\$	13,202,434
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$		\$	_	\$		\$	100	Φ.	21,424	Φ.		\$	420	\$	21,944
Retainage payable  Due to other funds	Ψ		Ψ	102,933	Ψ		Ψ	5,198 -	Ψ	-	Ψ		Ψ	-	Ψ	5,198 102,933
Total liabilities			_	102,933		<u>-</u>	_	5,298	_	21,424	_			420	_	130,075
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES																
Unavailable revenue - loans	_	2,022,635	_			<u> </u>	_		_		_	<u>-</u>	_		_	2,022,635
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,022,635		<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	_				_	<u>-</u>	_			2,022,635
FUND BALANCES Restricted:																
Public works		_		-		402,028		4,355,413		-		1,355,002		-		6,112,443
Community development		579,640		-		-		-		4,345,195		-		-		4,924,835
Parks and recreation Capital projects and improvements		<u>-</u>		5,300		<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		7,146		5,300 7,146
Total fund balances		579,640	_	5,300		402,028	_	4,355,413		4,345,195		1,355,002		7,146		11,049,724
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	2,602,275	\$	108,233	\$	402,028	\$	4,360,711	\$	4,366,619	\$	1,355,002	\$	7,566	\$	13,202,434

# CITY OF LEMOORE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 Grants Fund	S	moore ports mplex	S	raffic afety <sup>-</sup> und	Tra	Local Insportation Fund		aintenance ssessment District Fund	E	TE/STP cchange Fund	Impro	vntown ovement Fund		Totals
REVENUES Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Fees and assessments Use of money and property Other revenue	\$ - - - - -	\$	108,233 - - 5,300	\$	20,628 482	\$	835,866 - 3,977	\$	- - 738,124 4,783 -	\$	186,877 - 1,501	\$	9,875 - - 15 -	\$	9,875 1,130,976 758,752 10,758 5,300
Total revenues	 		113,533		21,110		839,843		742,907		188,378		9,890		1,915,661
EXPENDITURES  Current: General government Public safety Public works Community development Capital outlay	 - - - - -		- - - 108,233 108,233		80,806 - 12,068 92,874		14,810 - 5,198 20,008		401,072 401,072		4,135 - - - - 4,135		14,856 - - - - - - 14,856		14,856 80,806 18,945 401,072 125,499
Total expenditures  Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures			5,300		(71,764)		819,835		341,835		184,243		(4,966)		1,274,483
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	 <u>-</u>		- -		<u>-</u>		- 		19,160 <u>-</u>		(240,000)		- -		19,160 (240,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 						<u>-</u>		19,160		(240,000)			_	(220,840)
Net change in fund balances	-		5,300		(71,764)		819,835		360,995		(55,757)		(4,966)		1,053,643
Fund balances - beginning	 579,640				473,792		3,535,578	_	3,984,200		1,410,759		12,112	_	9,996,081
Fund balances - ending	\$ 579,640	\$	5,300	\$	402,028	\$	4,355,413	\$	4,345,195	\$	1,355,002	\$	7,146	\$	11,049,724

#### CITY OF LEMOORE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	Street Improvement Fund		Recreation Improvement Fund		Facility Infrastructure Fund		Capital Improvement Fees Fund		Traffic Signal Fund			Totals
ASSETS												
Cash and investments	\$	290,596	\$	2,931,447	\$	453,712	\$	3,352,699	\$	198,486	\$	7,226,940
Receivables: Interest		69		1,629		252		1,864		110		3,924
Notes		-		39,070		-		108,340		-		147,410
Intergovernmental		130,054		<del>-</del>			_				_	130,054
Total assets	\$	420,719	\$	2,972,146	\$	453,964	\$	3,462,903	\$	198,596	\$	7,508,328
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$	309,586	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	309,586
Retainage payable		14,666	_				_					14,666
Total liabilities		324,252						<u>-</u>				324,252
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Unavailable revenue - loans		<u>-</u>		39,070	_			108,340		<u>-</u>		147,410
Total deferred inflows of resources				39,070				108,340				147,410
FUND BALANCES												
Restricted:												
Capital projects and improvements		96,467	_	2,933,076		453,964	_	3,354,563		198,596	_	7,036,666
Total fund balances		96,467		2,933,076		453,964		3,354,563		198,596		7,036,666
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of												
resources, and fund balances	\$	420,719	\$	2,972,146	\$	453,964	\$	3,462,903	\$	198,596	\$	7,508,328

# CITY OF LEMOORE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Street Improvement Fund		Recreation Improvement Fund		Facility Infrastructure Fund		Capital Improvement Fees Fund		Traffic Signal Fund		Totals	
REVENUES Intergovernmental Fees and assessments Use of money and property	\$ 130,054 - 144	\$	2,234 3,393	\$	5 - - 525	\$	137,944 3,912	\$	- - 230	\$	130,054 140,178 8,204	
Total revenues	 130,198	_	5,627		525	_	141,856		230	_	278,436	
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay	 398,392			_			<del>-</del>				398,392	
Total expenditures  Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	398,392		<del>-</del>	_	<del>-</del>		<u>-</u>		<del>-</del>		398,392	
(under) expenditures	 (268,194)		5,627	_	525		141,856		230		(119,956)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	 240,000		<u> </u>	_	<del>_</del>		<del>_</del>		<u>-</u>		240,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 240,000		<u>-</u>	_		-					240,000	
Net change in fund balances	(28,194)		5,627		525		141,856		230		120,044	
Fund balances - beginning	 124,661		2,927,449	_	453,439		3,212,707		198,366		6,916,622	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 96,467	\$	2,933,076	\$	453,964	\$	3,354,563	\$	198,596	\$	7,036,666	

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#### CITY OF LEMOORE FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

#### **Fiduciary Funds**

The **Trust and Custodial Funds** are used to account for assets held by a governmental unit in a trustee capacity and/or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and /or other funds. These include Successor Agency private purpose trust funds and custodial funds.

#### **Private Purpose Trust Funds**

The Lemoore Redevelopment Successor Agency Debt Service Fund is used to retire debt obligations.

The Lemoore Redevelopment Successor Agency Capital Projects Fund is used to account for Successor Agency activities approved in the ROPS.

#### **Custodial Funds**

The **School and County Impact Fees Fund** is a passthrough fund used to account for impact fees collected on behalf of Kings County and Lemoore Unified School District.

The **Laguna Irrigation Fund** is used to account for an agreement to benefit water recharge or to purchase water on behalf of the Laguna Irrigation District.

The **Kings Area Rural Transit Fund** is a passthrough fund used to account for bus fees collected on behalf of the Kings County Area Public Transit Agency.

## CITY OF LEMOORE COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	Lemoore Redevelopment Successor Agency Debt Service Fund	Lemoore Redevelopment Successor Agency Capital Projects Fund	Total Lemoore Redevelopment Successor Agency Private-Purpose Trust Funds
ASSETS			
Cash	\$ -	\$ 1,015,578	\$ 1,015,578
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents	1,460,819	-	1,460,819
Advances to City of Lemoore	-	1,812,380	1,812,380
Notes receivable	-	1,033,918	1,033,918
Land held for resale	<u> </u>	18,742	18,742
Total assets	1,460,819	3,880,618	5,341,437
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	-	156	156
Payable to State Department of Finance	-	-	-
Due to other governments	-	179,802	179,802
Interest payable	192,829	-	192,829
Long-term liabilities:			
Due within one year	831,297	-	831,297
Due in more than one year	10,658,018	76,501	10,734,519
Total liabilities	11,682,144	256,459	11,938,603
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)			
Restricted for:			
Net position (deficit) held in trust for the retirement of obligations of the Lemoore Successor Agency to the			
former Lemoore Redevelopment Agency	(10,221,325)	3,624,159	(6,597,166)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (10,221,325)	\$ 3,624,159	\$ (6,597,166)

## CITY OF LEMOORE COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Lemoore Redevelopment Successor Agency Debt Service Fund	Lemoore Redevelopment Successor Agency Capital Projects Fund	Total Lemoore Redevelopment Successor Agency Private-Purpose Trust Funds
ADDITIONS Investment earnings: Interest, dividends, and other	\$ 10,063	\$ 13,526	\$ 23,589
Net investment earnings	10,063	13,526	23,589
Collections on behalf of other governments: Property taxes	<del>_</del>	1,274,069	1,274,069
Total collections on behalf of other governments:	<del>-</del>	1,274,069	1,274,069
Total additions	10,063	1,287,595	1,297,658
DEDUCTIONS  Administrative expense Interest expense Bad debt Payments to other governments Interfund transfers	492,527 - - (1,409,628)	48,564 - 42,859 161,752 1,409,628	48,564 492,527 42,859 161,752
Total deductions	(917,101)	1,662,803	745,702
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	927,164	(375,208)	551,956
Net position (deficit) - beginning	(11,148,489)	3,999,367	(7,149,122)
Net position (deficit) - ending	\$ (10,221,325)	\$ 3,624,159	\$ (6,597,166)

## CITY OF LEMOORE COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	School and County Impact Fees		Laguna Irrigation District		Kings Area Rural Transit	Total Custodial Funds		
ASSETS								
Cash	\$	12,892	\$	121,408	\$ 170	\$	134,470	
Other assets				28,800	<del>-</del>		28,800	
Total assets		12,892		150,208	170		163,270	
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable		-		-	170		170	
Impact fees payable		12,892					12,892	
Total liabilities		12,892			170		13,062	
NET POSITION								
Restricted for:				150,208			150,208	
Organizations and other governments	-	<u>-</u>		130,200			130,200	
Total net position	\$		\$	150,208	\$ -	\$	150,208	

## CITY OF LEMOORE COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	School and County Impact Fees	Laguna Irrigation District	Kings Area Rural Transit	Total Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS Investment earnings:	•	Φ 000		Φ 000
Interest, dividends, and other	<u> </u>	\$ 220	\$ -	\$ 220
Net investment earnings	<u>-</u>	220	<del>_</del>	220
Collections on behalf of other governments: Impact Fees Other	19,237 	<u> </u>	610	19,237 610
Total collections on behalf of other governments	19,237		610	19,847
Total additions	19,237	220	610	20,067
DEDUCTIONS				
Payments to other governments Other expenses	19,237 	1,374	610	19,847 1,374
Total deductions	19,237	1,374	610	21,221
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	-	(1,154)	-	(1,154)
Net position - beginning		151,362		151,362
Net position - ending	\$ -	\$ 150,208	\$ -	\$ 150,208